

产 品 规 格 书

Product Specification

Model Name (产品名称)		TFT-LCD Module	
Part Number (产品型号)		JT170SVI30R7L01	
Item (项目)	Prepared (拟制)	Checked (审核)	Approved (批准)
Signature (签名)			
Date (日期)			
Note (备注)			
Customer: (客户)			
		Signature (签名)	
		Date (日期)	

Revision Record

Version	Issued Date	Page	Old Description	New Description
01	2019-07-13	\	Initial release	\

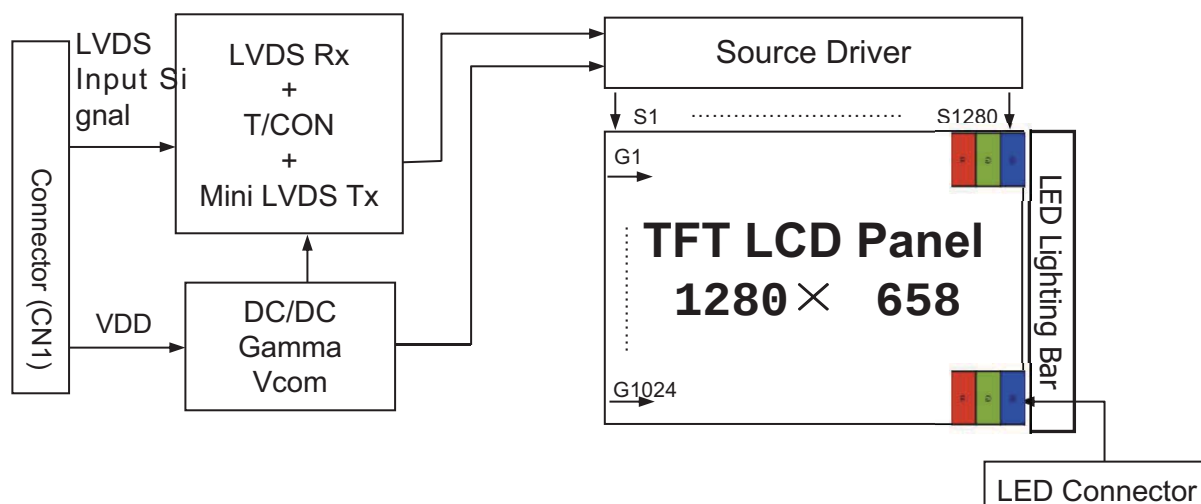
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1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 Introduction

This is a color active matrix TFT LCD module using amorphous silicon TFT's (Thin Film Transistors) as an active switching devices. This module has a 17 inch diagonally measured active area with SXGA resolutions (1280 horizontal by 658 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into RED, GREEN, BLUE dots which are arranged in vertical stripe and this module can display 16.7M colors. The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is adapted for a low reflection and higher color type.



1.2 Features

- LVDS Interface with 2 pixel / clock
- High-speed response
- 6-bit (Hi-FRC) color depth, display 16.7M colors
- Incorporated edge type back-light (LED)
- NTSC 72%
- High luminance and contrast ratio, low reflection and wide viewing angle
- DE (Data Enable) only
- RoHS/Halogen Free
- E/S 7.0 compliant
- Gamma Correction

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1.3 Application

- Desktop Type of PC & Workstation Use
- Slim-Size Display for Stand-alone Monitor
- Display Terminals for Control System
- Monitors for Process Controller

1.4 General Specification

The followings are general specifications at the model .

<Table 1. General Specifications>

Parameter	Specification	Unit	Remarks
Active area	374.78(H)X193(V)	mm	
Number of pixels	1280(H) × 658(V)	pixels	
Pixel pitch	0.0976(H) x 0.2928(V)	mm	
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe		
Display colors	16.7M	colors	
Display mode	Normally Black		
Dimensional outline	395.2(H)X217.16(V)X13.5(D)typ	mm	Detail refer to drawing
Weight	TBD (Typ.)	g	
Bezel width (L/R/U/D)	8.2/8.2/10.5/10.5	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 25%, 3H		
Back-light	Right edge side, 1-LED Lighting Bar type		

2.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

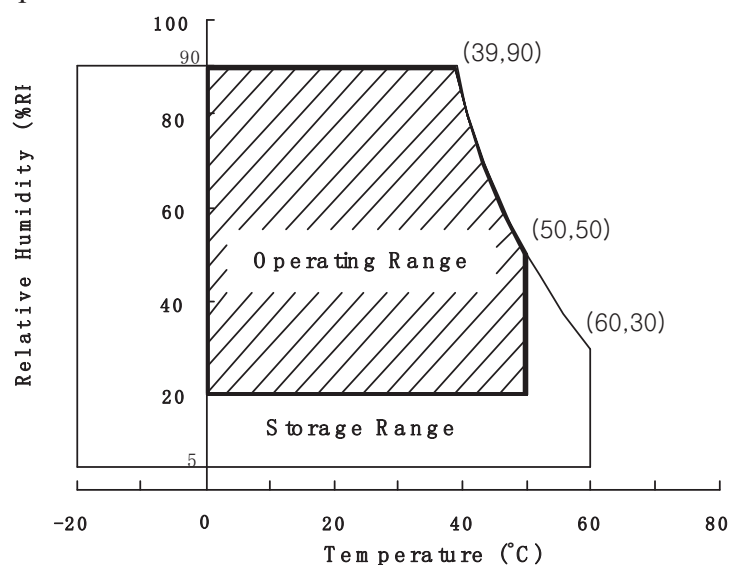
The followings are maximum values which, if exceed, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit. The operational and non-operational maximum voltage and current values are listed in Table 2.

< Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings> [VSS=GND=0V]

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	6.0	V	Ta = 25 °C
Logic Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	VSS-0.3	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V	
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0	+50	°C	1)
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	°C	1)
Panel Surface Temperature (Operation)	Tsurface	0	+65	°C	2)

Note : 1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C max. and no condensation of water.



Note : 2) Panel Surface Temperature should be Min. 0°C and Max. +65°C under the VDD = 5.0V, Frame rate = 60Hz, 25°C ambient Temp. no humidity control and LED string current is typical value.

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3.0 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Electrical Specifications

< Table 3. Electrical specifications >

[Ta =25±2 °C]

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	Note1
Power Supply Current	I _{DD}	-	600	1100	mA	
In-Rush Current	I _{RUSH}	-	2.0	3.0	A	Note 2
Permissible Input Ripple Voltage	V _{RF}	-	-	300	mV	Note 4
High Level Differential Input Threshold Voltage	V _{IH}	-	-	+100	mV	
Low Level Differential Input Threshold Voltage	V _{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Differential input voltage	V _{ID}	200	-	600	mV	
Differential input common mode voltage	V _{cm}	1.0	1.2	1.5		V _{IH} =100mV, V _{IL} =-100mV
Power Consumption	P _D	-	3	5.5	W	
	P _{BL}	-	8.55	9.12	W	Note 3
	P _{total}	-	11.55	14.62	W	

Notes : 1. The supply voltage is measured and specified at the interface connector of LCM.

The current draw and power consumption specified is for VDD=5.0V, Frame rate=75Hz

Clock frequency = 92.89 MHz. Test Pattern of power supply current

a) Typ : Color Test

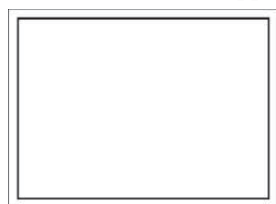
b) Max : Vertical Subline255



Notes : 2. Duration of rush current is about 2 ms and rising time of VDD is 520 μs ± 20 %

Notes : 3. Calculated value for reference (Input pins*VPIN × IPIN) excluding inverter loss.

Notes : 4. Permissible Input ripple Voltage should be measured under V_{DD} =5.0V, 25°C, fV(frame frequency)=MAX condition(@ Gray level 255 Gray level 0) and At that time, we recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is to be under 20Mhz. Ripple Voltage should be covered by Input voltage Spec.



Gray level 255



Gray level 0

3.2 LED Light Bar

Parameter			Symbol	Values			Unit	notes
				Min	Typ	Max		
LED Driver :								
Power Supply Input Voltage			VBL	10.2	12.0	13.8	Vdc	1
Power Supply Input Current			IBL	-	1.01	1.212	A	1
Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)			In-rush	-	-	(TBD)	A	VBL = 12.0V ExtV _{BR-B} = 100% 3
Power Consumption			PBL	-	11.9	14.28	W	1
Input Voltage for Control System Signals	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.5	Vdc	
		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.5	Vdc	
	Brightness Adjust		ExtV _{BR-B}	30	-	100	%	On Duty 5
				30	-	100	%	
	ExtV _{BR-B} Frequency		f _{PWM}	500	-	1500	Hz	
	Pulse Duty Level (PWM)		High Level	2.5	-	5.5	Vdc	HIGH : on duty LOW : off duty
			Low Level	0.0	-	0.5	Vdc	
LED :								
Life Time				30,000	50,000		Hrs	2

4.0 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 Overview

The test of Optical specifications shall be measured in a dark room (ambient luminance ≤ 1 lux and temperature = $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$) with the equipment of Luminance meter system (Goniometer system and TOPCONE BM-5) and test unit shall be located at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Θ and Φ equal to 0° . We refer to $\Theta_{0=0}$ ($=\Theta_3$) as the 3 o'clock direction (the "right"), $\Theta_{0=90}$ ($=\Theta_{12}$) as the 12 o'clock direction ("upward"), $\Theta_{0=180}$ ($=\Theta_9$) as the 9 o'clock direction ("left") and $\Theta_{0=270}$ ($=\Theta_6$) as the 6 o'clock direction ("bottom"). While scanning Θ and/or Φ , the center of the measuring spot on the Display surface shall stay fixed. The measurement shall be executed after 30 minutes warm-up period. VDD shall be 5.0V $\pm 10\%$ at 25°C . Optimum viewing angle direction is 6 'clock.

4.2 Optical Specifications

[VDD = 5.0V, Frame rate = 60Hz, Clock = 74.25MHz, $I_{BL} = 190\text{mA}$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$]

< Table 5. Module Optical >

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing Angle range	Horizontal	Θ_3	CR > 10	85	89	-	Deg.	Note 1
		Θ_9		85	89	-	Deg.	
	Vertical	Θ_{12}		85	89	-	Deg.	
		Θ_6		85	89	-	Deg.	
Luminance Contrast ratio		CR	$\Theta = 0^\circ$ (Center) Normal Viewing Angle	700	1000	-		Note 2
Luminance of White		Y_w		630	700	-	cd $^{-2}$	Note 3
White luminance uniformity		ΔY		75	-	-	%	Note 4
Reproduction of color	White	W_x		0.283	0.313	0.343	-	Note 5
		W_y		0.299	0.329	0.359	-	
	Red	R_x		0.605	0.635	0.665	-	
		R_y		0.320	0.350	0.380	-	
	Green	G_x		0.295	0.325	0.355	-	
		G_y		0.599	0.629	0.659	-	
	Blue	B_x		0.121	0.151	0.181	-	
		B_y		0.016	0.046	0.076	-	
Response Time	GTG	T_g		-	14	20	ms	Note 6
	Rising	T_r		-	8	11	ms	
	Falling	T_f		-	8	11	ms	
Cross Talk		CT			-	-	2.0	%

Note :

- Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface.
- Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\theta = 0^\circ$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (See FIGURE 1 shown in Appendix) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically.

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

- Center Luminance of white is defined as the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white. This measurement shall be taken at the locations shown in FIGURE 2 for a total of the measurements per display.
- The White luminance uniformity on LCD surface is then expressed as :
 $\Delta Y = (\text{Minimum Luminance of 9points} / \text{Maximum Luminance of 9points}) * 100$
 (See FIGURE 2 shown in Appendix).
- The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table 5. shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.
- Response time T_g is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal as below table and is based on Frame rate $f_V = 60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.
 Each time in below table is defined as FIGURE 3 shown in Appendix and shall be measured by switching the signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".
 Response time T_r shall be measured by switching the signal from "0 level of gray" to "255 level of gray" in FIGURE 3 shown in Appendix. And response time T_f shall be measured by switching the signal from "255 level of gray" to "0 level of gray" in FIGURE 3 shown in Appendix.

Measured Response Time	Target																
	0	15	31	47	63	79	95	111	127	143	159	175	191	207	223	239	255
Start	0																
	15																
	31																
	47																
	63																
	79																
	95																
	111																
	127																
	143																
	159																
	175																
	191																
	207																
	223																
	239																
255																	

- Cross-Talk of one area of the LCD surface by another shall be measured by comparing the luminance (Y_A) of a 25mm diameter area, with all display pixels set to a gray level, to the luminance (Y_B) of that same area when any adjacent area is driven dark. (See FIGURE 4 shown in Appendix).

5.0 INTERFACE CONNECTION.

5.1 Electrical Interface Connection

- CN11 Module Side Connector : UJU IS100-L30R-C23or Equivalent
User Side Connector : JAE FI-X30H or Equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	RXO0-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 0 (ODD)	
2	RXO0+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 0 (ODD)	
3	RXO1-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 1 (ODD)	
4	RXO1+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 1 (ODD)	
5	RXO2-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 2 (ODD)	
6	RXO2+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 2 (ODD)	
7	GND	Power Ground	
8	RXOC-	Negative Transmission Clock (ODD)	
9	RXOC+	Positive Transmission Clock (ODD)	
10	RXO3-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 3 (ODD)	
11	RXO3+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 3 (ODD)	
12	RXE0-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 0 (EVEN)	
13	RXE0+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 0 (EVEN)	
14	GND	Power Ground	
15	RXE1-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 1 (EVEN)	
16	RXE1+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 1 (EVEN)	
17	GNG	Power Ground	
18	RXE2-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 2 (EVEN)	
19	RXE2+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 2 (EVEN)	
20	RXEC-	Negative Transmission Clock (EVEN)	
21	RXEC+	Positive Transmission Clock (EVEN)	
22	RXE3-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 3 (EVEN)	
23	RXE3+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 3 (EVEN)	
24	GND	Power Ground	Note 1
25	NC	No. Connection	
26	NC	No. Connection	
27	NC	No. Connection	
28	VDD	Power Supply: +5V	
29	VDD		
30	VDD		

Note 1 : This pin should be connected with GND.

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5.2 LVDS Interface (Tx; THC63LVDF83A or Equivalent)

5.2.1 LVDS Interface

	Input Signal	Transmitter		Interface		MV190E0M-N10 (CN11)	Remark
		Pin No.	Pin No.	System (Tx)	TFT-LCD (Rx)	Pin No.	
L V D S	OR0	51	48 47	OUT0- OUT0+	RXO0- RXO0+	1 2	
	OR1	52					
	OR2	54					
	OR3	55					
	OR4	56					
	OR5	3					
	OG0	4	46 45	OUT1- OUT1+	RXO1- RXO1+	3 4	
	OG1	6					
	OG2	7					
	OG3	11					
	OG4	12					
	OG5	14					
	OB0	15	42 41	OUT2- OUT2+	RXO2- RXO2+	5 6	
	OB1	19					
	OB2	20					
	OB3	22					
	OB4	23					
	OB5	24					
	Hsync	27	40 39	CLK OUT- CLK OUT+	RXO CLK- RXO CLK+	8 9	
	Vsync	28					
	DE	30	38 37	OUT3- OUT3+	RXO3- RXO3+	10 11	
	MCLK	31					
	OR6	50					
	OR7	2					
	OG6	8					
	OG7	10					
	OB6	16					
	OB7	18					
	RSVD	25					

Note: The order of even data is same with odd data.

6.0 SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION

6.1 The model is operated by the DE only.

Item	Symbols		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	14.81	18.52	22.22	ns	
	Frequency	-	40	54	67.5	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	704	844	960	tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	tHV	640	640	640	tCLK	
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	64	204	320	tCLK	
	Frequency	fH	53.3	63.96	80	KHz	
Vsync	Period	tVP	1036	1066	1150	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	tVV	1024	1024	1024	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	tVB	12	42	72	tHP	
	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	
LVDS Receiver clock	Input spread spectrum ratio	SSr	-3	-	+3	%	

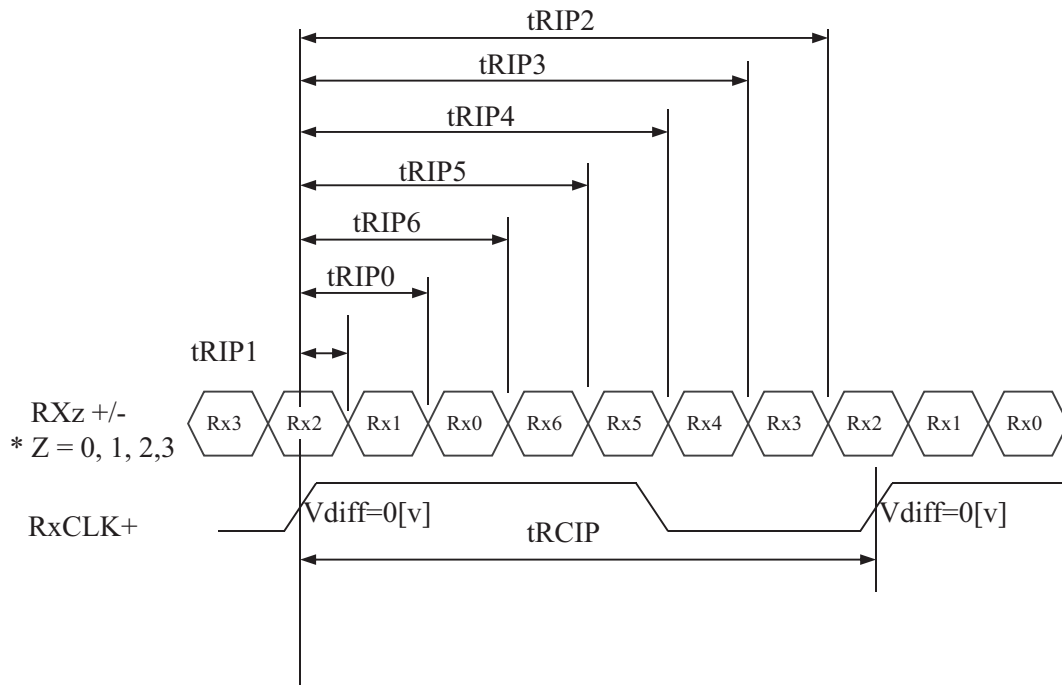
Note : The DCLK range at last line of V-blanking should be set in 0-H-active/2

6.2 LVDS Rx Interface Timing Parameter

The specification of the LVDS Rx interface timing parameter is shown in Table 4.

<Table 7. LVDS Rx Interface Timing Specification>

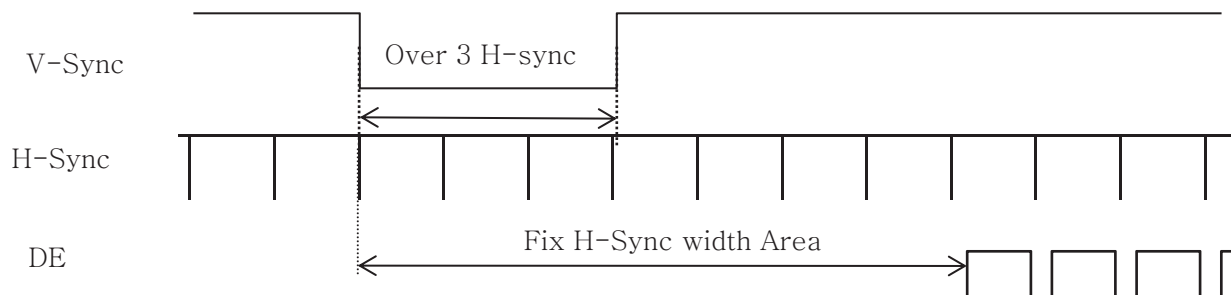
Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
CLKIN Period	tRCIP	14.81	18.52	22.22	nsec	
Input Data 0	tRIP1	-0.4	0.0	+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 1	tRIP0	tRCIP/7-0.4	tRCIP/7	tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 2	tRIP6	2 × tRCIP/7-0.4	2 × tRCIP/7	2 × tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 3	tRIP5	3 × tRCIP/7-0.4	3 × tRCIP/7	3 × tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 4	tRIP4	4 × tRCIP/7-0.4	4 × tRCIP/7	4 × tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 5	tRIP3	5 × tRCIP/7-0.4	5 × tRCIP/7	5 × tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	
Input Data 6	tRIP2	6 × tRCIP/7-0.4	6 × tRCIP/7	6 × tRCIP/7+0.4	nsec	



* Vdiff = (RXZ+)-(RXZ-),..., (RXCLK+)-(RXCLK-)

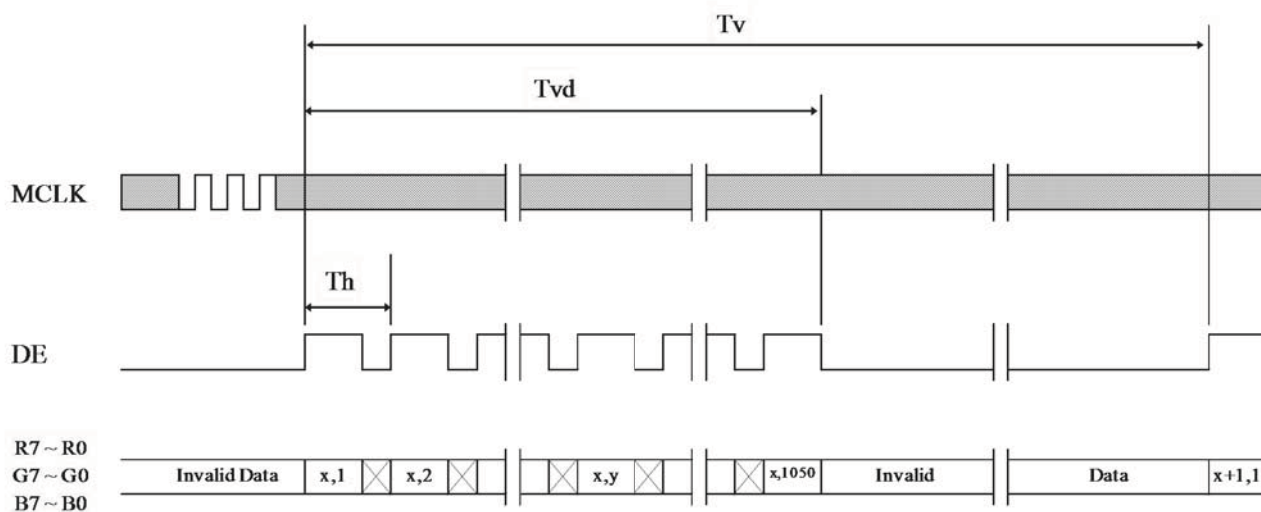
7.0 SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS OF INTERFACE SIGNAL

7.1 Sync Timing Waveforms

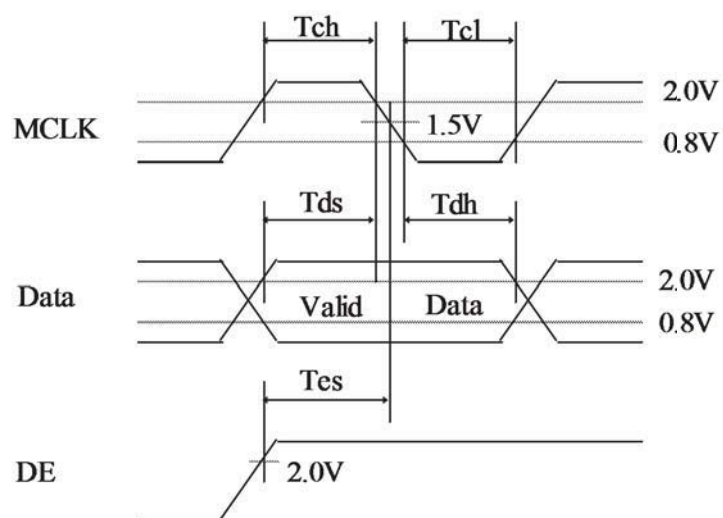
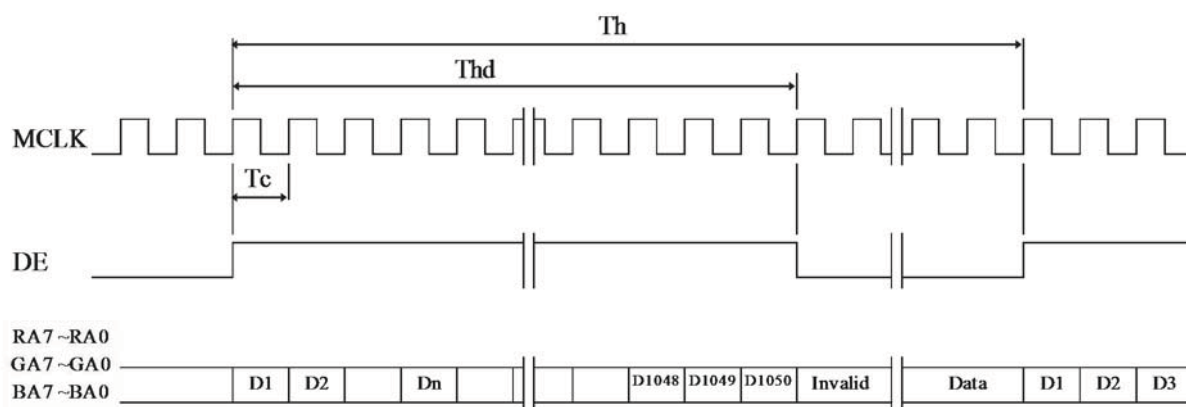


- 1) Need over 3 H-sync during V-Sync Low
- 2) Fix H-Sync width from V-Sync falling edge to first rising edge

7.2 Vertical Timing Waveforms



7.3 Horizontal Timing Waveforms

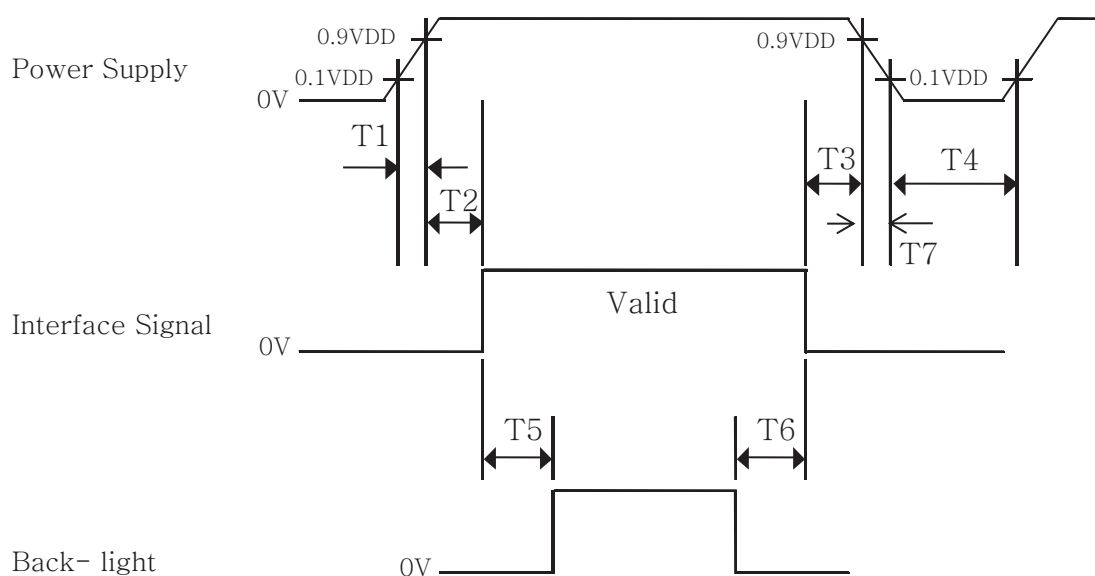


8.0 INPUT SIGNALS, BASIC DISPLAY COLORS & GRAY SCALE OF COLORS

Color & Gray Scale		RED DATA								GREEN DATA								BLUE DATA							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of RED	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	↑								↑								↑							
	▽	↓								↓								↓							
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of GREEN	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	↑								↑								↑							
	▽	↓								↓								↓							
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of BLUE	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	△	↑								↑								↑							
	▽	↓								↓								↓							
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of WHITE	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	△	↑								↑								↑							
	▽	↓								↓								↓							
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

9.0 POWER SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence shall be as shown in below



- $0.5 \text{ ms} \leq T1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$
- $0 \leq T2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$
- $0 \leq T3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$
- $1 \text{ sec} \leq T4$
- $200 \text{ ms} \leq T5$
- $200 \text{ ms} \leq T6$

Notes:

1. When the power supply VDD is 0V, keep the level of input signals on the low or keep high impedance.
2. Do not keep the interface signal high impedance when power is on.
3. Back Light must be turn on after power for logic and interface signal are valid.
4. T7 decreases smoothly, there is none re-bouncing voltage.

10.0 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

10.1 Dimensional Requirements

Page23 shows mechanical outlines for the model.
Other parameters are shown in Table 5.

<Table 8. Dimensional Parameters>

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Dimensional outline	395.2(H)x217.16(V)x13.5(D)typ	mm
Weight	tbd	gram
Active area	374.78(H)x193(V)	mm
Pixel pitch	0.0976(H) x 0.2928(V)	mm
Number of pixels	1280*658	pixels
Back-light	Right edge side, 1-LED Lighting Bar type	

10.2 Mounting

See FIGURE 5. (shown in Appendix)

10.3 Anti-Glare and Polarizer Hardness.

The surface of the LCD has an anti-glare coating to minimize reflection and a coating to reduce scratching.

10.4 Light Leakage

There shall not be visible light from the back-lighting system around the edges of the screen as seen from a distance 50cm from the screen with an overhead light level of 350lux.

11.0 RELIABILITY TEST

The Reliability test items and its conditions are shown in below.

<Table 9. Reliability Test Parameters >

No	Test Items	Conditions	
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 °C, 240 hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -20 °C, 240 hrs	
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta = 50 °C, 80%RH, 240hrs	
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 °C, 240hrs	
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0°C, 240hrs	
6	Thermal shock	Ta = -20 °C ↔ 60 °C (0.5 hr), 100 cycle	
7	Vibration test (non-operating)	Frequency	Random, 10 ~ 300 Hz, 30 min/Axis
		Gravity / AMP	1.5 Grms
		Period	X, Y, Z 30 min
8	Shock test (non-operating)	Gravity	50G
		Pulse width	11msec, sine wave
		Direction	±X, ±Y, ±Z Once for each
9	Electro-static discharge test (operating)	Air : 150 pF, 330Ω, 15 KV Contact : 150 pF, 330Ω, 8 KV	

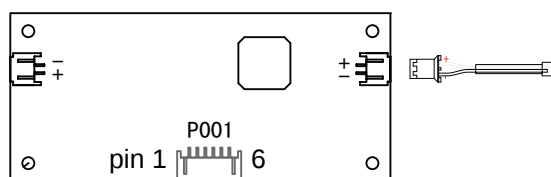
12.0 HANDLING & CAUTIONS

- (1) Cautions when taking out the module
 - Pick the pouch only, when taking out module from a shipping package.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
 - As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care. Peel a protection sheet off from the LCD panel surface as slowly as possible.
 - As the LCD panel and back - light element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
 - As the surface of the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
 - Do not pull the interface connector in or out while the LCD module is operating.
 - Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
 - Handle connectors and cables with care.
- (3) Cautions for the operation
 - When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, ENAB signals. If any one of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
 - Obey the supply voltage sequence. If wrong sequence is applied, the module would be damaged.
- (4) Cautions for the atmosphere
 - Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
 - Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.
- (5) Cautions for the module characteristics
 - Do not apply fixed pattern data signal to the LCD module at product aging.
 - Applying fixed pattern for a long time may cause image sticking.
- (6) Other cautions
 - Do not disassemble and/or re-assemble LCD module.
 - Do not re-adjust variable resistor or switch etc.
 - When returning the module for repair or etc., Please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to use the original shipping packages.

13.0 Packing

tbd

14.0 BackLight Drive board



LED驱动板

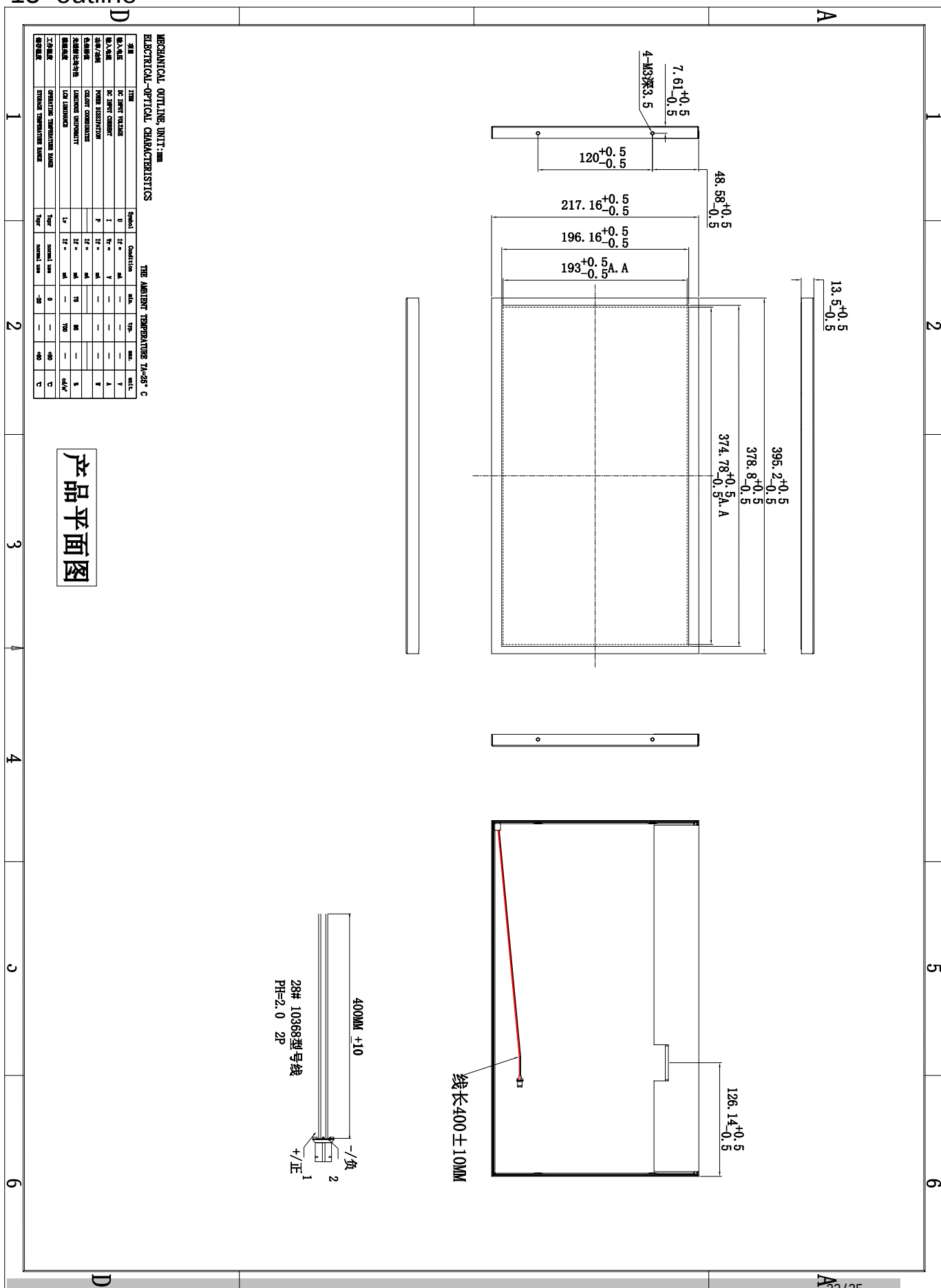


P001:Input terminal

PH2.0-6 (2.0mm X 6)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	note
1	VCC	Power supply voltage +12V	
2	VCC	Power supply voltage +12V	
3	ON/OFF	Output enable signal	
4	DIM	Dimming signal	
5	GND	Power ground	
6	GND	Power ground	

15 outline



16.0 APPENDIX

Figure 1. Measurement Set Up

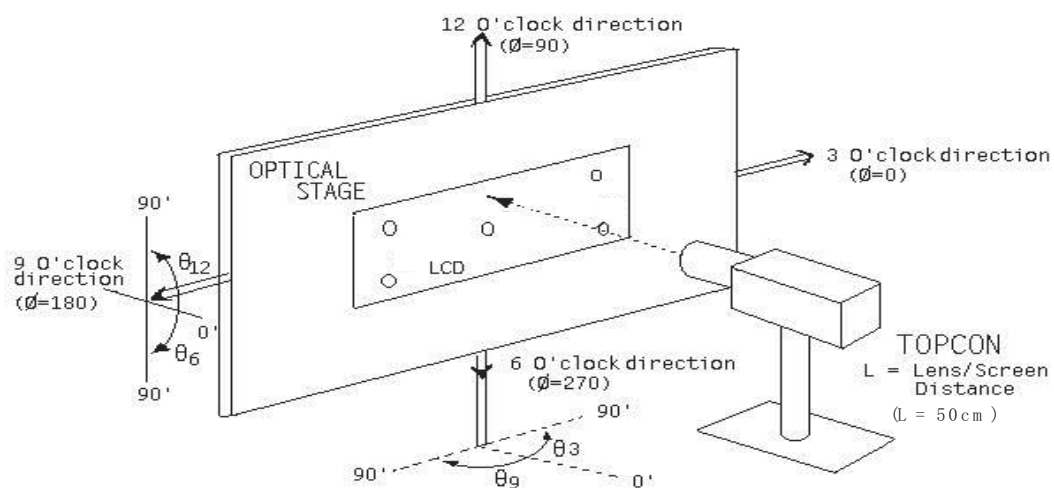


Figure 2. White Luminance and Uniformity Measurement Locations (9 points)

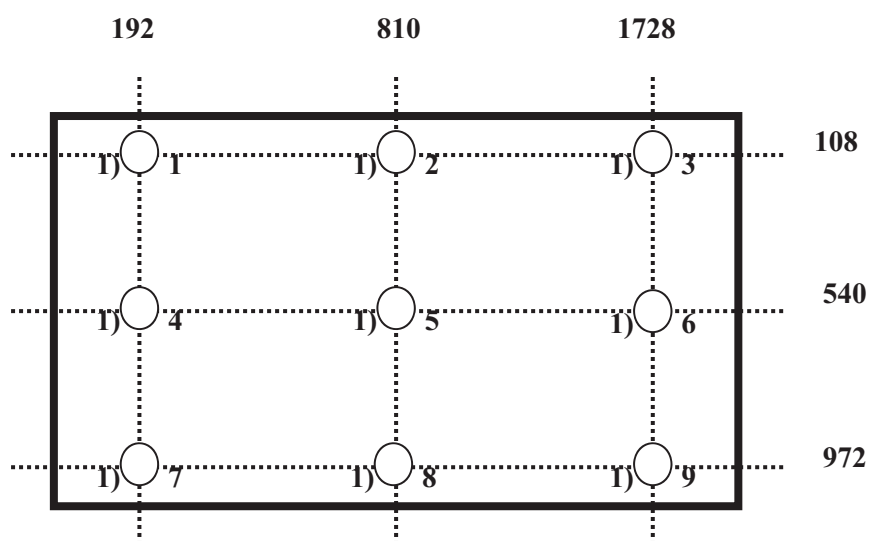


Figure 3. Response Time Testing

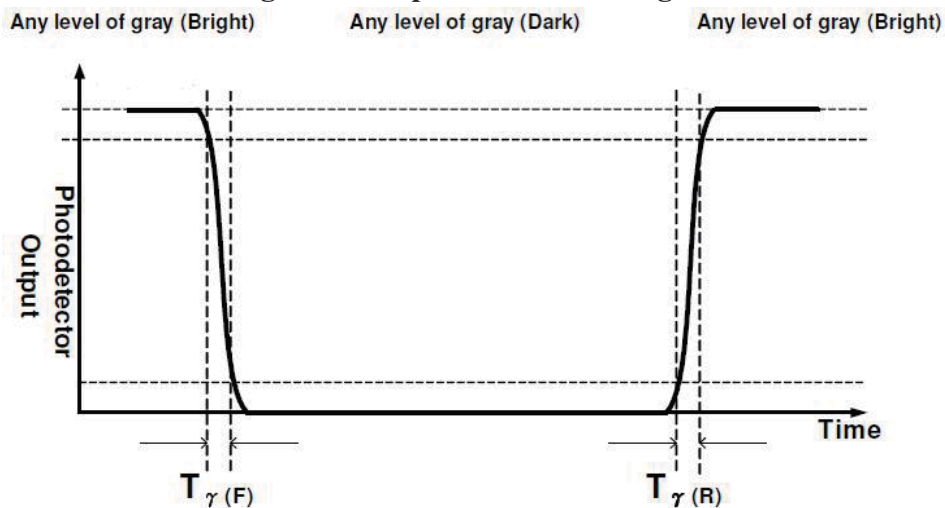
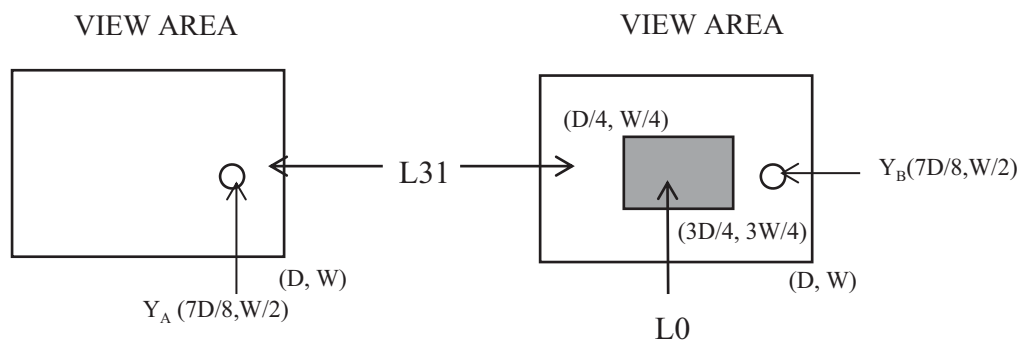


Figure 4. Cross Modulation Test Description



$$\text{Cross-Talk (\%)} = \left| \frac{Y_B - Y_A}{Y_A} \right| \times 100$$

Where: Y_A = Initial luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

Y_B = Subsequent luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

The location measured will be exactly the same in both patterns