## Diagnostics Guide 01/02 Edition

# sinumerik

SINUMERIK 802S/802C





## **SIEMENS**

## SINUMERIK 802S SINUMERIK 802C

**Diagnostics Guide** 

Valid as from

Control system SINUMERIK 802S SINUMERIK 802C Software version 3 3 Alarms

Glossary / Abbreviations 1



#### SINUMERIK<sup>®</sup> Documentation

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executable in the control. This does not, however, represent an obligation to supply such functions with a new control or when servicing.

Other functions not described in this documentation might be

We have checked that the contents of this publication agree with the hardware and software described herein. Nonetheless, differences might exist and therefore we cannot guarantee that they are completely identical. The information given in this publication is reviewed at regular intervals and any corrections that might be necessary are made in the subsequent printings. Suggestions for improvement are welcome at all times.

Subject to change without prior notice.

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## Preface

The present description is intended as a manual for the machine tool operator so that he can:

- assess special events when operating the machine correctly
- learn the response of the equipment on special events
- use the provided possibilities to continue work after the special event
- follow the notes referring him to documentation with further information.

Scope This Description includes the alarms that may occur in the following areas: NC kernel (NCK), cycles and PLC. Further alarms provided from the MMC area (Man Machine Communication) can also occur. They are announced to the user in self-explaining alarm lines on the operator panel. They are not subject of the Diagnostic Instructions. For special cases in conjunction with the integrated PLC refer to literature on the SIMATIC S7-300 system.
 Sorting The alarms are sorted in the Diagnostic Instructions by ascending alarm num-

bers with spaces between them.

#### Safety



#### Danger

Please check the situation of the equipment carefully using the description of the particular alarm occurred. Eliminate the causes of occurrence of the alarm and acknowledge it as specified. Inattention could cause damage to machine, workpiece, stored settings and - under certain circumstances - to your health.

#### **NCK** alarms

#### Table 1\_1Alarm number ranges

000 000 - 009 999	General alarms	
010 000 - 019 999	Channel alarms	
020 000 - 029 999	Axis/spindle alarms	
030 000 - 099 999	Functional alarms	
060 000 - 064 999	SIEMENS cycle alarms	
065 000 - 069 999	User cycle alarms	
070 000 - 079 999	Manufacturer and OEM compile cycles	

#### MMC alarms/messages

Table 1_2	Alarm number ranges (continued)
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100 000 - 100 999	Basic system	MMC0
101 000 - 101 999	Diagnosis	
102 000 - 102 999	Services	
103 000 - 103 999	Machine	
104 000 - 104 999	Parameters	
105 000 - 105 999	Programming	
106 000 - 106 999	Reserve	
107 000 - 107 999	OEM	
110 000 - 110 999		reserved
120 000 - 120 999		reserved

#### 611D alarms

#### Table 1\_3 Alarm number ranges (continued)

300 000 - 399 999	

PLC alarms/messages

#### Table 1\_4 Alarm number ranges (continued)

400 000 - 499 999	General alarms	
700 000 - 799 999	User range	



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## Alarms

System errorsThe alarms listed in the following are system errors indicating internal error<br/>conditions. The internal error number displayed together with the error mes-<br/>sage provides the developer with important information on error cause and<br/>error location.These system errors will not be described in detail. As far as they occur on the<br/>delivered control systems at all, please contact the following hotline, specifying<br/>alarm number, alarm text and internal system error number contained in<br/>the error message:

**Hotline Germany** 

Siemens AG, A&D techsupport Telephone: 0180 50 50-222 Mailto: techsupport@ad.siemens.de

Helpline Telephone: 0049 180 50 50 111



### 1.1 Overview of NCK Alarms

1 002	System error %1
Explanation	%1 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
1 003	Alarm pointer for this self-clearing alarm %1 is zero
Explanation	%1 = Alarm number
	The address used by the operating system for self-clearing alarms (zero pointer) is not permitted for use in the system.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
1 004	Alarm reaction from nck alarm is false projected
Explanation	%1 = incorrect alarm number
	The alarm response configured by the operating system is incorrect.
Response	Alarm display Interface signals are set NC not ready for operation.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
1 005	Operating system error %1
Explanation	%1 = Operating system error
	This alarm indicates that the operating system has detected a severe error in the system.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC not ready for operation.



	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
1 010	Channel %1 system error %2
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
1 011	Channel %1 %3 system error %2
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = System error number</li> <li>%3 = Channel parameter: Block number, label</li> </ul>
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
1 012	Channel %1 system error %2
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display.



Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
1 014	Channel %1 system error %2
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
1 015	Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis number %3 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Channel not ready for operation.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
1 016	Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis number %3 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.



Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
1 017	Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis number %3 = System error number
	This alarm refers you to internal error conditions, which in conjunction with the error number contained in the error message provide information on the error cause and the error location.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
1 018	Floating point arithmetic error in channel $\%1$ task $\%2$ station $\%3\ FPU$ state: $\%4$
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Task ID</li> <li>%3 = Station priority</li> <li>%4 = FPU state</li> </ul>
	The floating point arithmetic unit of the processor has detected an error.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Channel not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
1 019	Floating point arithmetic error at address $\%3$ in channel $\%1$ task $\%2$ FPU state $\%4$
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Task ID</li> <li>%3 = Code address of the operation which has caused the error</li> <li>%4 = FPU state</li> </ul>
	Due to a calculation error, the floating point arithmetic unit of the processor has initiated an exception.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Channel not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.

Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
2 000	Sign of life monitoring: PLC not alive
Explanation	The PLC must provide a sign of life within a certain period of time. If not, this alarm is output. This alarm is also output as the consequence of a PLC stop (PLC stop with programming tool, PLC stop from start-up switch, PLC stop from alarm).
Response	NC Start inhibited. NC not ready for operation. Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	If none of the cases mentioned above exists, please contact the hotline indi- cated in the beginning of this Manual and specify the operating system error number.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
2 001	PLC has not started up
Explanation	The PLC must provide at least one sign of life within the defined period of time after Power On.
Response	NC Start inhibited. NC not ready for operation. Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Please contact the hotline indicated in the beginning of this Manual.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
2 140	The actual service switch position forces the SRAM to be cleared at the next Power on (general reset active)
Explanation	The initialization switch is now set to General Reset. This forces the SRAM of the module to be cleared when the module is reset next time. As a conse- quence, the NC data memory gets lost.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Reset initialization switch to "1".
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
3 000	Emergency Stop
Explanation	EMERGENCY STOP request is provided at the NCK/PLC interface (V 26000000.1).



Response	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Check whether an EMERGENCY STOP cam has been approached or an EMERGENCY STOP button has been actuated. Check the PLC user program.
	Eliminate the EMERGENCY STOP cause and acknowledge EMERGENCY STOP via the PLC /NCK interface (V 26000000.2).
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
3001	Internal emergency stop
Explanation	This alarm is not displayed.
Response	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm.
Remedy	No remedial action necessary.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
4 060	Standard machine data loaded
Explanation	Booting with standard values by:
	• Operating action (e.g. start-up switch)
	• MD 11200 <b>INIT_MD</b>
	Loss of retentive data
	• Operating action "Booting with saved data", without data saving before- hand
Response	Alarm display
Remedy	The specific data of the equipment on hand must be entered/loaded after the standard machine data (MD) have been loaded automatically.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. Reload your own machine data.
4 062	Backup data loaded
Explanation	The user data saved to FLASH have been loaded into the SRAM.
Response	Alarm display
Remedy	Reload your own machine data.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm.



4065	Battery-backed memory is restored from backup copy (risk of loss of data !)
Explanation	During power-up, it has been detected that inconsistencies are possible in the battery-backed memory.
	The battery-backed memory was initialized using the last back-up copy. As a result, the changes in the battery-backed memory, which have been made since the last update of the backup copy, were lost. This may be caused by the fact that the buffer time has been exceeded. Please make sure that the appropriate on-time of your control system complies with the on-time required by the Start-up Guide.
	The current backup copy of the battery-backed memory was created using the internal data backup carried out last using the softkey "Save data" in the HMI.
Response	Alarm display Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited
Remedy	Restart the control system.
Program continua- tion by	
4 075	Machine data $\%1$ (and may be others) not altered - permission level $\%2$ needed
Explanation	%1 = String: MD identifier %2 = Write protection level of the MD
	When executing a TOA file, you have tried to write into data whose protection level is higher than the right to access currently set on the control. Your value entry will be denied.
	This alarm is only set when the first violation of the right to access is detected.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Enter the password to set the required access level or delete the respective machine data from the MD file.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
4 076	%1 machine data could not be modified with permission level $%2$
Explanation	%1 = Number of MD %2 = Set user class
	When executing a TOA file, you have tried to write into data whose protection level is higher than the right to access currently set on the control. Your value entry will be denied. This alarm is output when alarm 4075 is acknowledged. It can only be cleared by Power On.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Set the required access level either using the key-operated switch or be entering the password and/or delete the respective machine data from the MD file.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON

4 111	PLC cycle increased to %1 ms
Explanation	The PLC cycle divider has not been set to an integer multiple of the IPO cycle divider.
	The divider (MD 10 074 PLC_IPO_TIME_RATIO) has been increased.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Adapt machine data.
Program continua- tion by	Power ON
4 230	Channel %1 data alteration from external not possible in current channel state
Explanation	%1 = Channel number
	These data may not be entered during part program execution (e.g. setting data for spindle speed limitation or for dry run feed).
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	The data to be entered must be altered before starting the part program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
4 310	Declaration in machine data %1 index %2 is not allowed
Explanation	%1 = String: MD identifier %2 = Index in MD array
	The values of the machine data in the array must be arranged in ascending order.
Response	NC not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Correct MD
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
4 400	Machine data alteration will cause reorganization of buffered memory (loss of data!)
Explanation	An MD has been altered which configures the buffered memory. An NCK boot with the altered data will reorganize the buffered memory and thus result in a loss of all buffered user data (part programs, tool data, GUD, LEC,).
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	If the control system contains user data which have not yet been backed up, these data must be saved before the next NCK boot. The reorganization of the memory can be avoided by resetting the altered MD to the value during the last boot manually.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.

5 000	Communication job not executed
Explanation	The communication task (data exchange between NCK and MMC), e.g. load- ing of an NC part program) cannot be executed due to insufficient memory. Cause: too many parallel communication jobs.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	No remedial action possible - the operating action that resulted in the alarm message must be repeated. Press Cancel to clear the alarm display.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 000	Memory reorganized using standard machine data
Explanation	The memory management could not realize the NC user memory mapping with the values provided in the machine data, because the total memory is used by the NC user both as a dynamic and a static memory (e.g. for the number of tool offsets, number of directories and files, etc.) and is therefore not sufficient.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm.
Remedy	Redefine NC memory mapping!
	It is not possible to specify a certain MD as an alarm cause for the NC user memory assignment. The MD that has caused the alarm must therefore be de- termined on the base of the default values in the machine data and by modify- ing the user-specific memory assignment step by step.
	In most cases, not only an individual MD is selected too large, and it is there- fore recommended to reduce the memory area in several MDs by a certain fraction.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
6 020	Machine data have been altered - now memory is reorganized
Explanation	Machine data defining the NC user memory mapping have been altered. The data management has re-mapped the memory with respect of the altered machine data.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	No remedial action required. Any user data needed must be re-entered.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
6 500	NC memory is full
Explanation	Too many part programs have been loaded. The job cannot be carried out.
	This error may concern files of the NC file system (part of NC memory), such as initialization files, NC programs, etc., during commissioning.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Delete or unload files (e.g. part programs).

Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 510	Too many files in the NC memory
Explanation	The number of files in the NC file system (part of NC memory has reached the maximum.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Delete or unload files (e.g. part programs).
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 530	Too many files in directory
Explanation	The number of files in a directory of the NC memory has reached the maxi- mum.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Delete or unload files (e.g. part programs) in the directory concerned.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 540	Too many directories in the NC memory
Explanation	The number of directories in the NC file system (part of NC memory) has reached the maximum.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Delete or unload directories not needed (e.g. workpiece).
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 560	Data format not allowed
Explanation	Invalid data have been entered in a file of the NC, e.g. binary data are loaded into the NC as an ASCII file.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Mark the file as binary data (e.g. extension: .BIN)
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
6 570	NC memory is full
Explanation	The DRAM file system of the NCK is full. The job cannot be executed. Too many system files have been created in the DRAM.
Response	Alarm display
Remedy	Start less "Process from External" operations.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm.



8 040	Mae	chine d	ata %1 reset, corresponding option is not set
Explanation	%1	= Strin	g: MD identifier
	An l	MD has	s been set which is locked by an option.
Response	Alaı	m disp	lay.
Remedy	Το ι man	ıpgrade ufactur	e your CNC with the required option, contact either your machine er or a sales engineer of AUT 2 of SIEMENS AG.
Program continua- tion by	Pres	s the C	lear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
10 203	Channel $\%1$ NC-start not possible with unreferenced axes (Cmd = $\%2$ ).		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = String (event name)		
	NC one	Start ha axis to	as been pressed either in MDA or AUTOMATIC mode, and at least be referenced has not reached its reference point.
Response	Alaı	m disp	lay.
Remedy	Refe	rencin	g start can be initiated either channel or axis-specifically.
	1.	Chan interfa matic specif for ch	<b>nel-specific reference-point approach:</b> The rising edge of the ace signal "Activate referencing" (V 32000001.0) starts an auto- cycle which start the axes of the channel in the sequence of order fied in the axis-specific MD 34 110 <b>REFP_CYCLE_NR</b> (axis order annel-specific referencing).
		-1:	Axis is not involved in channel-specific referencing, but must be referenced for NC start.
		0:	Axis is not involved in channel-specific referencing, but must be referenced for NC start
		1-4:	Starting sequence for channel-specific referencing (simultaneous start with the same number.)
	2.	Axis- appro REFI Direc	<b>specific referencing:</b> Press the direction key corresponding to the ach direction specified in the axis-specific MD 34 010 P_CAM_DIR_IS_MINUS (Approach Reference Point in Minus tion).
Program continuation by	Pres	s NC S	TART to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
10 208	Channel %1 Continue program with NC-Start		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number		
	Afte The Ove	r block progra rwrite/.	a search with calculation, the control system is in the desired state. In can now be started with NC Start or in the state first changed by Jog.
Response	Alarm display. NC Stop at alarm.		
Remedy	Pres	s NC S	tart.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		

10 225	Channel %1: command % 2 refused
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = String (event name)
	The channel contained a command which cannot be executed.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Press RESET.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
10 600	Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function during thread cutting active
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	An auxiliary function output is programmed in a thread block.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Subsequent error might occur if the machining path of the thread block is too short and further blocks (thread blocks) follow in which no machining stop may occur.
	Possible remedial actions:
	• Program longer path and/or reduce traversing speed.
	• Output auxiliary function in another block (program section).
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
10 601	Channel %1 block %2 zero-velocity at end point during thread cutting
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	This alarm occurs only if several blocks with G33 follow one after another. The block end velocity in the specified block is zero although still one more velocity block follows. Possible causes are, for example:
	G09
	Auxiliary function after movement
2	Output of auxiliary function prior to the movement of the subsequent block
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Modify NC part program (do not program "Stop at block end" G09)
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.



10 602	Channel %1 block %2 velocity limitation during thread cutting
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The axis in the displayed thread block would exceed its maximum velocity when the spindle override is in the maximum position.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	If the axis velocity is not limited (error-free thread), no remedial action is re- quired. Otherwise, the spindle speed for the thread block must be reduced.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
10 620	Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 at software limit switch %4
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String
	During the traversing movement, it is detected that the software limit switch has been overtraveled in the displayed direction. Overtraveling the traversing range could not be detected during block preparation (e.g. circular interpola- tion), or a coordinate transformation is active.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check set and programmed zero offsets.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 621	Channel %1 axis %2 rests on software limit switch %3
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = String
	The axis specified is already on the displayed software limit position.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Machine data: Check the machine data <b>POS_LIMIT_PLUS/POS_LIMIT_PLUS2</b> (MD 36 110/MD 36 130) and <b>POS_LIMIT_MINUS/POS_LIMIT_MINUS2</b> (MD 36 100/MD 36 120) for the software limit switches.
	Check the axis-specific interface signals: "2nd software limit switch plus" (V 380x1000.3) and "2nd software limit switch minus" (V 380x1000.2); make sure that the 2nd software limit switch is selected.
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.



10 631	Channel %1 axis %2 rests on software limit switch %3
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis, spindle %3 = String (+ or -)
	IN the JOG mode, the specified axis reaches the work area limitation (positive at "+", negative at "-").
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Check the work area limitation setting data 43420 WORK AREA_LIMIT_PLUS and 43430 WORK AREA_LIMIT_MINUS.
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.
10 640	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 cannot stop during gear change
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label
	The spindle is in oscillation mode for gear stage change and waits for PLC checkback that gear stage change has been carried out (interface signal: <b>Gear changed</b> V 38032000.3). During this time, no spindle stop by <b>Reset</b> is possible (V 30000000.7) or <b>NC Stop axes plus spindle</b> (V 32000007.4).
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	No remedial action required. The spindle-specific interface signal <b>Spindle Reset</b> (V 3803000.2) cancels oscillation mode V 38030002.2.
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.
10 720	Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 software limit switch %4
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Axis name, spindle number</li> <li>%3 = Block number, label</li> <li>%4 = String (+ or -)</li> </ul>
	The path programmed for the axis violates the currently active software limit switch. (The 2nd software limit switch becomes active with the interface signal "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" in V 380x1000.2 and .3). The alarm is activated when preparing the part program block.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check the <b>position specified</b> for the axis in the part program.
	Check the machine data POS_LIMIT_MINUS/POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 (MD 36 110/MD 36 130) and POS_LIMIT_PLUS/POS_LIMIT_PLUS2 (MD 36 100/MD36 120) for the software limit switches.

	Check the axis-specific <b>interface signals:</b> "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" (V 380x1000.2 and .3) and make sure that the 2nd software limit switch is selected.
	Check the currently active zero offsets via the current frame.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 730	Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 work area limitation %4
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String (+ or -)
	During block preparation, it has been detected that the programmed path carries the axes across the work area limitation.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Include correction block in reorganization. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Modify the part program. Change the work area limitation in the setting data.
Program continua- tion by	Press the N C START to clear the alarm and to continue the program.
10 750	Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation activated without tool no.
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	A tool T must be selected so that the control system can consider the associated compensation values.
	Each tool (T number) is automatically assigned a compensation data block (D1) containing the compensation data. A tool can be assigned max. 9 compensation data blocks by specifying the desired data block with the D number. (D1 - D9).
	The tool radius compensation (TRC) will be included in calculation if the function G41 or G42 is programmed. The compensation values are contained in the parameter P6 (geometry value) and P15 (wear value) of the active compensation data block $D_X$ .
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Program a tool No. under address T with G41/G42 before calling the tool radius compensation.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.

10 751	Channel %1 block %2 danger of collision due to tool radius compensation
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The 'bottle neck detection' (calculation of the intersection point of the follow- ing, corrected traversing blocks) was not able to calculate an intersection point for the overviewed number of traversing blocks, resulting in the risk that one of the equidistant paths will violate the workpiece contour.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check the part program and modify the program (if possible) such that inner corners with paths shorter than the compensation value are avoided. (Outer corners are not critical, since the equidistants are elongated or intermediate blocks are inserted so that an intersection point is always provided).
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 752	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ overflow of local block buffer with tool radius compensation
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The tool radius compensation must buffer an alternating number of intermedi- ate blocks in order to be able to calculate the equidistant tool path for each NC block. The size of the buffer memory cannot easily be determined. It depends on the number of blocks without traversing information in the compensation level and the number of contour elements to be inserted.
	The size of the buffer memory is fixed by the system and cannot be altered via MD.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Reduction of the buffer memory which has been occupied by modifying the NC program. This can be achieved if you avoid the following:
	• blocks without traversing information in the compensation level
	• blocks that contain contour elements with variable curves (e.g. ellipses) and curve radii which are smaller than the compensation radius. (Such blocks are split into several partial blocks).
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.

10 753	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ activate tool radius compensation in linear block only
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	Tool radius compensation with G41/G42 may only be selected on blocks with the G function G00 (rapid traverse) or G01 (feed) active. The block with G41/G42 must contain at least one axis of the level G17 to G19; always both axes are recommended, since both axes are traversed when selecting the compensation.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the NC program; replace the compensation selection to a block with linear interpolation.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 754	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ deactivate tool radius compensation in linear block only
	Explanation %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The deselection of the tool radius compensation by G40 may only be carried out in blocks in which the G function G00 (rapid traverse) or G01 (feed) is active. The block with G40 must contain at least one axis of the plane G17 to G19; both axes are always recommended, since usually both axes traverse when deselecting the compensation.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct NC program; replace compensation deselection to a block with linear interpolation.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 755	Channel %1 block %2 do not activate tool radius compensation via KONT at the current starting point
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When activating the cutter radius compensation via <b>KONT</b> , the start point of the approach block is within the compensation circle, thus already violating the contour.

	When deselecting the cutter radius compensation with G41/G42, the approach behavior (NORM or KONT) determines the movement along the contour if the current actual position is <b>behind</b> the contour. When KONT is active, a circle with the cutter radius is drawn around the programmed start point (= end point of approach block). The tangent that leads through the current actual position and that does not violate the contour is the approach movement.
	If the start point is within the compensation circle and around the target point, the tangent will lead through this point.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Place the selection of the cutter radius compensation such that the start point of the approach movement will be outside the compensation circle around the target point (programmed traversing movement > compensation radius). The following possibilities are provided:
	• Selection in the preceding block
	Insert intermediate block
	Select approach behavior NORM
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 756	Channel %1 block %2 do not activate tool radius compensation via KONT at the current starting point
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When deselecting the cutter radius compensation, the programmed end point is within the compensation circle. If this point would really be approached without compensation, a contour violation would be the consequence.
	When the cutter radius compensation is deselected with G40, the starting be- havior (NORM or KONT) will determine the movement along the contour if the programmed end point is <b>behind</b> the contour. When KONT is active, a circle with the cutter radius is drawn around the point at which the compensa- tion is still active. The tangent that leads through the programmed end position and that does not violate the contour is the starting movement.
	If the programmed end point is within the compensation circle around the tar- get point, no tangent will lead through this point.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Place the deselection of the cutter radius compensation such that the pro- grammed end point is outside the compensation circle around the last active compensation point. The following possibilities are provided:
	• Deselection in the next block
	Insert intermediate block
	Select starting behavior NORM
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.

10 762	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ too many empty blocks between two traversing blocks with active tool radius compensation	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The maximum admissible number of empty blocks is limited	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	1. Modify part program:	
	2. Check whether SBL2 is selected. When SBL2 is active, a block from each part program line is generated resulting in that the permissible number of empty blocks between two traversing blocks can be exceeded.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 763	Channel %1 block %2 path component of the block in the compensation plane becomes zero.	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	Because of the collision monitoring with tool radius compensation, the path component of the block in the compensation level becomes zero. If no move- ment information perpendicular to the compensation level is contained in the original block, the block is skipped.	
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	• The behavior at narrow places which cannot be machined with the active tool is correct.	
	Modify part program	
	• If necessary use a tool with smaller radius	
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.	
10 764	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ discontinuous path with active tool radius compensation	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	This alarm occurs when tool radius compensation is active and the start point used for the calculation of the compensation is not equal to the end point of the preceding block.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	- Modify part program.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	



10 777	Channel $\%1$ block $\%2$ tool radius compensation: too many blocks with suppression of compensation
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The maximum permissible number of blocks with active compensation sup- pression when tool radius compensation is active is limited.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	– Modify part program.
	<ul> <li>Check whether SBL2 is selected. When SBL2 is active, a block from each part program line is generated what results in that the permissible number of empty blocks between two traversing blocks can be exceeded.</li> </ul>
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
10 778	Channel %1 block %2 Preparation stop with active tool radius compensa- tion
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When feed stop is detected with tool radius compensation active (either pro- grammed by the user or generated internally), this alarm is set, since in this situation machine movements might occur which are not intended by the user (completing radius compensation and re-approaching the contour). Program execution can be continued by pressing CANCEL and restart.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	<ul> <li>Continue with CANCEL and Start.</li> <li>Modify part program.</li> </ul>
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 810	Channel %1 block %2 No master spindle defined
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	A revolutional feedrate has been defined although no master spindle is defined. The spindle rotation is the prerequisite to calculate the revolutional feedrate.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Include the correction block into the reorganization. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Define a spindle in the machine data.
Program continua- tion by	Press the NC START to clear the alarm and to continue the program.

10 860	Channel %1 block %2 feed rate not programmed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	An interpolation type other than G00 (rapid traverse) is active in the displayed block. No F value programmed.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Program the feed value with respect of the interpolation type used.
	• <b>G94</b> and <b>G97</b> : The feed is programmed under address <b>F</b> in [mm/min] or [m/min].
	• <b>G95:</b> The feed is programmed as a revolutional feedrate in [mm/rev] under address <b>F</b> .
	• <b>G96:</b> The feed is programmed as a cutting speed under address <b>S</b> in [m/min]. It results from the current <b>spindle speed.</b>
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 870	Channel %1 block %2 facing axis not defined
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When the constant cutting speed is selected using the function <b>G96</b> , the spindle speed is controlled via the position of the facing axis such that the cutting speed programmed under S [mm/min] results at the tool edge.
	In the channel-specific MD <b>DIAMETER_AX_DEF[n,m]=x</b> (n channel index, m spindle index, x axis name), the name of the facing axis [string] can be specified for each of the 5 spindles which is used for speed calculation.
	$S [1/min] = \frac{S_{G96}[m / min] \cdot 1000}{D_{facing axis}[mm] \cdot \pi}$
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Enter the name of the facing axis in the channel-specific machine data <b>DIAMETER_AX_DEF</b> for the spindles used.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 880	Channel %1 block %2 too many empty blocks between two traversing blocks when inserting chamfer or radius
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	Too many blocks without contour information are programmed between two blocks which contain contour elements and which are to be linked with a chamfer or a radius (CHF, RND).



Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	<b>Modify part program</b> such that the permissible number of empty blocks is not exceeded.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 881	Channel %1 block %2 overflow of local block buffer when inserting chamfer or radius
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The number of empty blocks without contour information between two blocks which contain contour elements and which are to be linked with a chamfer or radius ( <b>CHF, RND</b> ) is so large that the internal buffer memory is too small.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Modify the part program such that the number of empty blocks is reduced.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 882	Channel %1 block %2 do not activate chamfer or radius in blocks without traversing
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	No chamfer or radius has been inserted between 2 linear or circle contours (chamfer edging), because:
	• no straight line or circle contour exists in the plane
	• a movement exists outside the plane
	• the level has been changed
	• the permissible number of empty blocks without traversing information (dummy blocks) has been exceeded
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the part program with respect of the error mentioned above.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
10 900	Channel %1 block %2 no S value programmed for constant cutting speed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When G96 is active, the constant cutting speed under address S is missing.



Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program the constant cutting speed under S in [m/min] or deselect function G96. For example, the preceding feed remains when G97 is active but the spindle goes on rotating with the current speed.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 910	Channel %1 block %2 excessive velocity of one path axis	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	When transformation is selected, an extreme velocity rise in one or several axes occurs, for example, since the path runs in the vicinity of the pole.	
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	Division of the NC block into several blocks (e.g. 3) so that the path section with the chamfer is as small as possible and therefore short. The remaining blocks will then be traversed with the programmed velocity.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.	
10 911	Channel %1 block %2 transformation prohibits to traverse the pole.	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The given curve leads through the pole of the transformation.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Modify part program.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 930	Channel %1 block %2 interpolation type not allowed in stock removal contour	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The contour of the stock removal cycle (LCYC 95) contains path commands other than G00, G01, G02 or G03. The contour program may only contain contour elements built from these G functions (i.e. no thread blocks, no G05, etc.).	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program only path elements in the contour program, which consist of straight lines and circular arcs.	



Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 931	Channel %1 block %2 error in programmed stock removal contour	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The following errors are contained in the stock removal program (LCYC 95) for the contour:	
	• full circle	
	• intersecting contour elements	
	wrong start position	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Correct the errors mentioned above in the program for the contour to be ma- chined.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 932	Channel %1 block %2 preparation of contour has been restarted	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The stock removal cycle LCYC 95 has been interrupted during the preparation phase of the stock removal contour.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Do not admit interruption during the contour preparation in the stock removal cycle LCYC 95.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
10 933	Channel %1 block %2 contour program contains too few contour blocks	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The program in which the stock removal contour is programmed contains less than 3 blocks with movements in both axes in the machining plane. The stock removal cycle (LCYC 95) has been canceled.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Enlarge the program with the stock removal contour to at least 3 NC blocks with axis movements in both axes of the current machining plane.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	



10 934	Channel %1 block %2 array for contour segmentation is too small	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The program in which the stock removal contour is programmed contains too many blocks with movements in both axes in the machining plane (LCYC 95).	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Reduce the number of blocks in the contour program. Check the division of the contour into several programs.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
12 000	Channel %1 block %2 address %3 programmed repeatedly	
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Block number, label</li> <li>%3 = Source string of address</li> </ul>	
	Most addresses (address types) may be programmed in an NC block only <b>once</b> so that the search information remains unambiguously. (e.g. X., T., F., etc Exception: G, M functions).	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	
Remedy	Correct block.	
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.	
12 010	Channel %1 block %2 address %3 address type programmed too often	
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Block number, label</li> <li>%3 = Source string of address</li> </ul>	
	It is defined for each address type how often it may occur in an NC block (for example, all axes together form <b>a</b> address type, which is also subject to a block limit).	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	
Remedy	Correct the block.	
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.	
12 050	Channel %1 block %2 DIN-address %3 is not configured	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = NC address in source text block	
	The name of the NC address (e.g. X, U, X1) is not defined in the control system.	



Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Corrected block.		
Remedy	Study Programming Instructions and machine data with refer to the really con- figured addresses and their meaning and correct the NC block accordingly.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 060	Channel %1 block %2 same G group programmed repeatedly		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The G functions that can be used in the part program are divided into groups which are <b>syntax-defining</b> or <b>non syntax-defining</b> . Only <b>one G function</b> each from each G group may be programmed. The functions within a group are mutually exclusive.		
	The alarm concerns only the non-syntax defining G functions. If several G functions from these groups are called in an NC block, the <b>last</b> function of a group will be active (all previous functions are ignored).		
	G FUNCTIONS:		
	Syntax-defining G functions	Non-syntax defining G functions	
	1st to 4th G group	5th to nth G group	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	No remedial action necessary. However, it should be checked whether the last programmed G function is really the desired one.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 070	Channel %1 block %2 too many sy	Channel %1 block %2 too many syntax-defining G functions	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	<b>Syntax-defining G functions</b> define the structure of the part program block and of the addresses contained in it. <b>Only one</b> syntax-defining G function may be programmed in an NC block. The G functions of the 1st to 4th G group are syntax-defining.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Corrected block.		
Remedy	Analyze the NC block and distribute the G functions over several NC blocks.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		

12 080	Channel %1 block %2 syntax error in text %3		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source text area		
	The grammar of the block has been violated at the displayed text position. The exact error cause cannot be specified more exactly, since there are too many possible error causes.		
	Example 1:N10 IF GOTOF; The condition for the jump is missing!		
	Example 2:N10 R-50 =12; Faulty arithmetic parameter number		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Corrected block.		
Remedy	Analyze block and correct it using the Programming Instructions.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 110	Channel %1 block %2 syntax cannot be interpreted		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The addresses programmed in the block are not allowed with the valid syntax- defining G function.		
	<b>Example:</b> G1 I10 X20 Y30 F1000; No interpolation parameter may be programmed in the linear block.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Check block structure and correct it as required by the program.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 120	Channel %1 block %2 Write special G function in separate block		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The G function programmed in this block must be written in a separate block. No general addresses are allowed in the same block. These G functions are:		
	G25, G26 Spindle speed limitation		
	<b>Example:</b> G4 F1000 M100; No M function is allowed in the G4 block.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Program the G function in a separate block.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 140	Channel %1 block %2 expression %3 not contained in this release		
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Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Block number, label</li> <li>%3 = Software construct in source text</li> </ul>		
	The full version of the control system provides functions which are not imple- mented in the current variant.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Remove the displayed function from the program.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 150	Channel %1 block %2 operation %3 not compatible with data type		
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Block number, label</li> <li>%3 = String (violating operator)</li> </ul>		
	The data types are not compatible with the required operation (within an arithmetic expression or a value assignment).		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Modify the definition of the variables used such that the desired operations can be carried out.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 160	Channel %1 block %2 range of values exceeded		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The constant programmed for the variable exceeds the value range which has been defined by the data type in advance.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Correct the value of the constant. If the value for an integer constant is too large, it can also be specified by appending a decimal point as a real constant.		
	Example:R1 = 9 876 543 210correct to:R1 = 9 876 543 210.		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
12 180	Channel %1 block %2 illegal chaining of operators %3		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Chained operators		
	The term 'operator chaining' denotes binary and unary operators chained one after another, without the use of brackets.		

	Example: N10 R1=R2-(-R3) N10 R1=R2R3	; Correct notation ; Error!
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	
Remedy	Formulate the expression correctly and unambiguously using brackets; this increases clarity and eligibility of a program.	
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clea	ar the alarm and continue program execution.
12 290	Channel %1 block %2	arithmetic variable %3 not defined
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, lab %3 = Source string of ar	el ithmetic variable
	Only the R parameters a arithmetic variable must be used. The number of names must be unambig ception: local variable).	s arithmetic variables are predefined - the remaining be defined using the DEF instruction before they can arithmetic parameters is defined via machine data. The uous and only be used in the control system once (ex-
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Corrected block.	
Remedy	Press NC Stop and selec PROGRAM softkey. Th corrected.	t the Corrected Block function using the correct e correction cursor is positioned on the block to be
	Set the desired variable is calling program if a glob	in the definition part of the program (if desired, in the pal variable is to be used).
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clea	ar the alarm and continue program execution.
12 420	Channel %1 block %2	identifier %3 too long
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, lab	el
	The symbol to be defined exceeds the permitted 32	d and/or the specified jump target has a name which 2 characters.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	
Remedy	The symbol to be created selected within the system (but the 1st character material acters.	d or the jump target for program jumps (label) must be m conventions, i.e. the name must begin with 2 letters by not be a \$ character) and may include max. 32 char-
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clea	ar the alarm and continue program execution.



12 450	Channel %1 block %2 label defined repeatedly
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The label of this block exists already.
	If you compile the NC program offline, the entire program is compiled block by block. Multiple designations are detected with 100 % safety, what in the case of <b>online compilation</b> is not necessarily the case. (In this case, only the current program execution is compiled, i.e. program branches that are not cur- rently passed will also not be checked and can therefore contain programming errors).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Corrected block.
Remedy	Press NC Stop and select the Corrected Block function using the CORRECT PROGRAM. softkey. The correction pointer is positioned on the block in which the displayed label occurs for the second time.
	Use the editor to browse the part program to find out where the searched des- ignation occurs for the first time, and alter one of the two names.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
12 470	Channel %1 block %2 unknown G function %3 used
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string
	A non-defined G function has been programmed in the displayed block.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Use the Programming Instructions of the machine manufacturer to decide whether the displayed G function is generally not available or not possible.
	Remove the G function from the part program or program the function call with respect of the Programming Instructions of the machine manufacturer.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
12 490	Channel %1 block %2 access permission level %3 is not valid
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string
	The desired access level has not been set. The desired protection class is out of the admissible value range.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Remove the respective string from the program.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.

12 540	Channel %1 block %2 is too long or too complex
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The max. block length may not exceed 128 characters.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Split the program block into several partial blocks.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
12 550	Channel %1 block %2 identifier %3 not defined or option does not exist
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string
	The displayed identifier is not defined in the control system.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	<ul><li>Press NC STOP and check the machine data file in the NC program or check the faulty block.</li><li>- Correct the name used (type error)</li><li>- Check the options.</li></ul>
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to restart the program or re-import the machine data file.
12 560	Channel %1 block %2 programmed value %3 exceeds allowed limits
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string
	The programmed numerical value is out of the allowed limits.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.
Remedy	Adhere to the value range.
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.
12 600	Channel %1 block %2 invalid Checksum of Line
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number
	When executing an INI or TEA file, an invalid line check sum has been detected.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the INI file or correct the MD and create a new INI file (via 'upload').

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VICPAS HMI Parts Center

Program continua- tion by	Power ON
14 000	Channel %1 block %2 error at end of file
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	M02 or M30 is expected as the file end of main programs, and M17 as the file end for subroutines. No subsequent block is provided from the block prepara- tion (data management) although no file end has been programmed in the pre- ceding block.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check whether the end of program has been forgotten to be entered, or whether a jump to a program section which contains the end-of-block character is car- ried out in the last program block.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 001	Channel %1 block %2 error at end of block
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	A system-internal data manipulation (e.g. reloading from an external) can be followed by a partial file, without LF as the last character.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Read out the part program and use a text editor to modify the program (e.g. insert blanks or comments in front of the displayed block) to have a modified structure of the part program when re-reading the part program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 011	Channel %1 block %2 called program does not exist or is not released
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The called program (main program or subroutine) has been called from the currently running part program (main program or subroutine). However, either it does not exist in the NC memory, or the option for the used function is not enabled.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the NC part program.

	1. Check the subroutine name in the calling program.	
	2. Check the name of the called program	
	3. Check whether the program has been transferred into the NC memory.	
	4. Check options or upgrade/enable.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 012	Channel %1 block %2 lowest subroutine level exceeded	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The maximum nesting depth of 4 program levels has been exceeded.	
	Subroutines that have a maximum nesting depth of 3 subroutines can be called from the main program.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Modify machining program such that the nesting depth is reduced, e.g. use the editor to copy a subroutine of the next nesting depth into the calling program and remove the call for this subroutine. This will reduce the nesting depth by one program level.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 013	Channel %1 block %2 number of subroutine passes invalid	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	When a subroutine is called, the programmed number of passes P is either zero or negative.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program a number of passes between 1 and 9 999.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 014	Channel %1 selected program or access permission not available	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number	
	The selected part program is not in NC memory.	
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	Reload the desired program into the NC memory or check the name of the directory (workpiece overview) and correct it.	
	directory (workpiece overview) and correct it.	



14 015	Channel %1: no access permission for file		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number		
	The user has no execution rights for the file.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Alter user rights		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
14 040	Channel %1 block %2 error in end point of circle		
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Block number, label</li> <li>With circular interpolation, the distance either between the circle radii for start point and end point or the distance between the circle center points is greater than defined in the machine data.</li> <li><b>Radii:</b> The NCK calculates the radii for start and end point from the current start point and the remaining programmed circle parameters. The alarm message is output if the difference of the circle radii is greater than the value in MD 21 000 <b>CIRCLE_ERROR_CONST</b>.</li> <li><b>Center points:</b> If the circles have a permissible difference, it is checked whether the circle center point on the mean perpendicular is between start and end point</li> </ul>		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Check MD 21 000 <b>CIRCLE_ERROR_CONST</b> . If the values are within reasonable limits, the circle end point or the circle center point of the part program block must be programmed more exactly.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
14 050	Channel %1 block %2 nesting depth for arithmetic operations exceeded		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	To calculate arithmetic expressions in NC block, an operand stack of fixed size is used. With very complex expressions, this stack might overflow.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Distribute complex arithmetic expressions over several, more simply structured arithmetic blocks.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		

14 051	Channel %1 block %2 arithmetic error in part program	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	• With the calculation of an arithmetic expression, an overflow occurred (e.g. division by zero).	
	• The value range that can be represented for a certain data type has been exceeded.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Analyze the program and correct the faulty program section.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 080	Channel %1 block %2 jump destination not found	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The jump target of conditioned and unconditioned jumps with in the program must be a block with a <b>label</b> (symbolic name instead of block number). If no jump target with the specified label is found when searching <b>in the pro-grammed direction</b> , this alarm is displayed.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Check the NC program for the following possible errors:	
	<ol> <li>Check whether the target designation is identical to the label.</li> <li>Is the jump direction correct?</li> <li>Has the label been completed with a colon?</li> </ol>	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 092	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 has wrong axis type	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Correct part program.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	

14 095	Channel %1 block %2 circle programmed with zero radius		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	Under the keyword <b>CR=.</b> grammed.	for the circle radius, value "0" has been pro-	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Circle radius less than circle)	CR= <b>positive</b> (circle is less than or equal to semi-	
	,	CR= <b>negative</b> (circle is greater than a semi-circle)	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
14 130	Channel %1 block %2 too many initialization values given		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	When assigning the field via SET, more initialization values have been speci- fied for the program execution than field elements exist.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Reduce the number of initialization values.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to c	lear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 600	Channel %1 block %2 l	ouffer for sequential reload cannot be established	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	When loading the INITIAL_INI block, the reload buffer could not be estab- lished because of insufficient memory in the RAM of the NCK.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Create free space in the NCK area, for example, by deleting part programs no longer used.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to c	lear the alarm. Restart part program.	



14 601	Channel %1 blo	ock %2 reload buffer cannot be cleared	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The reload buffe cause: - MMC-PLC cor	r for "Execution from external" could not be cleared; probable nmunication not completed.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibite	are set. ed.	
Remedy	All reload buffer	rs are cleared on Power On.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 710	Channel %1 blo	Channel %1 block %2 error during phase %3 of INIT block generation	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Index for section		
	When the control system boots and is reset, initialization blocks are generated. Due to incorrect machine data settings, errors might occur.		
	Parameter %3 indicates in which section of ini block generation the error oc- curred:		
	Section 0: Section 1: Section 2: Section 3:	Error in synchronization (program advance/main run). Error when selecting tool length compensation. Error when selecting transformation. Error when selecting zero offset.	
	During booting, during this proce	the cycle interfaces are additionally read in. If an error occurs ess, "Section 5" is signaled.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibite	are set.	
Remedy	In section 0-3: In section 5:	Load standard machine data Reload cycles	
Program continua- tion by	Restart		
14 750	Channel %1 blo	ock %2 too many auxiliary functions programmed	
Explanation	%1 = Channel nu %2 = Block num	umber iber, label	
	More than 10 au	xiliary functions have been programmed in a block.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibite	are set.	

Remedy	Check whether all auxiliary functions are necessary in the block; modal func- tions need not be repeated. Either create your own auxiliary function block or distribute the auxiliary functions over several blocks.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 760	Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function of a group programmed repeat- edly
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The M functions can be divided into groups via machine data completely vari- able if required. Auxiliary functions are grouped such that several individual functions of a group mutually exclude. Within a group, only one auxiliary function is reasonable and permitted.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Program only one auxiliary function or auxiliary function group. (For group division see Programming Instructions of the machine manufacturer.)
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 770	Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function programmed incorrectly
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The permissible number of auxiliary functions per NC block has been exceeded, or more than one auxiliary function of the same auxiliary function group has been programmed (M and S function).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the part program - max. 16 auxiliary functions, max. 5 M functions per NC block, max. 1 auxiliary function per group.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 780	Channel %1 block %2 unreleased option used
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	An option not released is used in the block
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Modify part program, upgrade option.

Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 800	Channel %1 block %2 programmed path speed less or equal to zero	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	A negative F value has been programmed in conjunction with the G functions G94, G95 or G96. The path velocity may be programmed in the range from 0.001 to 999 999.999 [mm/min, mm/rev, degrees/min, degrees/rev] for the metric input system and from 0.000 1 to 39 999.999 9 [inch/min, inch/rev] for the inch input system.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program the path velocity (geometrical sum of the velocity components of the geometry axes involved) within the limits specified above.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 820	Channel %1 block %2 negative value for maximum spindle speed pro- grammed with constant cutting speed	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	You can program a maximum spindle speed for the function "Constant cutting speed G96" using the key word <b>LIMS=</b> The value range is between 0.1 - 999 999.9 [rev/min].	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program the maximum spindle speed for the constant cutting speed within the limits specified above. The key word LIMS is modal and can be written either in front of the block with the selection of the constant cutting speed or in the block.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
14 830	Channel %1 block %2 wrong feed type selected	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	G97 has been programmed in the displayed block although G96 (or already G97) has not been activated.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	



Remedy	Remove G97 from the displayed block and program the correct feed type (G94, G95 or G96) for the next following machining section.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the a	alarm. Restart part program.
14 840	Channel %1 block %2 value for	constant cutting speed out of range
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The programmed cutting speed is	out of the input range.
	Metric input range: Inch input range:	0.01 to 9 999.99 [m/min] 0.1 to 99 999.99 [inch/min]
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program the cutting speed under a	ddress S within the permissible value range.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the a	alarm. Restart part program.
14 900	Channel %1 block %2 use eithe	r center point or end point programming
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	When the circle was programmed point and, in addition, the circle er circle is thus 'overdetermined'. On	using the opening angle, the circle center ad point has been programmed, too. The ly one of the two points is permitted.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Select that programming variant at from the workpiece drawing witho lation).	t which the dimensions can be taken over out doubts (in order to avoid errors in calcu-
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the a	alarm. Restart part program.
14 910	Channel %1 block %2 invalid a	ngle of aperture for programmed circle
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	When programming the circle usir angle or an opening angle >= 360	ng the opening angle, a negative opening degrees has been programmed.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program the opening angle within 359.9999 [degrees].	the permitted value range of 0.0001 -

Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
14 920	Channel %1 block %2 intermediate point of circle incorrect
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When programming a circle via an intermediate point, all 3 points (start, end and intermediate point) are on a straight line, and the intermediate point (programmed by the interpolation parameters I, J, K) is not between the start and the end point.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Either place the position of the intermediate point with the parameters I, J and K such that its position will be really between the circle start and the end point, or sacrifice of this kind of circle programming and program the circle with radius and opening angle or center point parameters.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
15 170	Channel %1 block %2 program %3 could not be compiled
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = String
	An error occurred in compilation mode. The (compiler) message displayed after the error refers to the program specified here.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Correct the part program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
15 175	Channel %1 block %2 program %3 interfaces could not be built
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = String
	An error occurred during the interface creation mode. The (compiler) error message displayed after the error occurred refers to the program specified here.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Correct the part program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.



15 180	Channel %1 block %2 program %3 cannot be exec	cuted as INI file
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = String	
	Errors occurred when reading in data as an INI file. The sage refers to the program specified here.	he displayed error mes-
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	Correct the part program.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further oper	ation required.
15 185	Channel %1 %2 Errors in INI file	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Number of detected errors	
	Errors have been detected when processing an INI file	· .
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Correct INI file or MD and create new INI file (via 'up	pload').
Program continua- tion by	Power ON	
15 300	Channel %1 block %2 invalid number-of-passed-b search	olocks during block
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	A negative number of passes has been input in the P co Passes) when the function "Block Search with Calcula permissible value range is P 1 - P 9 999.	olumn (Number of tion" was executed. The
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	Enter only positive numbers of passes within the value	e range.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further oper	ation required.
15 320	Channel %1 block %2 invalid block search comma	and
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	The search job (type of searching target) is less than " is entered in the <b>Type</b> column of the block search wing jobs are:	1" or greater than "5". It dow. Permissible search
	Type Meaning	

	<ol> <li>Find block number</li> <li>Find label</li> <li>Find string</li> <li>Find program name</li> <li>Find line number in file</li> </ol>
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Alter search job.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
15 330	Channel %1 block %2 invalid block number as target of block search
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	Syntax error! Only positive integer numbers are permitted as block numbers. For main blocks, ":" must be written in front of them, and an "N" must be written in front of auxiliary blocks.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Repeat your entry with the corrected block number.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
15 340	Channel %1 block %2 invalid label as target of block search
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	Syntax error! A label must contain at least 2 and not more than 32 characters whereby the first two characters must be letters or underscores. Labels must end in a colon.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Repeat your entry with the corrected label.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
15 350	Channel %1 block %2 target of block search not found
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The specified program has been browsed up to the end of the program without finding the preselected search target.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check the part program, alter the search target (type error in part program) and restart search.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.



15 370	Channel %1 target of block search not found
Explanation	%1 = Channel number
	An invalid search target (e.g. negative block number) has been specified for block search.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Check specified block number, label or string. Repeat your entry with the correct search target.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
15 400	Channel %1 block %2 selected initial ini file does not exist
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The operator has selected an INI block for a read, write or processing function, which:
	1. does not exist in the NCK area, or
	2. which does not have the required protection level required to execute the function.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Check whether the selected INI block is stored in the file system of the NCK. The protection level must be at least the same (or higher) than the protection level defined when creating the file for the read, write or processing function.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
15 410	Channel %1 block %2 initialization file contains invalid M function
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The only M function permitted in an Init block is the end of program with M02, M17 or M30.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Remove all M functions from the Init block (except for the end-of-block character).
	Init blocks may only contain value assignments (and global data definitions if not defined once more in a program executed later), but no movement or syn- chronous actions.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.



15 420	Channel %1 block %2 instruction not accepted in current mode
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	When executing an Init block, the interpreter has found an illegal instruction (e.g. traversing instruction).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Remove all movement functions and auxiliary functions from the init block (except for the end-of-block character).
	Init blocks may only contain value assignments (and global data definitions if not defined once more in a program executed later), but no movement or syn- chronous actions.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
15 460	Channel %1 block %2 syntax conflict with modal G functions
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The addresses programmed in the block are not compatible with the modal, syntax-defining G function.
	<b>Example:</b> N100 G01 I . J. K. LF
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Correct the displayed block; match G functions and addresses in the block with each other.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
15 800	Channel %1 block %2 wrong starting condition for CONTPRON
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	The start conditions for contour preparation (LCYC 95) are faulty:
	G40 (deselection of tool radius compensation) is not active
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Modify part program: Deselect tool radius compensation with G40.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.

16 110	Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 for dwell time not in speed control mode
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis, spindle
	The spindle can be in the following modes: positioning mode, oscillation mode, control mode.
	Positioning mode:
	Position control (spindle position under SPOS)
	Oscillation mode:
	Speed control (M41 - M45 or M40 and S)
	Control mode:
	Speed control (spindle speed under S., M3/M4/M5)
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Check part program for correct spindle number.
	Switch the desired spindle to control mode before calling the dwell time with M3, M4 or M5.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 420	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 repeatedly programmed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	It is not allowed to program an axis several times.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Delete addresses programmed several times.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 500	Channel %1 block %2 chamfer or radius negative
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	A negative chamfer or rounding has been programmed under the key words CHF=, RND=
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.



Remedy	Use only positive values to program chamfers, roundings and modal roundings.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 510	Channel %1 block %2 facing axis is not defined
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label
	Diameter programming has been programmed without facing axis. This function is not available for turning/milling.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Remove diameter programming from the NC program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 700	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 invalid feed type
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	The feed for a thread cutting function has been programmed with an invalid unit.
	1. <b>G33 (thread with constant lead)</b> and feed has not been programmed with G94 or G95.
	<ol> <li>G33 (thread with constant lead) is active (maintained) and, in addition, G63 is programmed in a following block → conflict! (G63 is in the 2nd, G33 in the 1st group).</li> </ol>
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Use only feed type G94 or G95 for thread cutting functions.
	Use G01 to deselect the thread cutting function after G33 and in front of G63.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 710	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 master spindle not programmed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	A master spindle function has been programmed (G33, G95, G96), without programming the speed or the direction of rotation of the master spindle.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.

Remedy	Add S value or direction of rotation for the master spindle in the displayed block.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 715	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 master spindle not in standstill
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number
	The spindle must not move when the function is in use (G74, reference point approach).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Program M5 or SPOS in the part program in front of the faulty block.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 720	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 thread lead is zero
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	No lead has been programmed in a thread block with G33 (thread with constant lead).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	The thread lead for the specified geometry axis must be programmed under the associated interpolation parameter.
	X I Y J Z K
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 730	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 wrong parameter for thread cutting
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	During thread cutting with <b>G33</b> , the parameter has not been specified for the velocity-defining axis (axis with the longest traversing path).
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.

Remedy	Program the thread lead un	der the appropriate Ipo (= interpolation) program.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to cle	ear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 740	Channel %1 block %2 ge	ometry axis must be programmed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label	
	No geometry axis has been However, the geometry axis parameter was specified.	programmed for thread cutting (G33). s is absolutely necessary when an interpolation
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Specify geometry axis and	respective interpolation parameter.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to cle	ear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 760	Channel %1 block %2 ax	is %3 S value missing
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle n	umber
	The spindle speed for tappi has not been specified.	ng without compensation chuck (G331 or G332)
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Program spindle speed under address S in [rev/min] (despite of axis mode); the direction of rotation results from the spindle lead.	
	positive thread lead: negative thread lead:	Direction of rotation as with M03 Direction of rotation as with M04
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to cle	ear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 762	Channel %1 block %2 sp	indle %3 function of thread or drill is active
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number	
	Faulty programming: The spindle function canno The alarm occurs if the spin	t be executed at the moment. Idle is linked with axes via interpolation.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Modify part program. Dese	lect thread cutting or tapping.



Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 763	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 programmed speed is illegal (zero or nega- tive)
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	A speed (S value) with zero value or negative value has been programmed.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	The programmed speed (S value) must be positive. Depending on the particular application, zero can also be accepted (e.g. G25 S0).
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 770	Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 encoder missing
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	A position was programmed for the axis which requires a measuring system. Acc. to MD 30 200 <b>NUM_ENCS</b> , this machine axis has no measuring system.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Remove the respective function (e.g. SPOS) from the part program, or enter an existing measuring system in MD 30 200 NUM_ENCS.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.
16 830	Channel %1 block %2 invalid position for axis/spindle %3 programmed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number
	A position for the modulo axis has been programmed out of the range 0 - 359.999.
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.
Remedy	Program a position within the range 0 - 359.999.
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.



16 903	Channel %1 program control: action %2 not allowed in the current state
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)
	The action concerned cannot be processed at the moment. This can occur when importing machine data, for example.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Wait until the previous operation is completed, or cancel the operation with reset and repeat the action.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
16 904	Channel %1 program control: action %2 not allowed in the current state
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)
	Processing (program, Jog, block search, reference point,) cannot be started or continued in the current state.
Response	Alarm display
Remedy	Check program state and channel state.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
16 905	Channel %1 program control: action %2 not allowed
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)
	Processing cannot be started or continued. A start will only be accepted if an NCK function can be started. Example: A start is accepted in Jog mode, for example, if the function generator is active or a Jog movement has been stopped by the Stop key beforehand.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Check program state and channel state.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.
16 906	Channel %1 program control: action %2 is aborted because of an active alarm
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)
	The action has been canceled due to an alarm.
	Processing cannot be started or continued. A start will only be accepted if an NCK function can be started.
Response	Alarm display.
Remedy	Eliminate the error and acknowledge the alarm. Then restart the process.
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.

16 907	Channel %1 action %2 only possible in stop			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	The action may only be carried out in Stop condition.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Check program state and channel state.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 908	Channel %1 action %2 only possible in reset or at the block end			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Action %2 may only be carried out in reset state or at block end.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Check program state and channel state.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 909	Channel $\%1$ the action $\%2$ is not allowed in current mode			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Another mode must be activated for the activated function.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Check operation and operating mode.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 911	Channel %1 mode change is not allowed			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number			
	Changing from Overstore to another operating mode is not allowed. The 2nd parameter specified describes the recommended operating mode to be selected.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	After you have quitted the Overstore mode, you can change to another mode.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 912	Channel %1 program control: action %2 only possible in reset			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	This action can only be carried out in Reset condition.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Press Reset or wait until processing is completed.			

Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 913	BAG %1 channel %2 mode change: action %3 not allowed			
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Mode group number</li> <li>%3 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)</li> </ul>			
	Changing to the desired mode is not allowed. The change is only allowed in Reset state.			
	<b>Example:</b> The program execution is stopped in AUTO mode by NC Stop. Then, a mode change to JOG is carried out program state "interrupted"). From this operating mode, you can change only to AUTO mode, but not to MDA!			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Either press the Reset key, thus resetting the program execution, or select the mode in which the program execution has been executed until this moment.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 914	Mode group %1 channel %2 mode change: action %3 not allowed			
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Channel number</li> <li>%2 = Mode group number</li> <li>%3 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)</li> </ul>			
	Wrong mode change, e.g.: AUTO $\rightarrow$ MDAREF			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Check operation or selected mode.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 915	Channel %1 action %2 in the current block not allowed			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Reorganization of block processing is currently not possible. Mode change cannot be carried out. The 2nd parameter describes the action recommended to interrupt block execution.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Continue program execution up to a reorganized NC block or modify part program.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			



16 916	Channel $\%1$ reposition: action $\%2$ not allowed in the current state			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Repositioning of block execution is currently not possible. Mode change can therefore not be carried out. The 2nd parameter described the action recommended to use for repositioning.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Continue the program to an NC block which can be repositioned, or modify part program.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 918	Channel %1: for action %2 needs reset in all channel.			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	To execute the action, the channel must be in initial state! (e.g. for loading _N_INITIAL_INI)			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Press the RESET key.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 919	Channel %1 action %2 is not allowed, because of an alarm			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Action $\%2$ cannot be executed due to an alarm or the channel is in error condition.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Press the RESET key.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 920	Channel %1 action %2 is already in enabled			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	An identical action is still being executed.			
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Wait until the previous operation is completed and then repeat the action			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			



16 922	Channel %1 subprograms: action %2 maximum stack level exceeded			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	The current operation can be interrupted by various actions. Depending on the action, control-internal programs are activated. These pro- grams can be interrupted in similar fashion as the NC program. For memory reasons, random nesting depths of the control-internal programs are not possi- ble.			
	<b>Example:</b> The current program execution is interrupted by an interrupt. Any program executions activated prior to this program activation are interrupted by interrupts of a higher priority. Possible actions are Dry Run, Single Block Decoding, Clear Distance to Go, etc.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm.			
Remedy	Press the RESET key.			
	Before starting the program, check the program nesting depth and reduce it or avoid interruptions.			
	<b>Example:</b> It is not recommended to interrupt the approach block of a repositioning process.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 923	Channel %1 program control: action %2 not allowed in the current state			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)			
	Current program execution cannot be stopped, as merely one block search operation is active.			
	For example, this applies to the loading of machine data and to block search until the searched target has been found.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			
Remedy	Press Reset to cancel!			
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.			
16 924	Channel %1 caution: program test will of change the tool data			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number			
	When testing the program, the workpiece data are modified. The data cannot automatically be corrected when the program test is completed.			
	This error message prompts the operator to make a back-up copy of his data or to re-copy the data on completion of this process.			



Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Save the tool data to MMC and recopy them when the program test is completed.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
16 925	Channel %1 program control: action %2 not allowed in the current state		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)		
	The action has been denied, since a process change is being carried out. Proc- ess change means mode change, switching on or off Overstore.		
	<b>Example:</b> NC Start during mode change from AUTOMATIC to MDA.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Repeat the command.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
16 931	Channel %1 subprogram: action %2 maximum stack level exceeded		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Action number/action name (see Section 1.4 Action List)		
	The current operation can be interrupted by various actions. Depending on the action, control-internal programs are activated. These pro- grams can be interrupted in similar fashion as the NC program. For memory reasons, any nesting depth of the control-internal programs is not possible.		
	<b>Example:</b> Do not interrupt the approach block of a repositioning process repeatedly, but wait until the approach block is executed. Possible actions are mode change, block suppression, overstore, etc.		
Response	Alarm display		
Remedy	Initiate block change and repeat the action.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
17 001	Channel %1 block %2 no memory left for tool or magazine data		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	The number of the tool data in the NC is limited.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Delete tools not used.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		

17 010	Channel %1 block %2 no memory left for symbol		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	When executing/importing files of the active user memory, it was detected that the memory available is not sufficient (e.g. for creating the tool offset memory).		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Make more memory space available for subroutine calls and tool offsets.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
17 020	Channel %1 block %2 1st array index out of range		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	A read or write access to a field variable (e.g. arithmetic parameter) with inva- lid 1st field index has been programmed.		
	For example, $R2000 = 5$ ; parameter number 2000 not defined.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Correct the specification of the field elements for the access instruction with respect to the defined size.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
17 070	Channel %1 block %2 data is write protected		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	You have tried to write into a write-protected variable or an MD, for which you have no right to access.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Remove the write accesses to write-protected variables from the NC program or the machine data file.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		

17 080	Channel %1 block %2 value violates lower limit		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	You have tried to write into an MD with a value less than the defined lower limit.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Determine the input limits of the MD and carry out value assignment within these limits.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
17 090	Channel %1 block %2 value violates upper limit		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	You have tried to write into an MD with a value greater than the defined upper limit.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Determine the input limits of the MD and carry out value assignment within these limits.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
17 160	Channel %1 block %2 tool is not selected		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label		
	You have tried to access the current tool compensation data although no tool has been selected.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Program or activate a tool compensation in the NC part program.		
	<b>Example:</b> N100 G T5 D1 LF		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		

17 180	Channel %1 block %2 illegal D number			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label			
	In the displayed block, a D number (edge number) is accessed which is not initialized and therefore does not exist.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.			
Remedy	Check tool call in NC part program:			
	• Are the correct edge number (D number) programmed? If no edge number is specified, D1 is automatically active.			
	• All tool parameters defined? The dimensions of the tool edge must have been entered in advance either via the operator panel or the V24 interface.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
17 190	Channel %1 block %2 illegal T number			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label			
	In the displayed block, a T number (tool number) is accessed which is not initialized and therefore does not exist.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.			
Remedy	Check tool call in NC part program:			
	• Is the correct tool number T programmed?			
	• Tool parameters P1 - P25 defined? The dimensions of the tool edge must have been entered in advance either via the operator panel or the V24 interface.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
17 200	Channel %1 block %2: cannot delete an active tool			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label			
	You have tried to remove the tool data for a workpiece currently being ma- chined from the part program. Tool data for workpieces currently being ma- chined must not be deleted. This applies both to the tool preselected and changed by T, and for tools for which a constant wheel circumferential speed or tool monitoring is active.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			



	Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.			
Remedy	Deselect tool			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
17 220	Channel %1 block %2 tool not available			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label			
	Whenever you try to access a tool that has not (yet) been defined using a T number.			
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Interpreter stop. NC Start inhibited.			
Remedy	Correct the NC program.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
20 000	Channel %1 axis %2 reference cam not reached			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number			
	After starting reference point approach, the rising edge of the reducing cam must be reached within the distance defined in MD 34 030 <b>REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST</b> (phase 1 of referencing). (This error occurs <b>only in the case of incremental encoders</b> ).			
Response	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			
Remedy	This may have three possible error causes:			
	<ol> <li>The value in MD 34 030 REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST is too low. Determine the maximum possible path from the beginning of referencing to the reducing cam and compare with the value in MD 34 030 REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST; if necessary increase MD.</li> </ol>			
	2. The cam signal does not pass to the PLC input unit. Actuate the reference-point switch manually and check the input signal at the NC/PLC interface (Path: switch! plug! cable! PLC input! user pro- gram).			
	3. The reference-point switch is not actuated by the cam. Check the vertical distance between reducing cam and actuating switch.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			

20 001	Channel %1 axis %2 cam signal missing		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	At the beginning of phase 2 of reference-point approach, the signal from the reducing cam is no longer available.		
	Phase 2 of reference-point approach starts when the axis stops on the reducing cam after decelerating. Then the axis starts in the opposite direction to select the next zero mark of the measuring system when leaving/re-approaching (negative/positive edge) the reducing cam.		
Response	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Check whether the <b>deceleration distance</b> from the starting velocity is greater than the reference cam - in this case, the axis can only stop behind the cam. User longer cams.		
	When the axis has stopped on the cam, check whether the signal "DELAYED REFERENCE-POINT APPROACH" (V380x1000.7) is still provided.		
	• Hardware: wire break? short circuit?		
	• Software: user program?		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
20 002	Channel %1 axis %2 zero reference mark not found		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The zero mark of the <b>incremental position encoder</b> is not within the defined path.		
	The 2nd phase of reference-point approach ends when the zero mark of the encoder has been detected after the rising/falling edge of the PLC interface signal "DELAYED REFERENCE-POINT APPROACH" (V 380x1000.7) has initiated trigger start. The maximum path distance between trigger start and the zero mark following after the trigger start is defined in MD 34 060 <b>REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST</b> .		
	The monitoring prevents the zero mark signal from being overtraveled and the next zero mark signal from being evaluated as a reference-point signal! (Faulty cam adjustment or too high delay by PLC user program).		
Response	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Check cam adjustment and provide for sufficient distance between the end of the cam and the zero mark signal following after the end of the cam. The dis- tance must be longer than the distance which the axis can traverse within the PLC cycle time.		



	Increase MD 34 060 <b>REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST</b> , but the value may not be higher than the distance between 2 zero marks. This would possibly switch off the monitoring!		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
20 004	Channel %1 axis %2 reference mark missing		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The required 2 reference marks of the <b>distance-coded length measuring sys-</b> <b>tem</b> have not been found within the defined search path (axis-specific MD 34 060 <b>REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST</b> ).		
	Distance-coded scales do not need reducing cams. (But if any, it will be evalu- ated.) The conventional direction key defines the search direction. The search path <b>REFP_MAX_MARKER_ DIST</b> expected within the 2 refer- ence marks counts from the start point.		
Response	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Determine the <b>distance</b> between 2 odd reference marks (reference-point interval). Then enter this value (in the case of Heidenhain scales, 20.00 mm) in MD 34 060 <b>REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST</b> .		
	Check the <b>reference track</b> of the scale incl. evaluation electronics.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
20 005	Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach aborted		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The channel-specific referencing could not be completed for all axes specified (e.g. cancellation due to missing servo enable, measuring system change, re- leasing the direction key, etc.).		
Response	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Check cancel facilities:		
	• Servo enable missing (V 380x0001.1)		
	• Direction keys + or - missing (V 380x0004.6 and .7)		
	• Feed override = 0		
	Which axes are involved in channel-specific referencing is determined by the axis-specific MD 34 110 <b>REFP_CYCLE_NR</b> .		
	-1: No channel-specific referencing, NC start without referencing		
	<b>0:</b> No channel-specific referencing, NC start with referencing.		

	1-8: Cha the r the r	<b>nnel-specific</b> referencing. The entered number corresponds to efferencing order. (When all axes with contents 1 have reached efference point, the axes with contents 2 will start, etc.).		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
20 006	Channel %1 axis %2 reference point creep velocity not reached			
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number			
	During the 2nd end of the cam not in the tolera of the cam. Pha started).	phase of reference-point approach (waiting for zero mark), the has been reached, but the reference-point approach speed was ince window. (This is possible if the axis rests already at the end se 1 is thus considered as already completed and will not be		
	Phase 2 is canc automatically reven with the 2 message is outp	eled (now in front of the cam), and reference-point approach is estarted with phase 1. If the approach velocity is not yet reached nd try, referencing is finally aborted, and a respective alarm out.		
	Approach speed Speed tolerance	I: MD 34 040 REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER : MD 35 150 SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL		
Response	NC Stop at alar NC Start inhibi Alarm display. Interface signal	m. ted. s are set.		
Remedy	MD for the app Reduce <b>REFP</b> _ the speed tolera	roach speed MD 34 040 VELO_SEARCH_MARKER and/or increase the MD for nce MD 35 150 SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESE	T key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
20 050	Channel %1 a	xis %2 handwheel mode active		
Explanation	%1 = Channel = %2 = Axis nam	number e, spindle number		
	The axes canno still being carri	t be traversed using the conventional method, since traversing is ed out via the handwheel.		
Response	Alarm display.			
Remedy	Decide whether handwheel. Exi go" (V 380x00	you want to traverse the axis via the direction keys or via the t handwheel traverse, if necessary with "Clear axis distance to 02.2).		
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.			


20 051	Channel %1 axis %2 handwheel mode not possible		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The axis is already traversed via the direction keys; traversing via handwheel is thus no longer possible.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Decide whether you want to traverse the axis via the direction keys or via the handwheel.		
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.		
20 055	Channel %1 Master spindle does not exist in JOG mode		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number		
	You wish to traverse at revolutional feedrate in the JOG mode, but there is no master spindle.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Define the master spindle.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the cancel key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
20 056	JOG: Channel %1 axis %2 no revolutional feedrate possible. Axis/spindle %3 stationary		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Axis name, spindle number		
	An axis is to be traversed in JOG mode with feedrate per revolution. However, the feed of the spindle/axis from which the feed is to be derived is zero.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	The spindle/axis from which the feed is to be derived is to be traversed.		
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause. No further operation re- quired.		
20 057	Channel %1 block %3 Revolutional feedrate for axis/spindle %2 is <= 0		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label		
	Revolutional feedrate has been programmed for an axis/spindle, but no veloc- ity/speed was specified, or the programmed value is less than zero.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		

	NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited. Channel processing not ready.		
Remedy	Correct the part program accordingly.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
20 062	Channel %1 axis %2 already active		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The axis to be traversed cannot be traversed, since it is already being traversed.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Start the geometry axis only when the traversing movement as a machine axis is completed.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
21 612	Channel %1 axis %2 VDI signal 'drive enable' reset during traverse mo- tion		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The Servo Enable interface signal (V 380x0002.1) has been set to zero for the displayed axis, although an axis of the geometry group has been moved.		
Response	NC Start inhibited. Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Stop at alarm.		
Remedy	Check interface signal "Servo Enable" (V 380x0002.1). Trace the signal back to the sections in the PLC user program from which the signal is linked and set/deleted.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
21 614	Channel %1 axis %2 hardware limit switch %3 reached		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = String (+, - or +/-)		
	The VDI signal "Hardware Limit Switch" (V 380x1000.0 or 1) has been set at the NC/PLC interface.		
Response	Alarm display. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	<ol> <li>With axes already approached to the reference point, software switch 1 or 2 should respond before the hardware limit switch is reached. Check POS_LIMIT_PLUS, POS_LIMIT_MINUS, POS_LIMIT_ PLUS2 and POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 (MD 36 100 - 36 130), as well as the</li> </ol>		

	interface signal for the selection 1st/2nd software limit switch (V 380x1000.2 and .3) and correct if necessary (PLC user program).		
	2. If the axis has not yet been approached to the reference point, you can leave the hardware limit switch in JOG mode in the opposite direction.		
	3. Check the PLC user program and the link from the switch to the PLC input unit if the axis has not at all reached the hardware limit switch.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
22 000	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 change of gear stage not possible		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label		
	Automatic gear change selection with M40 has been programmed. The new M word is not in the currently selected gear stage, but the spindle is not in <b>''con-trol mode''.</b>		
	The automatic gear stage change (M40 in conjunction with the spindle speeds under address S) requires <b>"control mode"</b> of the spindle.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Change to control mode of spindle in front of the S word that requires gear stage change.		
	The change to the control mode is carried out with:		
	• M03, M04, M05 or M41 M45 from axis mode and positioning mode		
	• interface signal "Gear changed" (V 38032000.3) from oscillation drive		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
22 010	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 actual gear stage differs from re- quested gear stage.		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label		
	The required gear stage change has been completed. The actual gear stage signaled (activated) from the PLC does not match with the nominal gear stage requested from the NC. Note: It is recommended to use always the requested gear stage.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Correct the PLC program.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		

22 050	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 transition from speed control mode to position control mode not possible		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label		
	Transition from speed control to position control is not possible: When position control is switched on, the spindle speed is greater than the limit speed of the measuring system.		
Response	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Preset lower speed (S value) prior to switching on.		
	Sacrifice of SPOS, SPOSA and SPCON, or connect measuring system.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
22 053	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 reference mode not supported		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label		
Response	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Change setting of MD 34 200 ENC_REFP_MODE, change to JOG + REF and then approach reference point. Correct PLC program.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
22 062	Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach: search speed for zero mark (MD) is not reached		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The configured zero mark search speed is not reached.		
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited NC Stop at alarm		
Remedy	Check active speed limiting. Configure lower zero mark search speed in MD 34 040 <b>REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER</b> . Check the tolerance range for the actual speed MD 35 150 <b>SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL</b> . Set another referencing mode MD 34 200 <b>ENC_REFP_MODE</b> .		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		

22 064	Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach: search speed for zero mark (MD) is too high	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number	
	The configured zero mark search speed is too high. The encoder frequency for the active measuring system is exceeded.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited NC Stop at alarm	
Remedy	Check active speed limitation. Configure lower zero mark search speed MD 34 040 <b>REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER</b> . Check encoder limit frequency con- figuration MD 36 300 <b>ENC_FREQ_LIMIT</b> and MD 36 302 <b>ENC_FREQ_LIMIT_LOW</b> . Set another referencing mode MD 34 200 <b>ENC_REFP_MODE</b>	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
22 100	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 chuck speed exceeded	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label	
	The actual speed of the displayed spindle is greater than defined in the axis- specific MD 35 100 <b>SPIND_VELO_LIMIT</b> plus the tolerance set in MD 35 150 <b>SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL</b> .	
	Correct optimization by the drive manufacturer provided, this alarm cannot occur!	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Check start-up and optimization data with respect of the Start-Up Instructions of the drive manufacturer and correct them.	
	Increase tolerance window in MD 35 150 SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	



22 101	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 maximum speed for encoder resyn- chronization exceeded	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label	
	The limit frequency of the active encoder (axis-specific MD 36 300 ENC_FREQ_LIMIT) has been exceeded for one of the functions G33 (thread cutting with encoder), G95 (revolution feedrate) or G96 (constant cutting speed). The spindle synchronization got lost as a result of this.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Check the limit frequency default data specified for this encoder in MD 36 300 <b>ENC_FREQ_LIMIT</b> .	
	Check the maximum spindle speed in the axis-specific MD 35 130 GREAR_STEP_MAX_VELO_LIMIT and correct (reduce) it if necessary.	
	Program an upper spindle speed limitation with <b>G26 S.</b> in the preceding NC block which must be below the maximum encoder limit frequency.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
22 200	Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 axis stop during tapping	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label	
	The drilling axis has been stopped via the NC/PLC interface during tapping with compensation chuck (G63) - the spindle continues rotating. The thread and (in some cases) also the tapping drill have been damaged as a result of this.	
Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Stop at alarm. NC Start inhibited.	
Remedy	Provide for interlock in NC user program so that no axis stop can be initiated when tapping is active. If the tapping operation is to be aborted in critical ma- chine conditions, spindle and axis must be stopped at the same time if possible. Slight deviations will be compensated by the compensation chuck.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
22 250	Channel %1 spindle %2 axis stopped during thread cutting	
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name, spindle number	
	The thread cutting axis has been stopped during an active thread block.	
	The stop can be caused by VDI signals resulting in feed interruption.	



Response	Alarm display. Interface signals are set. NC Start inhibited.		
Remedy	Check the axis/spindle-specific stop signals (V 380x0004.3).		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
22 260	Channel %1 spindle %2 thread might be damaged		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Axis name %3 = Block number		
	When <b>DECODING SINGLE BLOCK</b> is selected and several thread blocks are linked with each other, machining breaks lasting as long as the next following block is executed with NC restart arise at the end of blocks.		
	When the control system is operated in normal single block mode, a higher- level logic stops the program only at the end of those blocks at which no con- tour falsifications or contour errors might occur. In the case of chained thread blocks, this is after the last thread block!		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	If only one thread block is programmed, the alarm message can be ignored.		
	In the case of several thread blocks following one after another, do not execute this machining step in the automatic mode <b>DECODING SINGLE BLOCK</b> .		
Program continua- tion by	Press NC START to clear the alarm and continue program execution.		
22 270	Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 spindle speed too high for thread cut- ting		
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The spindle speed for thread cutting G 33 is so high that the maximum axis speed is exceeded due to the programmed axis speed.		
Response	Alarm display.		
Remedy	Program a lower spindle speed or speed limitation with G26 S or reduce the spindle speed prior to the thread block via setting data 43 220 <b>SPIND_MAX_VELO_G26</b> or the spindle override.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.		
25 000	Axis %1 hardware fault of active encoder		
Explanation %1 = Axis name, spindle number			
	The signals of the currently active actual-position encoder are either missing (interface signal V 380x001.5), are not in phase or have ground connection/short circuit.		
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation.		

	NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set. The axes are no longer synchronized with the machine actual value (reference point).		
Remedy	Check if the <b>measuring circuit connector</b> is connected correctly. Check encoder signals and replace encoder in case of errors.		
Program continua- tion by	Power ON		
25 010	Axis %1 pollution of active encoder		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The encoder used for position control signals pollution signal (only with meas- uring systems that provide this option).		
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set. The axes are no longer synchronized with the machine actual value (reference point).		
Remedy	Check the measuring system with respect of the settings of the measuring system manufacturer.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
25 020	Axis %1 zero mark monitoring of active encoder		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The pulses of the position encoder between 2 zero mark pulses are counted (hardware function). It is checked whether the encoder always provides the same number of pulses between the zero marks. As soon as a deviation in the 4 less-significant bits of the counter is ignored, an alarm is output.		
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set. The axes are no longer synchronized with the machine actual value (reference point).		
Remedy	The deviations might have been caused by transmission errors, interference, encoder hardware errors or errors in the evaluation electronics of the encoder used for position control. Therefore, the following should be checked in the actual value branch:		

	<ol> <li>Transmission path: Check the actual value connector on the motor for correct contacting; check encoder cable for continuity, short circuit and ground connection (loose contact?).</li> <li>Encoder pulses: Encoder supply within tolerance limits?</li> <li>Evaluation electronics: Change/reconfigure the drive module used.</li> <li>The monitoring can be switched off by setting MD 36 310</li> </ol>		
	ENC_ZERO_MONITORING to "0".		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
25 030	Axis %1 actual velocity alarm		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The actual speed of the axis is checked cyclically in IPO clock. If there is no error, the actual speed can never be higher than defined in the axis-specific MD 36 200 <b>AX_VELO_LIMIT</b> (threshold value for speed monitoring). This threshold value specified in [mm/min, rev/min] is entered by approx. 5 - 10 % greater than it can occur with the maximum traversing speed. Drive errors might result in exceeding the speed what causes the alarm.		
Response	Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Check speed setpoint cable (bus cable). Check actual values and position-control direction. Change position-control direction if the axis rotates uncontrolled $\rightarrow$ axis- specific MD 32 110 ENC_FEEDBACK_POL = < -1, 0, 1 >. Increase monitoring limit value in MD 36 200 AX_VELO_LIMIT.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
25 040	Axis %1 standstill monitoring		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The NC monitors holding of the position in standstill. The monitoring is started after an axis-specific time set in MD 36 040 <b>STANDSTILL_DELAY_TIME</b> after the interpolation has been completed. It is continuously checked whether the axis remains within its tolerance threshold set in MD 36 030 <b>STANDSTILL_POS_TOL</b> .		
	The following cases are possible:		
	1. The interface signal SERVO ENABLE (V 380x0002.1) is zero, as the axis is clamped mechanically. Mechanic influences (e.g. high forces due to machining) cause the axis to leave its permissible position tolerance.		
	2. With the position control circuit closed (without clamping) - interface signal SERVO ENABLE (V 380x0002.1) IS "1" - high mechanical forces with low gain in the open-loop position control circuit cause the axis to leave its position.		

Response	Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	<ul> <li>Check MD 36 040 STANDSTILL_DELAY_TIME and MD 36 030 STANDSTILL_POS_TOL and increase if necessary.</li> </ul>		
	• Estimate <b>machining forces</b> and reduce by feed reduction/speed increase if necessary.		
	• Increase clamping pressure.		
	• Increase <b>gain</b> in the open-loop position control circuit by improved opti- mization (loop-gain factor MD 32 200 <b>POSCTRL_GAIN</b> ).		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
25 050	Axis %1 contour monitoring		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The NCK calculates the actual value for each interpolation point (setpoint) of an axis, which should result from an internal model. If the difference amount between this calculated actual value and the real machine actual value is higher than the amount set in MD <b>CONTOUR_TOL</b> , the program is aborted and the alarm output.		
Response	Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	• Check <b>optimization of the position controller (loop-gain factor in MD</b> <b>32 200 POSCTRL_GAIN)</b> to make sure that the axis follows the setpoint setting dead-beat. Otherwise, speed controller optimization must be im- proved or the loop-gain factor (K <sub>v</sub> factor) be reduced.		
	• Check acceleration in MD 32 300 MAX_AX_ACCEL. If the current limits are reached because of too high acceleration, the open-loop position control is disconnected as a result of this. The "lost" actual value is recovered in the form of an overshoot as soon as the open-loop position control circuit is closed again.		
	Improve speed controller optimization		
	• Check mechanics (smooth running, rotational masses).		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
25 060	Axis %1 desired speed limit		
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The speed setpoint has exceeded its upper limit MD 36 210 CTRLOUT_LIMIT longer than allowed. The specified axis speed exceeds the motor nominal speed set in MD 32 260 RATED_VELO.		

Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	
Remedy	Correct setting of the drive controller and normal machining conditions pro- vided, this alarm should not occur.	
	• Check actual values: local heavy running of carriage, speed dip and torque peak in case of workpiece/tool contact, traversing to a fixed obstacle, etc.	
	• Check direction of position control: Does the axis move uncontrolled?	
	• Check speed setpoint cable.	
	• Reduce axis speed or increase MD 32 260 <b>RATED_VELO</b> .	
Program continua- tion by	The stepping-switch motor axes must be re-referenced. Press the RESET key to clear the alarm.	
25 070	Axis %1 drift limit exceeded	
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number	
	For analog drives only!	
	The permissible maximum value of the drift (internal drift value integrated to the automatic drift compensation) has been exceeded during compensation! The permissible maximum value is defined in the axis-specific MD 36 710 <b>DRIFT_LIMIT</b> . The drift value itself is not limited.	
	Automatic drift compensation: MD 36 700 <b>DRIFT_ENABLE</b> = 1 The deviation of the actual position to the set position (drift) is automatically checked cyclically in IPO clock and automatically compensated to zero by slowly integrating an internal drift value.	
	Manual drift compensation: MD 36 700 <b>DRIFT_ENABLE</b> = 0 A static offset can be added to the speed setpoint in MD 36 720 <b>DRIFT_VALUE</b> . It will not be included in the speed monitoring, since it acts as a voltage zero offset.	
Response	Alarm display.	
Remedy	Readjust drift compensation with automatic drift compensation on the drive switched off until the following error is approximately zero. Then reactivate automatic drift compensation to compensate dynamic drift changes (heating).	
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.	



25 080	Axis %1 positioning monitoring			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle	%1 = Axis name, spindle number		
	The axis of blocks in wh positioning window afte 020 <b>POSITIONING_T</b> Exact stop coarse: Exact stop fine:	ich "exact stop" is active must have reached the exact r the positioning time set in the axis-specific MD 36 IME. MD 36 000 STOP_LIMIT_COARSE MD 36 010 STOP_LIMIT_FINE		
	Response			
	Channel not ready for op NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follo Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	peration. w-up mode.		
Remedy	Check whether the exact stop limit (coarse and fine) corresponds to the dy- namic possibilities of the axes; otherwise, increase the exact stop limit, if nec- essary, in conjunction with the positioning time defined in MD 36 020 <b>POSITIONING_TIME</b> .			
	possible. Check setting of the loop <b>POSCTRL_GAIN</b> ); inc	possible. Check setting of the loop-gain factor ( $K_V$ factor) (MD 32 200 <b>POSCTRL GAIN</b> ); increase if necessary.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
25 201	Axis %1 drive fault			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number			
	For step-switching motor axes only:			
	The rotation monitoring error occurred. The step-switching motor lost steps due to overload.			
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. Alarm display. Interface signals are set. Reference point lost.			
Remedy	Check application (accel	Check application (accelerations, speeds)		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm; approach reference point.			
26 000	Axis %1 clamping monitoring			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle	e number		
	The clamped axis has been pressed from its position. The permissible deviation is defined in the axis-specific MD 36 050 <b>CLAMP_POS_TOL</b> .			
	Axis clamping is activate V 380x0002.3: "Clamping	ed by the axis-specific interface signal ng running".		



Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			
Remedy	Determine deviation of actual position to set position and - depending on this - either increase the permissible tolerance in the MD or provide for mechanical improvement of the clamping (e.g. increase clamping pressure).			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.			
26 002	Axis %1 encoder %2 resolution configured for drive and position con- troller differ			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number %2 = Encoder number			
	An illegal value has been entered in MD 31 020 ENC_RESOL, e.g., Ø.			
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			
Remedy	For step-switching motors: The number of encoder marks specified in MD 31 020 <b>ENC_RECOL</b> must be the same as in MD 31 400 <b>STEP_RESOL</b> .			
Program continua- tion by	Power ON			
26 003	Axis %1 invalid lead screw pitch			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number			
	The lead of the ball rolling/trapezoidal spindle set in the axis-specific MD 31 030 <b>LEADSCREW_PITCH</b> is zero.			
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation.			
	Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.			
Remedy	Determine the lead of the ball rolling spindle (information of the machine- manufacturer or measure the lead with the spindle cover removed) and enter the value in MD 31 030 <b>LEADSCREW_PITCH</b> (in most cases, 10 or 5 mm/rev).			
Program continua- tion by	Power ON			

26 005	Axis %1 invalid output rating configured					
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number					
	The output evaluation of the analer <b>RATED_VELO</b> is illegal (e.g. zeta)	The output evaluation of the analog speed setpoint set in MD 32 260 <b>RATED_VELO</b> is illegal (e.g. zero).				
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.					
Remedy	Enter the motor nominal speed in	MD 32 2	260 RATED_VELO.			
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the	alarm. Ro	estart part program.			
26 006	Axis %1 encoder %2 encoder t	ype/outp	ut type %3 not possible			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number %2 = Encoder number %3 = Encoder type/output type					
	Permissible settings: MD 30 240 ENC_TYPE	= 0 = 2 - 3	Simulation Square-wave encoder Step-switching motor selection			
	MD 30 130 CTRLOUT_TYPE	= 0 = 1 = 2	Simulation Standard Step-switching motor selection			
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mo Alarm display. Interface signals are set.	r operatic de.	on.			
Remedy	Check MD 32 240 ENC_TYPE and/or MD 30 130 CTRL_OUT_TYPE and correct if necessary.					
Program continua- tion by	Control system OFF-ON.					
26 014	Axis %1 machine data %2 inva	lid value	2			
Explanation	%1 = Axis name, spindle number %2 = String: MD identifier					
	MD contains invalid value.					
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode.					



	Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Repeat your entry with the correct value and Power On.		
Program continua- tion by	Power ON		
26 015	Axis %1 machine data %2 [%3] invalid value		
Explanation	<ul> <li>%1 = Axis name, spindle number</li> <li>%2 = String: MD identifier</li> <li>%3 = Index: MD array index</li> </ul>		
	MD contains an invalid value.		
Response	Mode group ('BAG') not ready for operation. Channel not ready for operation. NC Start inhibited. NC Stop at alarm. The NC changes to follow-up mode. Alarm display. Interface signals are set.		
Remedy	Repeat your entry with the correct value and Power On.		
Program continua- tion by	Power ON		



## 1.2 Cycle Alarms

61 000	No tool offset active				
Source (cycle)	LCYC75				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Program a tool with tool offset in the called program.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 001	Thread lead incorrectly defined				
Source (cycle)	LCYC84 LCYC840				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Check parameter R106 (R106=0).				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 002	Type of machining incorrectly defined				
Source (cycle)	LCYC93 LCYC95 LCYC97				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	The value of parameters R105 for the machining type is incorrectly set and must be altered.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 003	3rd. axis do not exist				
Source (cycle)	LCYC82 LCYC83 LCYC84 LCYC840 LCYC85				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Check machine configuration and plane selection.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 004	Configuration of axis is not correct				
Source (cycle)	LCYC60 LCYC61 LCYC75				



Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Check machine configuration (one geometry axis missing).				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 007	First drilling depth incorrectly defined				
Source (cycle)	LCYC83				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Alter the value for the first drilling depth (the first drilling depth is opposite to the total drilling depth).				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 101	Reference plane incorrectly defined				
Source (cycle)	LCYC75 LCYC82 LCYC83 LCYC84 LCYC840 LCYC85				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Check parameters R101, R103, R104: R103=R104 or R103 is not between R101 and R104.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 102	No spindle direction programmed				
Source (cycle)	LCYC840				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Value of parameter R107 is greater than 4 or less than 3.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 103	Number of holes is zero				
Source (cycle)	LCYC60 LCYC61				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Parameter $R119 = 0$ .				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 105	Milling cutter radius too big				
Source (cycle)	LCYC75				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				

RemedyThe milling cutter radius in the tool offset memory is greater than the poor groove width (R119 or R118). Use smaller cutter or modify pocket width.		
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
61 106	Number of or distance between circular elements	
Explanation	LCYC61	
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted.	
Remedy	Faulty parameterization of R119 or R1220. The arrangement of the circle elements on a full circle is not possible.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
61 107	First drilling depth incorrectly defined	
Explanation	LCYC83.	
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted	
Remedy	Modify value for the first drilling depth (first drilling depth is opposite to the total drilling depth).	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm.	
61 108	Wrong milling direction	
Source (cycle)	LCYC75	
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted	
Remedy	Faulty parameter R126. This is greater than 3 or less than 2.	
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.	
61 109	Parameterized cycle parameters incorrectly defined	
Explanation	LCYC60 LCYC61	
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted.	
Remedy	Parameter R115 is faulty. The parameterized cycle number is missing.	
Program continua- tion byPress the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.		
61 601	Finished part diameter too small	
Source (Cycle)	LCYC94	
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted	
Remedy	A finished-part diameter < 3mm has been programmed. Increase value.	

Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 602	Tool width incorrectly defined				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC93				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	The tool width (parameter R107) does not match with the programmed recess shape.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 603	Recess type incorrectly defined				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC93				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	The recess form is incorrectly programmed.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 605	Contour incorrectly defined				
Explanation	LCYC95				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted.				
Remedy	Contour contains undercut elements that must be removed.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 606	Error during contour preparation				
Explanation	LCYC95				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted.				
Remedy	Check contour subroutine. Check machining parameter (R105).				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 607	Starting point incorrectly defined				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC95				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	The start point reached prior to the cycle call is not outside the square de- scribed by the contour subroutine.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 608	Indirect tool point direction programmed				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC94				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				



Remedy	An edge position 1 4 matching with the recess shape must be programmed.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 609	Shape incorrectly defined				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC94				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	Check parameters for the recess shape.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
61 610	Infeed depth not programmed				
Source (Cycle)	LCYC95				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted				
Remedy	The parameter R108>0 for the infeed depth must be programmed for roughing.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				
62 000	Channel %1 block %2				
Explanation	%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Text index for cycle alarms				
	See SIEMENS Cycle Description				
Response	Alarm display.				
Remedy	See SIEMENS Cycle Description				
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm. No further operation required.				
62 101	Finishing allowance has been reduced to possible value				
Explanation	LCYC75				
Response	Block preparation in NC is aborted.				
Remedy	The cutter diameter is larger than the pocket or groove width minus the finish- ing allowance. Either use a smaller cutter, or reduce the finishing allowance, or enlarge the pocket/groove width.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the RESET key to clear the alarm. Restart part program.				



### 1.3 PLC Alarms

400 000	PLC Stop [type]				
Explanation	PLC is not in cyclic	PLC is not in cyclic operation. Traversing with machine is not possible.			
	Type: 1 2 3	Ready (user program has not been started) Break (user program has been interrupted) Error (further PLC alarm with PLC Stop exists)			
Response	Alarm display				
Remedy	Eliminate other PLC set start-up switch to or test user program	Eliminate other PLC alarm; set start-up switch to a position other than 4, or test user program.			
Program continua- tion by	POWER ON Select Start-Up mer Start via PT 802 Pro	POWER ON Select Start-Up menu to continue Start via PT 802 Programming Tool			
400 002	System error [type	]			
Explanation	%1 = Type number				
	This alarm refers yo number displayed p tion.	bu to internal error states that in conjunction with the error rovide you with information on error cause and error loca-			
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy	Please report this er For error cause refe number	ror with type number to Siemens. r to the specified software section in the displayed line			
Program continua- tion by	POWER ON				
400 003	Connection to op.	panel faulty			
Explanation	A fault in the conne during cyclic operat	ction between operator panel and PLC has been detected ion.			
Response	Emergency Stop				
Remedy	Check cable connec	tion to operator panel or replace operator panel.			
Program continua- tion by	Press CLEAR to cle	ear the alarm.			
400 004	Code error: Netwo	ork [No.] [string]			
Explanation	[ No. ] = Network n [ string ] = internal	umber error code			
	The user program c system.	ontains an operation which is not supported by the control			
Response	PLC stop				

Remedy	Modify user program and reload.				
Program continua- tion by	POWER ON.				
400 005	Start-up switch set to PLC stop				
Explanation	The user program is not executed				
Response	Alarm display				
Remedy	Set the start-up switch to a position other than 4.				
Program continua- tion by	The alarm display disappears with the alarm cause.				
400 006	Buffered PLC data deleted				
Explanation	This can have the following causes:				
	• Operator action (e.g. PLC overall reset, boot with default values)				
	• Operator action "Boot with saved data", without first saving data				
	• Back-up time exceeded				
Response	Alarm display				
Remedy	Update required data.				
Program continua- tion by	Press the Clear key to clear the alarm.				
400 007	<b>Operand error: Network [No.] [string]</b>				
Explanation	%1 = Network number %2 = Faulty variable				
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy Check the displayed variable in the user program for address range vi invalid data type and alignment errors. If the error concerns PLC inputs or outputs, missing or defective I/O may be the cause.					
Program continua- tion by	Power ON				
400 008	Programmed tool version not compatible [version]				
Explanation	This version is not compatible with the product stage of the control system.				
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy	Compile the user program with a compatible Programming Tool version and load it into the control system.				
Program continua- tion by	Power ON				
400 009	Runtime overflow at PLC in network				
Explanation	Check the user program of the respectively displayed network.				
Response	PLC stop				



Remedy	Modify user program.				
Program continua- tion by	Power ON				
400 010	Arithmetic error in network of user program: [No.] [type]				
Explanation	Check the user p	Check the user program in the specified network.			
	[No.]	Network number			
	Type 1:	Division by zero with normal arithmetic			
	Type 2:	Floating point error			
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy	Modify user prog	gram.			
Program continua- tion by	Power ON.				
400 011	Permitted num	per of subroutine levels in network exceeded [No.]			
Explanation	[No.]	Network number			
	Check the user p	rogram in the specified network.			
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy	Modify user prog	gram.			
Program continua- tion by	Power ON				
400 013	PLC user progr	am faulty			
Explanation	The PLC user program in the control system is defective or missing.				
Response	PLC stop				
Remedy	Reload PLC user program.				
Program continua- tion by	Power ON				



## 1.4 Action List

	No./Name	Explanation		Not allowed if		Remedy
1.	INIT	Carry out INI phase (the tasks are initialized after Power On)				
2.	RESET	RESET (VDI signal: after Reset, mode group reset ('BAG RESET') or Power On)				
3.	RESET_INITBLOCK	Activate Reset init blocks (VDI signal: after Reset)				
4.	PROG_END	Carry out RESET, end of program has been detected (NC block with M30)				
5.	MODESWITCHTOA- PROGMODE	Changing from operating mode to program mode MDA or Auto- matic (VDI signal: BAG)	1. 2. 3. 4.	the channel is active (program running, block search, loading of machine data) the program has already been started in another program mode. a channel has left the mode group because of an interrupt. Overstore or Digitalize has been selected.	1	Press RESET to abort the program or stop program (not during block search or ma- chine data loading) Abort program using the Reset key Press RESET to abort the program or wait until interrupt is completed. Deselect Overstore Digitalize
6.	MODESWITCHTOSAVE-MODE	Automatic change from an internal operating mode to the externally set operating mode (During TEACH_IN, it is tried after each stop to switch over from the internal operating mode "AUTOMATIC, MDA" to TEACH_IN)				



No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
7. MODESWITCHTOHAND-MODE	Changing from the operating mode to a man- ual mode (VDI signal: JOG, TEACH_IN, REF)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth: Various events (e.g. interrupt) may interrupt execution of the current program. Depending on the par- ticular event, ASUP programs are activated. These ASUP programs can be aborted in the same manner as the user program. For memory reasons, any nesting depth of the ASUP programs is not possible.</li> <li>the channel is active (program running, block search, loading of machine data)</li> <li>a channel has left the mode group because of an interrupt.</li> <li>Overstore or Digitalize is selected.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Press RESET to abort the program</li> <li>⇒ Press RESET to abort the program or stop the program (not during block search or machine data loading)</li> <li>⇒ Press RESET to abort the program or wait until the interrupt is completed.</li> <li>⇒ Deselect Overstore / Digitalize</li> </ul>
8. OVERSTOREON	Selection of Overstore mode (PI command).		
9. OVERSTOREOFF	Deselection of Overstore mode (PI command).		
10. SYNCHWITHREPOS	Synchronize advance and main part of program, e.g. switch on open- loop axis control (VDI signal: follow-up mode)		
11. INTERRUPT	Carry out user interrupt "ASUP" (VDI signal: digital-analog interface, ASUP interface).	<ol> <li>the channel is active due to block search or machine data loading</li> <li>the channel is stopped and the Asup "ASUP_START_MASK" must be started and the current block cannot be reorganized.</li> <li>Digitalize is selected</li> <li>reference-point approach has not yet been carried out</li> <li>the current block in which program execution has been stopped can- not be reorganized, since decel- eration is carried out aver several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Wait until block search or machine data loading is com- pleted, or press the RESET key to abort the program</li> <li>⇒ Activate block change as long as the NC block can be reor- ganized.</li> <li>⇒ Deselect Digitalize</li> <li>⇒ Carry out reference-point approach or ignore this condi- tion by setting the machine data "ASUP_START_MASK".</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>
12. INTERRUPTFASTLIFT-OFF	Carry out user interrupt "ASUP" with quick lifting (VDI signal: digital-analog interface)	See 11	
13. INTERRUPTBLSYNC	Carry out user interrupt at end of block (VDI signal: digital-analog interface)	See 11	



No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
14. FASTLIFTOFF	Carry out quick lifting (VDI signal: digital-analog interface and ASUP interface, further actions are: 11, 12, 13, 88, 89).		
15. TM_MOVETOOL	Move tool - with tool man- agement only - (Pl command)		
16. DELDISTOGO	Carry out "Delete distance to go" (VDI signal: Delete distance to go, synchro- nous response)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>
17. FASTDELDISTOGO	Carry out "Delete distance to go quickly". Block execution is not reorganized (VDI signal: Delete distance to go, synchronous response)		
18. DELDISTOGOWITHOUT_STOP	Carry out "Delete distance to go quickly". Reor- ganization and stop movement are not carried out. (VDI signal: Delete distance to go, synchro- pous response)		
19. PROGRESETREPEAT	Abort subroutine repetition (VDI signal: Delete number of subroutine passes)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>
20. PROGCANCELSUB	Abort subroutine execution (VDI signal: program level abortion)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>
21. SINGLEBLOCKSTOP	Activate single block (VDI signal: Activate single block)		
22. SINGLEBLOCKOFF	Switch off single block. (VDI signal: Activate single block)		
23. SINGLEBLOCK_IPO	Activate main run single block (BTSS variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)		
24. SINGLEBLOCK_ DECODIER	Activate decod- ing single block (BTSS variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Wait until the preceding Asup is completed, or abort pro- gram</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>



No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
25. SINGLEBLOCK_ MAINBLOCK	Activate main program single block (BTSS variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)		
26. SINGLEBLOCK_PATH	Activate travers- ing single block (BTSS variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)		
27. STARTPROG	Start program execution (VDI signal: NC Start)	<ol> <li>program state active,</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevents start or forces de- celeration.</li> <li>reference-point approach not yet corrido out</li> </ol>	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
28. CHANNELSTARTPROG	Start program execution (channel com- munication, NC block: Start)	<ol> <li>program state active</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevents start or forces de- celeration.</li> <li>reference-point approach not yet carried out,</li> <li>inappropriate operating mode selected (Automatic only)</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Secure Start with WAITE</li> <li>⇒ Carry out alarm clear condition</li> <li>⇒ Approach reference point</li> <li>⇒ Select program mode</li> </ul>
29. RESUMEPROG	Start continuation of program execution (VDI signal: NC Start)	<ol> <li>program state active,</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevents start or forces de- celeration.</li> <li>reference-point approach not yet carried out.</li> </ol>	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
30. RESUMEJOGREFDIGIT	Start continuation of selected program mode - Jog, Reference Point or Digitalize  (VDI signal: NC Start)	<ol> <li>Jog movement active</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevents start or forces de- celeration.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ -</li> <li>⇒ Carry out alarm clear condition</li> </ul>
31. STARTDIGITIZE	Start program execution in Digitalize sub- mode (VDI signal: NC Start)	<ol> <li>Jog movement is active</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevents start or forces de- celeration.</li> <li>reference-point approach is not vet carried out</li> </ol>	$\begin{array}{rcl} \Rightarrow & - & \\ \Rightarrow & Carry \mbox{ out alarm clear condition} & \\ \Rightarrow & Approach \mbox{ reference point} & \end{array}$
32. STOPALL	Stop all axes. (VDI signal: Stop All or Reset key)	Jordamod our	
33. STOPPROG	Carry out pro- gram stop. (NC block: M0)		
34. STOPJOGREF	Stop JOG movement (VDI signal: NC Stop)		
35. STOPDIGITIZE	Stop digitaliza- tion. (VDI signal: NC Stop)		
36. STARTSIG	Start selected program mode (VDI signal: NC Start)	<ol> <li>Process switch active (mode change, Digitalize ON/OFF, Over- store ON/OFF)</li> <li>an alarm response is provided which prevent start or forces de- celeration.</li> <li>a process is running (NC program, block search, loading of machine data)</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Carry out alarm clear condition</li> <li>⇒ -</li> </ul>
37. STOPSIG	Stop active program mode (VDI signal: NC Stop)		

No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
38. INITIALINISTART	Start machine data processing (INI file is already in NCK), (PI command)		
39. INITIALINIEXTSTART	Start machine data processing (INI file is exter- nally, e.g. on MMC), (PI command)		
40. BAGSTOP_SLBTYPA	Stop due to single block mode. VDI signal, individual type A (only executable blocks), after stop in other channel of this mode group		
41. BAGSTOPATEND_ SLBTYPB	Stop due to single block mode group. VDI signal, individual type A (any blocks), after stop at end of block in other channel of this mode group		
42. OVERSTORE_ BUFFER_END_ REACHED	Stop because end of overstore buffer "_N_OSTOREXX _SYF" has been reached.		
43. PREP_STOP	Start block search (NC block: Stopre)		
44. PROG_STOP	Stop program execution at end of block (NC block: M00/M01)		
45. STOPPROGABLOCK END	Stop program execution at end of block (alarm, VDI signal: NC stop at end of block)		
46. STOPPROGATASUP END	Stop at ASUP end, is start has been carried out from "Stopped".		
47. PROGSELECT	Select program. (PI command)		
48. PROGSELECTEXT	Select the pro- gram which is already on an external (PI command)		
49. CHANNEL_PROG SELECT	Program selec- tion from another channel (channel communication, NC block: INIT)		
50. ASUPDEFINITION	Save definition of ASUPS which can be activated (PI command)		

No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
51. NEWCONF	Sets all machine data with (NEW_CONF) attribute to active state (PL command)		
52. CLEARCANCELALARM	Delete all alarms with CANCELCLEAR clear condition (PI command, Quit Alarm key)		
53. BLOCKSEARCHUN_ CONTINUE	Continue block search. (NC block, Stopre)		
54. BLOCKSEARCHRUN_ START	Start block search. (PI command)		
55. BLOCKSEARCHRUN_ RESUME	Continue block search (PI command)		
56. DIGITIZEOE	Activate digitali- zation (PI com- mand)		
57. DIGITIZEOFF	digitalization (PI command)		
59. FUNCTGENOFF	tion generator (PI command) Switch off func-		
	tion generator (PI command)		
60. WAITM	Wait for program marker (channel communication, NC block: WAITM)		
61. WAITE	Wait for end of program (channel communication, NC block: WAITE)		
62. INIT_SYNC	Program selec- tion from another channel, syn- chronization (Channel com- munication, NC block: INIT)		
63. MMC_CMD	Wait until ac- knowledgment from MMC (NC block, MMC_CMD)		
64. PROGMODESLASHON	Activate block sip of blocks that can be skipped (VDI signal: Skip block)	too high nesting depth	⇒ Wait until the preceding ASUP is completed, or abort program
65. PROGMODESLASH OFF	Deactivate block skip of blocks that can be skipped (VDI signal: Skip block)	too high nesting depth	⇒ Wait until the preceding Asup is completed, or abort pro- gram
66. PROGMODEDRYRUN ON	Activate test run (VDI signal: Rapid traverse superimposition)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Wait until the preceding ASUP is completed, or abort program</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>

No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
67. PROGMODEDRYRUN OFF	Deactivate test run (VDI signal: Rapid traverse superimposition I)	<ol> <li>too high nesting depth</li> <li>the current block in which program execution is stopped cannot be reorganized, since deceleration is carried out over several blocks.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Wait until the preceding ASUP is completed, or abort program</li> <li>⇒ Abort program</li> </ul>
68. BLOCKREADINHIBIT_ ON	Activate read-in disable for main run block (VDI signal: Read-in inhibit)		
69. BLOCKREADINHIBIT_ OFF	Deactivate read- in disable for main run block (VDI signal: Read-in inhibit)		
70. STOPATEND_ALARM	Stop at end of block (alarm)		
71. STOP_ALARM	Stop all axes (alarm)		
72. PROGESTON	Activate program test (VDI signal: Program test)	<ol> <li>tool management is active.</li> <li>the NCK channel condition is not READY</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>⇒ Save tool data</li> <li>⇒ Press RESET to abort pro- gram or process, or wait for end of program</li> </ul>
73. PROGTESTOFF	Deactivate program test (VDI signal: Program test)	NCK channel condition is not READY	⇒ Press RESET to abort pro- gram or process, or wait for end of program
74. STOPATIPOBUFFER_ ISEMPTY_ALARM	Stop at end of block preparation (alarm)		
75. STOPATIPOBUF_ EMPTY_ALARM_ REORG	Stop at end of block preparation with following reorganization of block execution (alarm)	nesting depth too high	⇒ Wait until preceding Asup is completed, or abort program
76. CONDITIONAL_STOP ATEND	Conditioned stop at end of block (If after continuation by NC Start a reason for stop "Stop at end of block" is still provided, Stop is carried out again.)		
77. CONDITIONAL_SBL_ DEC_STOPATEND	Conditioned stop at end of block (Despite of start, no block is moved by the interpreter or advance to the main run.)		
78. INTERPRETERSTOP_ ALARM	Stop block search (alarm)		
79. RETREAT_MOVE_ THREAD	Retraction movement in the case of G33 and stop.		
80. WAITMC	Conditioned waiting for program marker (NC block: WAITMC)		
81. SETM	Set marker (NC block: SETM)		
82. CLEARM	Delete marker (NC block: CLEARM)		
83. BLOCK_SELECT	Select NC block (PI command)		

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No./Name	Explanation	Not allowed if	Remedy
84. LOCK_FOR_EDIT	Block currently executed NC program for editing (PI com- mand)		
85. START_TEACHINPROG	Start program in TEACHIN sub- mode (VDI signal: NC Start)	see 36 and 5	
86. RESUME_TEACHIN PROG	Continue pro- gram in TEACHIN sub- mode (VDI signal: NC-Start)	see 36 and 5	
87. PURE_REORG	Reorganize block execution.		
88. INTERRUPT_ TOPROG_NOREPOS	Activate user interrupt "ASUP" in a manual mode (VDI signal: ASUP, digital-analog interface)	see 11	
89. INTERRUPT_START	Activate user interrupt "ASUP"; is only carried out in channel condition READY (VDI signal: ASUP, digital- analon interface)	see 11	
90. INTERRUPT_SIGNAL	Carry out user interrupt "ASUP" (VDI signal: ASUP, digital- analog interface, further actions are: 11, 12, 13, 88, 89)	see 11	
91. STOPBAG	Stop program execution (VDI signal: BAG Stop)		
92. NEWCONF_PREP_ STOP	Set all machine data with NEW_CONF attribute to active condition (NC_block: NEW_CONF)		
93. BLOCKSEARCHRUN_ NEWCONF	Set all machine data with NEW_CONF attribute to active condition (NC block: NEW_CONF during block search)		
94. CONTINUE_INTERPR	Start continuation of interpreter processing (internal block search stop)		



2

# **Glossary / Abbreviations**

### 2.1 Abbreviations

Α	Output
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AV	Preparation for work
ВА	Operating mode
BAG	Operating mode groups
ВВ	Ready for operation
BCD	Binary Coded Decimals
BHG	Hand-held terminal
BOF	User interface
CNC	Computerized Numerical Control
СР	Communication Processor
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CR	Carriage Return
CSB	Central Service Board (PLC module)



CTS	Clear To Send
DAU	Digital-Analog Converter
DB	Data Block
DIN	German Industrial Standards
DIO	Data Input/Output
DRF	Differential Resolver Function
DRY	Dry Run
DSB	Decoding Single Block
DSR	Data Send Ready
DW	Data Word
E	Input
EIA-Code	Special tape code, number of holes per characters always odd
EPROM	Program memory with fixed program
E/R	Controlled Supply and Energy Recovery Module
ETC	ETC key: Extension of the softkey bar in the same menu
FDB	Product designation database
FIFO	First in First Out
FRA	Frame module
FRAME	Coordinate conversion with the components zero offset, rotation, scaling, mirror-imaging

FRK	Cutter radius compensation
FST	Feed Stop
GUD	Global User Data
HMS	High-Resolution Measuring System
HSA	Main Spindle Drive
нพ	Hardware
IM	Interface Module
IM-S/R	Interface Module (S=send/R=receive)
INC	Increment
ISO-Code	Special tape code, number of holes per character always even
К1К4	Channel 1 to Channel 4
КОР	Ladder Diagram
K <sub>v</sub>	Loop-Gain Factor
κ <sub>ü</sub>	Transformation Ratio
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LUD	Local User Data
МВ	Megabyte
MD	Machine Data

МК	Measuring Circuit	
MDA	Manual Data Automatic	
MLFB	Machine-readable product designation	
MPF	Main Program File: NC part program (main program)	
MPI	Multi Point Interface	
MSTT	Machine control panel	
NC	Numerical Control	
NCK	Numerical Control Kernel (numerical kernel with block preparation, traversing range etc.)	
NCU	Numerical Control Unit	
NURBS	Non Uniform Rational B Spline	
NV	Zero Offset	
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer	
OP	Operator Panel	
ΟΡΙ	Operator Panel Interface	
PC	Personal Computer	
PCMCIA	Personal Computer Memory Card International Association:	
PG	Programming Device	
PLC	Programmable Logic Control	
PRT	Program Test	
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RAM	Random Access Memory	
RISC	Reduced Instruction Set Computer	
ROV	Rapid Override	
RPA	R Parameters Active (NCK memory area for R parameter numbers)	
RTS	Request To Send (control signal from serial data interfaces)	
SBL	Single Block	
SBL2	Single Block Decoding	
SEA	Setting Data Active (memory area for setting data in NCK)	
SD	Setting Data	
SKP	Skip Block	
SM	Signal Module	
SPF	Sub Program File	
SPS	Programmable Logic Controller	
SRK	Cutter Radius Compensation	
SSFK	Leadscrew Error Compensation	
SSI	Serial Synchronous Interface	
SW	Software	
TEA	Testing Data Active (with reference to the machine data)	



то	Tool Offset
ТОА	Tool Offset Active (memory area for tool offsets)
TRANSMIT	Transform Milling into Turning (coordinate conversion on turning machines for milling)
VSA	Feed drive (spindle)
v	Bit type PLC variable
VB	Byte type PLC variable
wкz	Tool
wz	Tool
WZK	Tool offset
ZOA	Zero Offset Active (memory area for zero offsets)



## 2.2 Glossary

User program	Total of all status bar graphs in an executable form in the PLC
Command	Instruction in user program
Operating mode	Mode of <i>program execution</i> , e.g. manual mode, automatic mode, corresponding to the machine operation
Diagnosis	Detection of faulty processes during <i>program execution</i> ; locates undesired or unexpected phenomena in the process
Multi-point inter- face	MPI Hardware module for online coupling with the user program
Sensor	Electrical <i>element</i> ; provides a <i>signal</i> to the <i>control system</i>



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