Jazz OPLC™

Micro-OPLC Installation Guide

JZ20-T40/JZ20-J-T40

16 Digital, 2 Analog/Digital, 2 Analog Inputs, 20 Transistor Outputs

- Before using this product, the user must read and understand this document.
- For additional information regarding this product, refer to the user guide and technical specifications.
- All examples and diagrams are intended to aid understanding, and do not guarantee operation. Unitronics accepts no responsibility for actual use of this product based on these examples.
- Please dispose of this product according to local and national standards and regulations.
- Only qualified service personnel should open this device or carry out repairs.

Failure to comply with appropriate safety guidelines can cause severe injury or property damage.

- Do not attempt to use this device with parameters that exceed permissible levels.
- To avoid damaging the system, do not connect/disconnect the device when power is on.

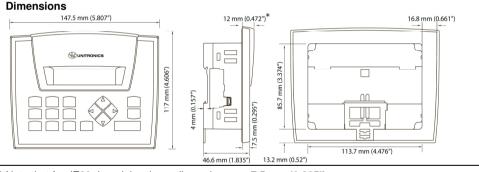
Environmental Considerations

- Do not install in areas with: excessive or conductive dust, corrosive or flammable gas, moisture or rain, excessive heat, regular impact shocks or excessive vibration.
 - Ventilation: 10mm space required between the OPLCs' top/bottom edges & enclosure walls.
 - Do not place in water or let water leak onto the unit.
 - Do not allow debris to fall inside the unit during installation.

Mounting

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* Note that for JZ20-J modules those dimensions are 7.5 mm (0.295").

- Install an external circuit breaker. Guard against short-circuiting in external wiring.
- Use appropriate circuit protection devices.
- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring this directive may damage the device.
- Double-check all wiring before turning on the power supply.
- To avoid damaging the wire, use a maximum torque of 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm).
- *Caution* Do not use tin, solder, or any substance on stripped wire that might cause the wire strand to break.
 - Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

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JZ20-T40/JZ20-J-T40

Wiring Procedure

Use crimp terminals for wiring; use 3.31 mm² –0.13 mm² wire (12-26 AWG):

- 1. Strip the wire to a length of 7 ± 0.5 mm (0.270–0.300").
- 2. Unscrew the terminal to its widest position before inserting a wire.
- 3. Insert the wire completely into the terminal to ensure a proper connection.
- 4. Tighten enough to keep the wire from pulling free.

Wiring Guidelines

Use separate wiring ducts for each of the following groups:

Group 1: Low voltage I/O and supply lines, communication lines.

Group 2: High voltage Lines, Low voltage noisy lines like motor driver outputs.

Separate these groups by at least 10cm (4"). If this is not possible, cross the ducts at a 90° angle.

 For proper system operation, all 0V points in the system should be connected to the system 0V supply rail.

Allow for voltage drop and noise interference with input lines used over an extended distance. Use wire that is properly sized for the load.

Earthing the JZ20-T40/JZ20-J-T40

To maximize system performance, avoid electromagnetic interference as follows:

- Use a metal cabinet.
- Connect the 0V terminal directly to the earth ground of the system.
- Use the shortest, less than 1m (3.3 ft.) and thickest, 2.08mm² (14AWG) min, wires possible.

Inputs

This model comprises a total of 20 inputs in 3 groups.

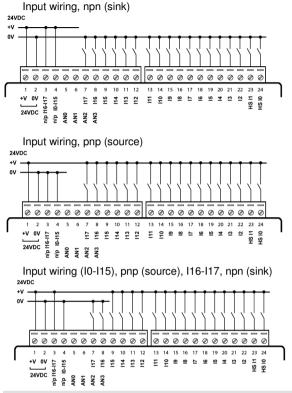
- 1. I0 to 115 are digital inputs. They may be wired, in a group, as either npn or pnp.
- 2. I16 and I17 may be wired as either digital or analog inputs. These may be wired as either:
 - npn digital inputs
 - pnp digital inputs
 - analog (voltage) inputs

In addition, 1 input may be wired as a pnp input, while the other is wired as an analog input. Note that if 1 input is wired as an npn input, the other may not be wired as an analog input.

3. AN0 and AN1 are analog (current) inputs that may be wired using 2, 3, or 4 wires.

Digital Inputs, Controller's Power Supply

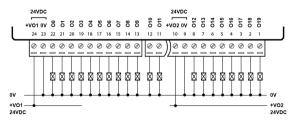
Note: The inputs are arranged in two groups. You can wire one group as npn and the other as pnp, or wire both groups as npn, or as pnp. In either case, the n/p pins **must be connected**.



Digital Outputs, Outputs' Power Supply

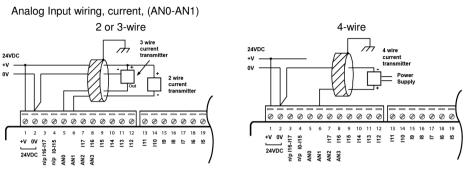
+V01 is the power supply for outputs O0–O11.

+V02 is the power supply for outputs O12 –O19.



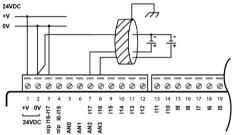
Analog Inputs

Note: Shields should be connected at the signal source.



Analog Input wiring, voltage, (AN2-AN3)

Note: If either I16 or I17 is wired as an npn digital input, the remaining input may not be wired as an analog input.



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