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6AV3991-1AJ02-0AB0

Release 01/00



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Caution

indicates that minor personal injury or property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

Note

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Preface

Purpose

This equipment manual provides operation, installation, configuration and system service personnel with information concerning functionality, operation and technical design of the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37.

Organization of the manual

The equipment manual Touch Panel TP27, TP37 is organized into five parts:

Part	Chapters	Contents
I	1 - 2	Overview of the Touch Panel and range of functions in tabular form.
II	3 - 11	Step-by-step instructions on how to operate the Touch Panel using the standard screens.
	12 - 13	 Mechanical and electrical installation, Commissioning Touch Panel operating modes.
IV	14 - 18	Detailed information on the Touch Panel and maintenance.
V	Appendix	 Technical data, Interface assignments, System messages, SIMATIC HMI documentation, ESD guidelines, Glossary of technical terms.

Conventions

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

Motor off	Text in the Touch Panel display is presented in this typewriter font.
Variable	Symbolic names representing variable values on the screen are presented in this italic typewriter font
Screens	Functions selected by the user are presented in this standard italic font.
ESC	The labels of buttons are presented in a different typeface.



History The various releases of the equipment manual correspond to the following firmware and ProTool versions:

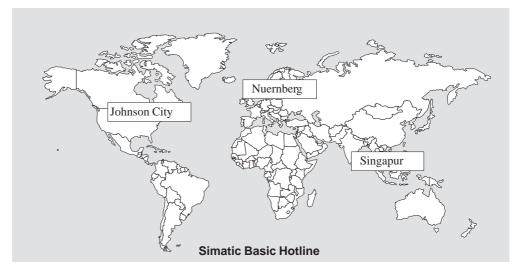
Release	Remarks	ProTool version
04/97	First release of the TP37 equipment manual	V 3.0 and later
10/97	Inclusion of TP27, inclusion of touch screen functionality	V 4.0 and later V 4.0 and later
09/98	Inclusion of the TP27–10; new standard screen for printing messages	V 5.0
01/99	Inclusion of standard screens for Status/Force and Clean Screen	V 5.1
01/00	Inclusion of the JEIDA/PCMCIA card for the TP27–6.	V 5.2



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Abbreviations The abbreviations used in this equipment manual have the following meaning:

AM	Alarm Message
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AS511	Protocol of the PU interface to SIMATIC S5
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CPI	Control Panel Interface
CPU	Central Processing Unit
DIL	Dual-In-Line (package)
DP	Decentral Periphery
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DKM	Direct Key Module
EM	Event message
ESD	Electrostatic Sensitive Device
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
MPI	Multipoint Interface (SIMATIC S7)
PC	Personal Computer
PLC	Programmable Logic Controller
PU	Programming Unit
PPI	Point to Point Interface (SIMATIC S7)
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
STN	Super Twisted Nematic
TFT	Thin Film Transistor
TP	Touch Panel
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic



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Part I

INTRODUCTION

- 1 Product Description
- 2 Functionality







Product Description

Use of TP27 and By implementing the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 operating statuses, current **TP37** process values and faults in respect of a connected PLC can be graphically represented and the monitoring machine or system easily operated. This is made possible by using the Touch Panels which have of a number of standard functions for this purpose. The method of display and operation of the Touch Panel can be customized using the ProTool configuration software to achieve optimum results in respect of process requirements. The Touch Panel can be used to control and monitor the process by means of the menu system. In this way, setpoints can be entered in the form of values or by touching configured buttons, for example, or control positioning elements; display processes, machines and systems on full-graphic and semi-graphic screens; visualize event messages and alarm messages, in addition to process ٠ variables such as an output field, bar graph, trends or status display; intervene directly in the operation by means of the touch-sensitive screen. **Touch screen** The Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 have standard keyboards. The device is operated intuitively by touching configured buttons and input fields on the touch-sensitive screen, referred to in this manual as the "touch screen". **Device variants** The TP27 can be supplied in a range of variations. One variant is equipped with a 6 inch display, available as monochrome and color versions. This variant is subsequently referred to as TP27-6. The second variant is the TP27, equipped with a 10 inch, color display. This variant is subsequently referred to as TP27-10. The TP37 is equipped with a 10 inch, color display. Installation The Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 are installation units for use directly at the possibilities machine location. The degree of protection is high (front panel IP65), so the devices are suitable for use in hostile industrial environments.



Set up data areas Before commissioning, the Touch Panel must be prepared for the task of visualizing data from the PLC. This means that data areas must be created in the PLC memory in your configuration which are then used by the Touch Panel to communicate with the PLC.

Configuration using ProTool Graphics and texts to be displayed on the Touch Panel, together with the properties and functionalities of the touch–sensitive operating elements, must be created beforehand by means of a configuration computer (PC or PG) using the configuration software ProTool. Before downloading the configuration data to the Touch Panel, connect the configuration computer to the Touch Panel.

Once the configuration has been successfully downloaded, connect the Touch Panel to the PLC. The Touch Panel now communicates with the PLC and reacts to program execution on the PLC in accordance with the configured default values.

Figure 1-1 outlines the configuration and process control phase.

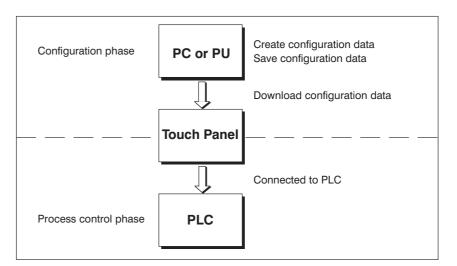


Figure 1-1 Configuration and process control phase

Further information

Information regarding configuration of the Touch Panel is provided in the User's Guide ProTool – Configuring Graphics Displays.

The *Communication User's Guide* provides information on connecting the Touch Panel to the PLC.



1.1 Visualizing and Controlling Processes

Display and operating functions	 The basic function of the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 is the visualization of process statuses and the operation of processes. The following display and operating functions can be configured: screens input/output of process values bar graphs and trends text or graphic lists messages printout text help text recipes multiple languages password protection touch–sensitive operating elements.
Screens	Logically related process data from the PLC can be compiled, displayed on a screen and individual parts of it modified. Screens may contain buttons, graphics, text and values. The Touch Panels can display machines and systems as full–graphics screens . This makes it easier for the operator to find his way around.
Input/Output	Numeric, alphanumeric and symbolic values can be entered via touch–sensitive input fields on the Touch Panel which are then transferred to the PLC. Current values of the PLC are displayed in output fields.
Bar graphs and trend curves	 Current process values can be output as numeric values, symbolic text, symbolic graphs or in the form of bar graphs and trend curves. Bar graphs represent a value as a rectangular area. Bar graphs can be used to display fill levels or quantities, for example. Trends display a value continuously. This display mode is useful when displaying values that vary with time, variations in temperature or pressure, for example.
Symbol lists	Various graphic elements (bitmaps) or texts can be called into the display depending on the process status. In this way, for example, the current setting of a valve can be visualized on the Touch Panel by means of symbolic graphics or text can be modified according to the situation.



Messages	Messages appear on the Touch Panel in plain text. The message text may also contain current process values. Incoming messages are stored in a message buffer together with their date and time.				
	• Event messages provide information and operating notes on current processes or machine states, for example Motor running at 3000 revs.				
	• Alarm messages provide information on critical machine states, for example Motor speed too high.				
	Alarm messages must be acknowledged on account of their urgency.				
	Messages are classified as event messages or alarm messages during configura- tion.				
Recording	All message events can be additionally recorded by being printed out in online mode on a connected printer. Messages which have accumulated in the event and alarm buffers can also be printed out.				
Texts	Texts identify individual parts of the screen in order to be able to assign the fields displayed to the process.				
Help texts	Help texts represent additional information and notes for the operator, which can be configured, in respect of the screens, input fields and messages. The help text relating to an alarm message, for example, may display information on the cause of a malfunction and how to clear it.				
Recipe	Complete machine data records can be stored as recipes in a Touch Panel. A recipe defines the data structure in a configuration. Data is assigned to the configured structure on the Touch Panel.				
	The purpose of recipes is to transfer several items of data collectively to the PLC. In this respect, it is immaterial whether actual recipes, specifications of quantities, distances to be traversed or temperature variations are involved.				
Multiple languages	Message texts, texts in screens, help texts, system messages and button labels may be stored in three languages simultaneously in the Touch Panel and selected online.				
Password protection	The password protection feature prevents unauthorized operations of the Touch Panel. Different passwords can be assigned to different users or user groups, thus authorizing or prohibiting access to specific control functions by assigning different password levels.				
Operating elements	Direct intervention in the process operation is possible by using the touch–sensitive buttons and input fields on the Touch Panel screen.				
	The structure of the Touch Panel user interface can be configured to suit indi- vidual needs. Simply adjust the number, characteristics, positions and function- ality of the operating elements for the specific application.				



	SIMATIC TP27				SIMATIC TP37
1	Hardware	TP27-6 Monochrome	TP27-6 Color	TP27-10 Color	TP37 Color
Models	Monochrome display Color display	✓ _		-	-
Display	Туре		STN ¹⁾ -LCD		TFT ²⁾ -LCD
	Size	5.7	,,		10.3"
	Touch screen	Matrix 20 x 15 An		nalog, resistive	
	Resolution (pixels)	320 x 240		640 x 480	
	Colors		ades 8		
	Back-lighting			1	
Indicators	LEDs for		_		TP on
					Temperature limit value reached
					Write/read access to memory card
Interfaces	Serial interface to		x RS232/TTY		2 x RS232/TTY
	connection From PLC,		ctive/passive)		(active/passive)
	PC/PU, printer	1 x	RS422/RS485	5	1 x RS422/RS485
				1 x TTY (passive) / RS422/RS485	
	Parallel interface for connecting a printer	-			1 x TTL (Centronics)
 passive drive active drive 					

1.2 The Touch Panels at a Glance



На	Hardware		TP27-6 Color	TP27-10 Color	TP37 Color
Processor	Туре		80486		Pentium
	Clock		33 MHz		100 MHz
Memory	Flash EPROM for firmware and user data	1 MB		2 MB	
	Main memory (DRAM)	2 M	В	4 MB	8 MB
Special features	Hardware clock (battery-backed)	1			
	Relay output for temperature monito- ring	_			~
	Module slot for PCMCIA/Jeida cards	J		(SI	Slot B ot A not used)

Hai	Hardware		TP27C-6	TP27-10	TP37
direct key mo- dule	Digital outputs, drive via configurable ports		8		16
Control Panel Interface ¹⁾	Digital inputs/out- puts	16		16/32	
1) usable only in conju	1) usable only in conjunction with SIMATIC S7 and Profibus-DP				

Further information

Detailed information regarding the technical data of the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 is provided in the Appendix A of this manual.



Functionality

The table below summarizes the functions of the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37. The values quoted are the maximum values which can be managed by the Touch Panels. The values are limited by the size of the user memory.

	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37		
Event messages	Number		2000		
	Display	On message line/message window			
	View all waiting messages	(on message page	•	
	Length message text per line	35 characters	70 cha	racters	
	Lines per message	2	1	l	
	Process values in message text		8		
Alarm messages	Number		2000		
	Display	In	message windo	W	
	Display type	First val	lue/last value, se	lectable	
	View all waiting messages	(On message page	e	
	Length message text per line	35 characters 70 character		racters	
	Lines per message	2 1		l	
	Process values in message text	8			
	Acknowledge individual alarm messages	✓			
	Acknowledge several alarm messages simultaneously	16 acknowledgment groups		roups	
Message logging	Output to printer	✓			
Message buffer	Capacity	512 message events		ts	
	View buffered event/alarm messages	1			
	Delete	✓			
	Buffer overflow warning	1			
	Automatic printout on buffer overflow	✓			
	Message events queued simultaneously (max.)				
	• Event messages		500		
	Alarm messages	250			



]	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37	
Message acquisition	Time of occurrence	Date and time		
	Message events	Arrive, depart, acknowledge		
Screens	View		1	
	Printout	✓		
	Static screen elements		Pixel graphics	
			Text	
			Character graphic	cs
	Input/Output elements		Input fields	
			Output fields	
			ined input/outpu	
			ymbolic input fie	
		Sy	mbolic output fie	elds
			Bar graphs	
			Trends Buttons	
			light indicators	
	Operator prompting	Buttons	(dynamically mo	difiable)
	Operator prompting	Buttons	light indicators	ounable)
			Symbolic input	
			Symbolic output	
	Fixed window	1		
Limit value monitoring	Inputs/outputs	1		
	Bar graphs and trends	√		
Text attributes	Display	Flashing, inverse, underscore		
	Printer (messages)		Bold, underscore	e
Help text	Lines/characters		7/35	
	For messages		√	
	For input fields		1	
	For screens		√	
Print functions	Hardcopy of display contents (screen dump)			
	• character mode (ASCII)	1		
	• graphics mode		√	
	Direct message logging	1		
	Screen printout in character mode (ASCII)		1	
	Graphics printout in graphics mode		1	
Password protection	Number of passwords	50		
	Password levels	10 (09)		



H	Functions	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37	
Recipes	Number		255		
	Data records per recipe 500				
	Entries per data record		500		
		30	000 (SIMATIC S	7)	
	Save (create) data records	PLC	$TP \rightarrow Data med$	lium	
	Load data records	Data	medium \rightarrow TP/	PLC	
	Delete data records	(On data medium	l	
	Modify (edit) data records	(On data medium	l	
	Transfer current values		$PLC \rightarrow TP$		
			$TP \rightarrow PLC$		
	Transfer data records		ata Medium \rightarrow T	-	
		TI	$P \rightarrow Data Mediu$	m	
	Record sets	✓			
Backup	Backup/restore for memory card	- 🗸			
Online language change	Number of languages	3			
	Loadable character sets per language	3			
	Language-independent charac- ter set (incl. character-graphic characters)	1			
	Character size in pixels	8 x 8 to 64 x 64			
Display	Blank screen	1			
	Contrast	✓ ✓		_	
	Audio volume adjustable	1		✓ 1)	
	Calibration	not necessary 🗸		1	
1) Can only be switched on/off		1			



Fur	octions	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Communication	SIMATIC S5			
	– AS511		1	
	– FAP		1	
	– PROFIBUS-DP		√	
	SIMATIC S7/M7			
	– PPI		1	
	– MPI		1	
	– PROFIBUS-DP		√	
	SIMATIC 500/505			
	– NITP		1	
	NATIVE driver			
	- AEG/Modicon (Modbus)		\checkmark	
	– Allen Bradley (DF1)O		\checkmark	
	– Mitsubishi (FX)		1	
	– Omron		\checkmark	
	 Telemecanique (Adjust, Uni-Telway) 		1	



FUNCTIONS OF THE TOUCH PANELS

Part II

- **3 General Operation**
- 4 Screens
- 5 Password Protection
- 6 Messages
- 7 Printing
- 8 Recipes
- 9 Storing and Loading Data
- 10 Status/Force Tag Using the TP
- 11 System Settings







General Operation

3

Operating concept Using the Touch Panel screen, it is possible to observe the operating status of the machine or system being monitored and, at the same time, to intervene directly in the process running simply by touching the buttons and input fields displayed.

Operation of the Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 is intuitive to a large extent, because

- operating elements can be positioned where they belong, from a functional point of view,
- labeling of visible buttons is dynamic; in other words, labeling can be changed online, according to the language required, or language–independent bitmaps can be assigned to the buttons, for example,
- any sections of the system or process screen are rendered operable by superimposing invisible buttons
- virtual keys for cursor functions and value input only appear when they can actually be used: In input windows.



A screen occupies the entire display. An example of screen partitioning on the TP37 display containing several open windows is illustrated in figure 3-1. The TP27-6 has a smaller display, so that the operating elements are cascaded (overlap).

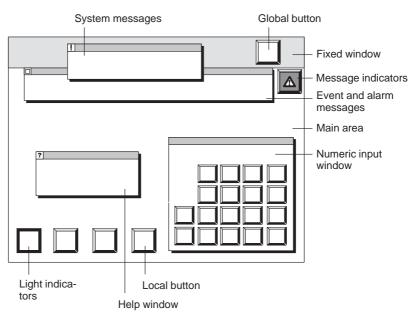


Figure 3-1 Screen partitioning on the TP37 (example)



Fixed window The fixed window can be used to display important process magnitudes or date and time, since the contents are not affected by the screen currently open.

Main areaThe main area comprises the entire display. It is superimposed by all other
areas (fixed window, message window etc.). The main area contains the current
contents of the screen that is currently open.

Buttons The functions configured for the buttons have a local significance in the main area. Buttons of local significance initiate different actions from screen to screen on the Touch Panel or on the PLC, such as enabling and disabling Select Screen, Language Switch or message logging. If buttons are positioned in the fixed window, their functions are available globally. This means, for example, that the current screen can be printed (Print Screen) or the system returned to the main screen from any operating situation.

Buttons may have text or graphic labels. Examples:





Light indicators

Light indicators are configurable, non–operable display elements. A light indicator signals the status of a defined bit by assigning dynamic attributes, for example a change of color or flashing text.

No function is assigned to a light indicator. Light indicators have thin borders to distinguish them from user–operable buttons.



Light indicators can be positioned locally in the main area or globally in the fixed window.





Window positions	ways appears at	<i>w</i> : the absolute position of the selected field, the input window al- at the bottom right of the screen. After clicking on the top edge <i>v</i> , it skips to the opposite edge of the screen (only with TP37 and				
	Message window: The system message window appears in the upper part of the screen. The posi- tion of the event message window can be configured.					
	Help window: The window for	displaying configured Help texts is appears at the bottom left.				
Open windows	s can be opened simultaneously on the Touch Panel, e.g. an the main area, an event message window, an alarm window ow (figure 3-1). As soon as one of these windows is opened, ats in the main area and fixed window can no longer be sible elements in the input and message windows remain					
Message indicator	The message indicator indicates that alarm messages have been receivedNot flashing:Alarm messages have been received which have been acknowledged.Flashing:Alarm messages have been received which have not b acknowledged.					



3.1 Operating Touch Elements

Definition	Touch elements are contact–sensitive operating elements on the screen of th Touch Panel, such as buttons, input fields, message windows and help win- dows. Their operation is basically no different from pressing conventional keys. Touch elements are operated by lightly touching them with your finge a pointer.				
	Note				
	• Never use pointed or sharp instruments to operate the Touch Panel to prevent damage to the plastic surface of the touch screen.				
	• Touch only one point of the Touch Panel screen at a time. Do not touch several touch elements simultaneously. If you do, an unintended action may be initiated.				
Triggering functions	A function assigned to a button is normally triggered when the button is touched. With some functions, it is possible to define the configuration so that the function is not triggered until the button is released or its outlines remain while being touched, e.g. the "Set Bit" function or the keypad in the input window for numerical values. If the button has a repeater, keep touching the button as long as the function in question is to be to repeated.				
	Not more than one touch element is activated per touch. Where an operating function has still not been completed, e.g. entering a value, any successive attempt to trigger a similar function is refused and a system message to this effect issued. Similar functions in this respect are Enter Setpoint and Edit Data Record, for example.				
Operation acknowledgement	When the Touch Panel detects contact on a valid touch element, it responds with a visual or acoustic acknowledgement. An acknowledgment is indepen- dent of communication with the PLC. It is not an indication of the required action actually having been executed.				
Acoustic acknowledgment	An acoustic signal is issued as long as the touch element is touched. The signal tone can be enabled and disabled by means of the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen (TP37) and the volume adjusted (TP27), see chapter 11.				



Visual acknowledgement

The type of visual operation acknowledgement is dependent on the operating element touched.

• Visible buttons

The border color of the button touched changes:



Untouched

t Touched

• Input fields

The foreground and background colors of a touched input field are interchanged. The change of color remains in effect until input is terminated or canceled.



• Message windows and invisible buttons

A pointing hand, similar to that illustrated here, appears to the top left of the operating element touched:

If the element touched is at the top border of the screen, the pointing hand appears to the right and beneath the element in question.



3.2 Entering Values

Principle

Values can be entered in the input fields and combined input/output fields which are then transferred to the PLC. To do so, touch the corresponding field. The foreground and background colors of a selected input field are interchanged. Depending on the display type configured, the system opens one of the input windows for

- numeric inputs,
- alphanumeric inputs,
- symbolic inputs.

The input window is closed following a valid input. The foreground and background colors of the field being edited are reset and the new value is applied to the input field.

3.2.1 Entering Numerical Values

Input window Enter numbers in the fields configured for pure numeric input, digit for digit, using the numeric keypad of the input window illustrated in figure 3-2.

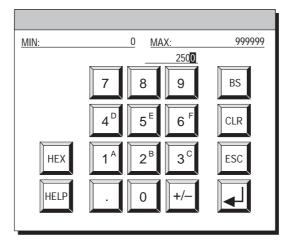


Figure 3-2 Window for entering numeric values



Meanings of buttons

Button	Function	Purpose
0 9	Enter digits	Enter digits 0 to 9.
1 ^A 6 ^F	Enter hexadecimal numbers	Enter the hexadecimal numbers A to F (after pressing HEX).
+/-	Change sign	Change sign from + to – and back.
•	Enter decimal point	Enter decimal point or comma.
HEX	Hexadecimal mode	Change numbers 1 to 6 to characters A to F.
HELP	Display help text (Help)	Call Help text for the current input field. The button is not displayed unless the corresponding Help text is configured.
BS	Delete character (Backspace)	Delete character shown in reverse video in the input line.
CLR	Delete input line (Clear)	Delete all characters in the line, i.e. clear the input line.
ESC	Cancel (Escape)	Discard input and close window.
	Enter	Confirm input and close window.

Entering a value Entries in numeric input fields begin aligned to the right. Entered digits are moved to the left (pocket calculator format).

The current input position is displayed in reversed background/foreground colors. Invalid characters, e.g. numbers greater than 1 in binary format, are rejected with an error message. If the entry is too long, the last character entered is overwritten.

If limit valuers have been configured for the specifications to be entered, they appear at the top edge of the input window. MIN indicates the lower limit value and MAX the upper.

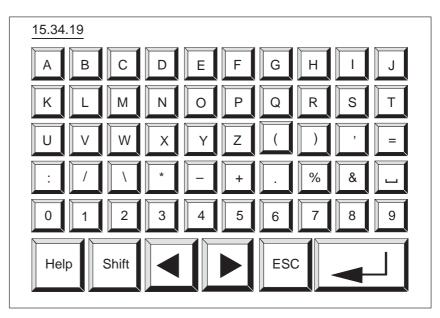
HexadecimalIn order to enter the hexadecimal digits A to F, press the button HEX. An "h"modeappears at the current input position. Press one of the buttons 1 to 6. The Touch
Panel reverts to decimal mode after each character.

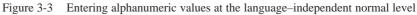


Help text	After pressing the HELP button, the help text configured for the relevant input field appears. See figure 3-5 on page 3-11 for an example.
Terminate input	Confirm the value entered by pressing the ENTER button, press ESC to cancel the input process. The window is closed in both cases.

3.2.2 Entering Alphanumeric Values

Input window Enter numbers in the fields configured for alphanumeric input, character for character, using the alphanumeric keypad. Figure 3-3 illustrates the language–independent keyboard template for the normal level. The keyboard template for the Shift level of the alphanumeric keyboard varies according to the language.





Button	Function	Purpose	
A 9	Enter characters	Enter the characters using either the normal or Shift level of the key- board.	
HELP	Display help text	Call help text for the current input field. The button is not displayed unless the corresponding help text is configured.	



Meanings of buttons

Button	Function	Purpose
Shift	Keyboard levels	Activate/Deactivate the keyboard Shift level from normal level.
	Cursor left	Cursor moves one character to the left.
	Cursor right	Cursor moves one character to the right.
ESC	Cancel (Es- cape)	Discard input and close window.
	Enter	Confirm input and close window.

Entering a value	Entries in alphanumeric input fields begin aligned to the left. Every time a character is entered, the cursor moves to the right to the next input position. Characters at the input position are overwritten.		
	The current input position is displayed in reversed background/foreground col- ors. Invalid characters (e.g. values greater than 23 for the hour value in time) are rejected and an error message issued. If the entry is too long, the last char- acter entered is overwritten.		
	If a value already exists in the alphanumeric input field, this appears in inverse colors when the field is activated and deleted on beginning a new entry. In order to edit the old value, one of the cursor keys must be pressed as the first entry. On pressing CURSOR LEFT, the cursor remains on the first character, and on pressing CURSOR RIGHT it skips to the second character. In this case, the value is no longer displayed in inverse colors and can be edited.		
Help text	After pressing the HELP button the help text configured for the relevant input field appears. See figure 3-5 on page 3-11 for an example.		
Keyboard levels	The alphanumeric keyboard has two levels:		
	Normal level: (see figure 3-3) is the same in all languages.Shift level: the keyboard template varies from language to language.		
	Use SHIFT to toggle between the two levels.		
Terminate input	Confirm the value entered by pressing the ENTER button, press ESC to cancel the input process. The window is closed in both cases.		



3.2.3 Entering Symbolic Values

Input window

Text is entered and displayed in symbolic input fields instead of a value. Select the text from the configured text list. Figure 3-4 depicts the input window.

Selection 1	
Selection 2	HELP
Selection 3	
Selection 4	
Selection 5	ESC
Selection 6	
Selection 7	
Selection 8	
Selection 9	

Figure 3-4 Window for entering symbolic values

Meanings of buttons	Button	Function	Purpose	
		Scroll (Cursor)	Scroll up and down one line at a time through the text list.	
	HELP	Display Help text	Call Help text for the current input field. The button is not displayed unless the corresponding Help text is configured.	
	ESC	Cancel (Escape)	Discard selection and close window.	
		Enter	Confirm selection and close win- dow.	
Select value	Scroll through the text list using the cursor buttons or point directly to the en required. The current selection is displayed in reversed screen colors.			
	The cursor buttons have a repeat function. When pressed, their scroll function is repeated after a short delay and continues until the button is released.			
Help text	After pressing the HELP button the help text configured for the relevant input field appears. See figure 3-5 on page 3-11 for an example.			
Terminate input	Confirm the selection by pressing the ENTER button, press ESC to cancel the input process. The window is closed in either case.			



3.3 Help Text

Purpose

Help texts are created during configuration using ProTool and provide additional information on the respective subject in the language selected on the Touch Panel. Help texts can be configured for

- event and alarm messages
- screens
- input and combined input/output fields.

Help texts can provide information to the user on the permissible range of values for the input field selected, for instance. Help texts referring to an alarm message may, for example, contain supplementary details on possible causes and on rectifying the problem.

Calling help texts

The configured help text can be called to the screen by accessing the relevant input field and pressing the HELP button. Figure 3-5 depicts an example of the output window.

?

Enter temperature setpoint for Tank_1 (Range 40...80 °C)

Figure 3-5 Window with help text (example)

Touch the window to close it.







Screens

Process control
and monitoringProcesses (e.g. a processing machine or mixing station) are displayed on and
can be influenced by screens which appear on the Touch Panel. These screens
are created during configuration with ProTool for specific applications.

Logically related process values are acquired on screens and thus provide an overview of a process or a system. Apart from this graphic mapping of processes, screens provide an opportunity of entering new process values and thus of controlling the process.

4.1 Screen Elements

Screen sections

Various screen elements are used to display and control screens:

- text
 - graphics
- character graphics
- input fields for process values
- output fields for process values
- combined input/output fields
- bar graphs
- trends
- text or graphic lists
- buttons,
- light indicators.

The different screen elements are presented on the basis of the following examples.

Example

Part of the contents of various tanks are filled and mixed in a mixing unit of a fruit juice mixing system. The liquid levels in the tanks and in the mixer are displayed. The intake valves can be opened and closed by means of operator input on the Touch Panel. The motor for the mixer can be turned on and off in a similar manner.

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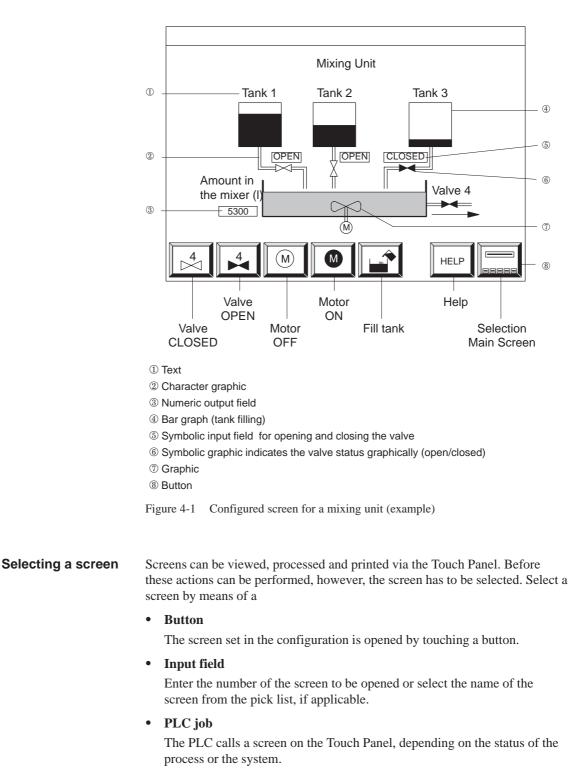


Figure 4-1 illustrates how the configured screen may appear on the Touch Panel.

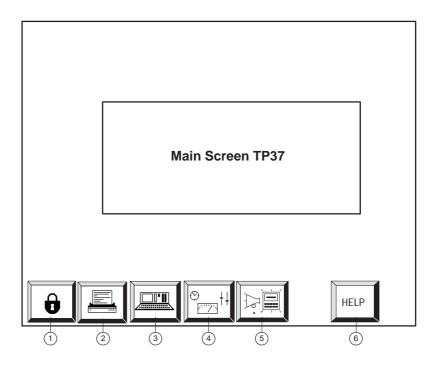


4.2 Standard Screens

PurposeA standard configuration containing standard screens is supplied with the configuration software ProTool for the respective Touch Panel. The functions
needed for basic operation of the Touch Panel have been implemented in the
standard screens. They include, for example, Call Message Buffer, Edit Pass-
words and Change Parameters Online. The individual functions are described
in this manual on the basis of the standard screens.

Process–specific implementation, such as event messages or screens for the process, are not included in the standard screens.

Main screenThe standard screens are called in via buttons on the main screen. The follow-
ing screen provides an example of the main screen of theTP37. The main
screen of the TP27 contains the same buttons.

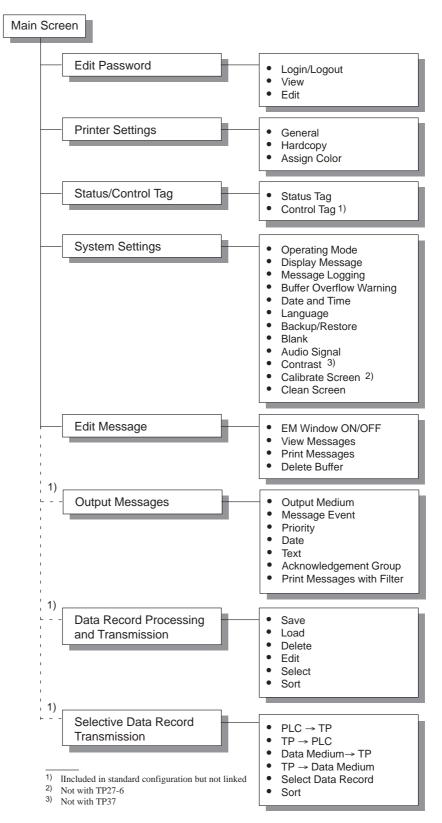


- ① Edit Password (chapter 5)
- Printer Settings (chapter 7)
- ③ System Settings (chapter 11)
- ④ Status/Control Tag (chapter 10)
- (5) Messages (chapter 6)
- 6 Help Text (section 3.3)

Figure 4-2 illustrates the standard screen hierarchy. Detailed information on the functions and operation of standard screens is provided in the corresponding sections of this manual.

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Calling functions	Functions are called in on the Touch Panel by means of configured buttons. The prevent unauthorized access, some functions have to be protected beforehand by means of a password at a specific password level (see chapter 5).	
Calling Help texts	Configured help texts can be called int the standard screens by pressing the button shown here.	HELP







Password Protection

Access protection Password protection can be configured for buttons and input fields to prevent operation of the Touch Panel by unauthorized personnel.

5.1 Password Level and Access Permissions

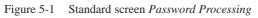
Password hierarchy	During the configuration phase with ProTool, the configurer assigns the but- tons and input fields hierarchically ascending password levels from 0 to 9. When a password is assigned to an individual user or to a whole user group, the permission to execute functions at a specific level is assigned simulta- neously.
	After logging in with a password of a specific password level on the Touch Panel, permission to execute functions is granted at that password level and functions at lower levels.
Password level 0	If a function is configured with password level 0, no password need be entered in order to execute this function. The functions assigned at this level, the low- est in the hierarchy, have little or no effect on operation. These functions nor- mally do not have input options; one example is Open Message Pages.
	To call a password level 0 function, you do not have to enter a password. If you call a function that is assigned to a higher level, the Touch Panel will prompt you to enter a password.
Password level 1 – 8	Levels 1 to 8 should be assigned by the configurer according to the signifi- cance of the respective function. The supervisor (superuser) is responsible for assigning a password level to a password as part of his password management duties.
Password level 9	Only the superuser has the rights to execute functions assigned password level 9. The superuser has access to all the functions of the Touch Panel.
	Only the superuser is authorized to perform password management on the Touch Panel. Password management involves assigning and changing passwords.



Superuser password	The superuser password is defined during configuration. The default value in the standard configuration is "100". This setting can be changed using the Touch Panel.
Passwords from le- vels 1 to 8	The passwords from levels 1 to 8 are not assigned during configuration but during operation by using the Touch Panel. Use the standard screen <i>Password Processing</i> to do this (refer to chapter 5.3).
Format	The password must be a minimum of 1 character and may be a maximum of 8. Alphanumeric characters are permissible. Leading zeroes are not permitted.
Standard screen	 The <i>Password Processing</i> standard screen (figure 5-1) provides the following functions: Login/logout on the Touch Panel, Change and delete passwords,

• View password list.

	Password Processing			
	r assword r rocessing			
Login: Edit:				
		HEL	P	ESC
View password list	Calling Help texts Exit from standard screen			





5.2 Login/Logout on the Touch Panel

Login

Login on the Touch Panel

- using the Password Processing standard screen
- by calling a function for which the current password level is too low. In this case, the Touch Panel automatically requests a password.

Logging	in on
standard	screen

Step	Action	Result
1	Call the standard screen <i>Pass-word Processing</i> .	The standard screen is displayed (figure 5-1).
2	Touch the <i>Login</i> input field.	The password input window opens (figure 5-2). The possible input positions are marked by hash characters (#).
3	Enter your password by means of the keypad.	Input commences flush left. Each character entered is repres- entedby an asterisk (*).
4	Confirm the entry by pressingImage: Confirm the entry by pressingOr cancel the input by pressingImage: Confirm the entry by ESC	The input window is closed. If the password is valid, the corre- sponding password level is dis- played next to the <i>Login</i> input field.

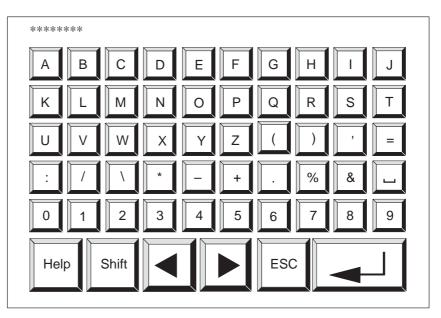


Figure 5-2 Window for entering the password (example TP27-6)



Automatic call	If a password level higher than the current one is required for a button or an input field, the Touch Panel automatically requests the entry of an appropriate password beforehand.		
Logout	If the Touch Panel screen is not touched within a configured time, the current password level is automatically reset to zero. This means that unauthorized persons cannot gain access while the Touch Panel is unattended.		
		possible to log out from the Touch g standard screen. Carry out the fo	
Logging off on	Step	Action	Result
Logging off on standard screen	Step 1	Action Call the standard screen Pass- word Processing.	Result The standard screen is displayed (figure 5-1).
		Call the standard screen Pass-	The standard screen is displayed

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5.3 Password Management

Functions The *Password Processing* standard screen provides the following functions for password management:

- create passwords and assign password levels,
- delete passwords,
- change passwords and password levels,
- view password list.

These functions can only be called in password level 9 (exception: view password list). Therefore, log in beforehand by means of the *Login* input field using the superuser password.

Creating a
passwordA maximum of 50 different passwords can be set up on the Touch Panel. Pass-
word level 9 (superuser) can be assigned once only.

Carry out the following steps to assign a password and password level:

Step	Action	Result
1	Touch the <i>Edit</i> input field.	The password input window opens.
2	Enter a password that has not been previously issued and confirm it by pressing	The password is transferred to the <i>Edit</i> field.
3	Touch the input field behind the <i>Edit</i> field.	The password level input win- dow opens.
4	Enter a password level between 1 and 8 and confirm by pressing	The new password is saved on the Touch Panel and protected even in the event of a power failure.



Deleting a password

Step	Action	Result
1	Touch the <i>Edit</i> input field.	The password input window opens.
2	Enter the password to be deleted in the input field <i>Edit</i> and con- firm by pressing	If the password level in the ad- jacent input field is set to 0, the password has been deleted.
3	Otherwise, touch the input field behind the <i>Edit</i> field.	The password level input win- dow opens.
4	Overwrite the password level with 0 and confirm by pressing	Once it has been transferred, the password is deleted.

Changing a
passwordIt is not possible to change a password on the Touch Panel directly. To change
a password, the existing one must be deleted and a new one entered.

Exception: The superuser password can be changed by overwriting it directly.

Changing password levels

Step	Action	Result
1	Touch the <i>Edit</i> input field.	The password input window opens.
2	Enter the password to be as- signed a new level in the input field <i>Edit</i> and confirm by press- ing	The password level of the pass- word entered appears in the in- put field behind the field <i>Edit</i> .
3	Touch the input field behind the <i>Edit</i> field.	The password level input win- dow opens.
4	Overwrite the password level with a new value and confirm pressing	Once it has been transferred, the new level is assigned to the password.



Viewing the password list

The password list contains all the passwords set up on the Touch Panel. The only passwords displayed are those with a password level lower or equal to that with which the user logged in on the Touch Panel. The supervisor password is not displayed.

Call in the password list by pressing the button



Action

Step	Action	Result
1	Touch the button	The password list window opens (figure 5-3).
2	Use the arrow keys, if neces- sary, to scroll through the list	The password and password level at the current cursor posi- tion are displayed in inverse screen colors.
3	Terminate the action by pressing	The password list window is closed.

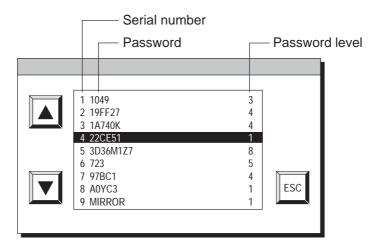


Figure 5-3 Password list







Messages

Overview	Messages on the Touch Panel indicate events and statuses related to control processes. A message consists of static text, at least. It may also contain tags.		
	The following types of message are displayed in plain text on the Touch Panel.		
	• event messages		
	• alarm messages		
	• system messages		
	Once issued, alarm messages and event messages are stored on the Touch Panel in battery–backed message buffers, so they are protected against power failures. Messages in the buffers may be called to the display and logged on the attached printer. The Touch Panel can still be operated when messages are waiting to be displayed.		
Message states	Alarm and event messages may contain the following information:		
	• Arrived: Denotes the occurrence of a message.		
	• Cleared : The reason for the message no longer exists.		
	• Acknowledged (alarm messages only): The message has been noted by the operator or the PLC, acknowledged and		

confirmed.

A message status is accurately timed by the Touch Panel when it is recorded and indicated when a message page or buffer is displayed.



6.1 Types of Message

Event and alarm messages	Event and alarm messages must be configured. Event messages indicate a sta- tus in the process, whereas alarm messages indicate faults or errors. Event mes- sages and alarm messages are issued by the PLC. Alarm messages have to be acknowledged on account of their significance.
System messages	System messages are triggered by the Touch Panel. They do not have to be configured. System messages provide information on operating status of the Touch Panel and on maloperations or malfunctions in communication.

6.1.1 Event Messages and Alarm Messages

Definition

The configuration defines whether a process status is indicated by an event message or alarm message.

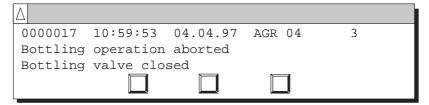
Messages referring to regular sequences of events or states should be categorized as event messages; for example

 0000031
 10:53:27
 04.04.97
 11

 Mixing operation completed

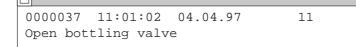
 Filing level in mixer:
 5000
 1

Messages relating to disturbances of the process or status should be categorized as alarm messages; for example



Alarm messages have to be acknowledged on account of their urgency. By doing so, the operator confirms that he has taken note of the alarm message. Alarm messages can also be acknowledged by the PLC.

Operational hints can be configured as event messages or alarm messages, in addition to status messages. If, for example, the machine operator wishes to start the filling operation but has forgotten to open the bottling valve on the mixer, he can be requested to rectify the error by means of an event message; for example





 Presentation
 Alarm and event messages can be configured so that text components flash in order to distinguish them from other message texts.

Messages may contain text and tag fields. Tag fields display current PLC actual values in numeric form.

Standby message A sub-category of the event message is the standby message. The standby message is the event message number 0. It is displayed when there are no event messages on the Touch Panel.

Display mode A current event or alarm message can be displayed in either a message line or message window. One of the following combinations can be defined in the configuration:

• Window/window Event messages and alarm messages are displayed in separate windows.

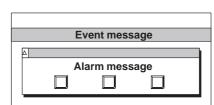
The alarm message window is opened automatically when an alarm message arrives. When the alarm message is acknowledged, the alarm message window disappears.

The event message window can be opened only by activating a button.

	Event mes	ssage	
A	arm mess	age	

• Window/line

An event message is displayed in the message line, whereas an alarm message is displayed in the message window. The alarm message window is opened automatically when an alarm message occurs. When an alarm message is acknowledged, the alarm message window disappears if no other alarm messages are waiting.



• Window/hide

An alarm message is displayed in the message window. Event messages are not displayed.

When the alarm message is acknowledged, the alarm message window is closed.

Al	arm mess	age	

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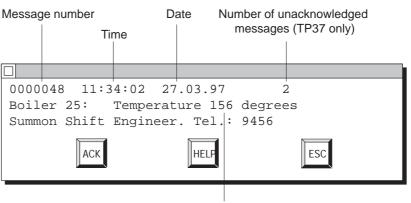


Message lineWhen a message line has been configured it is always displayed, regardless of
the screen selected. Only the latest message is displayed in the message line.

Message window Messages in the configured message window contain additional information on the message, such as message number and date/time the message arrived. The alarm message window has extra buttons.

Alarm message window:

The alarm message window (figure 6-1) automatically appears whenever an alarm message is issued.



Process value

Figure 6-1 Alarm message window (example)

The buttons in the alarm message window have the following significance:

Button	Function	Purpose
АСК	Acknowledge alarm message	When an alarm message is acknowl- edged, the alarm message window disappears if no other alarm mes- sages are waiting.
HELP	Display help text	Call help text concerning the alarm message, if configured.
ESC	Cancel	Set the alarm message window to the background



	Event message window : The event message window must be selected by the operator or the PLC and can also be deselected. If a current event message is not waiting, the standby message is displayed.
	Activate the event message window by touching the OPEN EVENT MESSAGE WINDOW button on the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen. The button is inactive if the <i>Line</i> setting has been configured for event messages.
	Close the event message window by touching it.
Message archive	Alarm and event messages are written in the Touch Panel message archive when they arrive. The message archive is a message buffer, created by the op- eratng system, in which all message events are eneterd in chronological order. Message events consist of:
	• arrival of a message
	• acknowledgment of an alarm message
	• clearing of a message.
	The message archive is a FIFO buffer. When the buffer is full, the oldest mes- sages are deleted.
Overflow warning	During configuation, it is possible to define a remainder buffer size for the message archive. As soon as this remaining buffer size is reached, the Touch Panel automatically issues an overflow warning (system message). Messages continue to be entered in the message archive even after the remaining buffer size has been reached.
Message bit procedure	If the conditions for issuing a message have been fulfilled in the process cur- rently running, a value has been reached, a bit is set in the data area by the PLC application program for an event or alarm message. The Touch Panel reads the data area after a configured polling time. In this way, a message is detected as having "arrived". The bit is reset by the PLC when the condition for issuing the message no longer exists. The message is then regarded as having been "cleared".



6.1.2 Alarm Messages

Acknowledging alarm messages	Alarm messages have to be acknowledged on account of their ur- gency. This can be done manually or automatically by the PLC.
	To acknowledge an alarm message manually, simply touch the ACK button in the alarm message window (figure 6-1 on page 6-4).
	If the error messages should be acknowledged by the PLC, continue to read the <i>Communication User's Manual</i> .
	If several alarm messages are waiting to be displayed, the next alarm message is displayed after one has been acknowledged. Each message must be acknowledge in turn.
Acknowledgment groups, group acknowledgement	During configuration, several alarm messages can be combined to so called acknowledgment groups. This means that by acknowledging the first alarm message, e.g. the cause of the malfunction, all the remaining alarm messages in the same acknowledgment group are acknowledged simultaneously (conse- quential malfunctions) without them being issued in succession for acknowl- edgment on the Touch Panel (group acknowledgment). Up to 16 acknowledg- ment groups can be configured.
	If alarm messages are not assigned to an acknowledgment group, only the mes- sage currently displayed is acknowledged when more than one are waiting.
Message indicator	As soon as a alarm message arrives, an alarm message window is opened and the message indicator shown here appears as a button on the screen.
	 The message indicator can assume one of two states: flashing, as soon as at least one unacknowledged alarm message is wait- ing. not flashing, when all waiting alarm messages have been acknowledged, but at least one has not yet been cleared.
	After touching the message indicator, the alarm message page appears.
	The message indicator does not disappear until all acknowledged alarm messages have been cleared. This means that a pending alarm message is not forgotten.



Setting alarm messages in the background

The alarm message window can be set in the background so that if there are numerous alarm messages pending, it is not necessary to acknowledge them all before rectifying what may be a critical system condition at the machine. Set the window in the background by touching the ESC button in the alarm message window (figure 6-1 on page 6-4). The other touch elements on the screen can then be used.

The alarm messages set in the background are re-displayed

- after touching the message indicator, or
- a new alarm message arrives.

If the alarm message is in the foreground, the alarm message screen can be opened by touching the message indicator. Each subsequent touch opens the alarm message buffer or alarm message screen alternately.







6.1.3 System Messages

Į

Definition System messages indicate internal Touch Panel operating statuses. They indicate, for example, maloperations or communication malfunctions. Touch the system message window to close it.

Structure

A system message consists of a message number and text, e.g.:

222 AM remaining buffer reached

Message text may contain internal system tags for defining the cause of the message more precisely. Some system messages expect an acknowledgement or to make a decision. To determine the further course of events, two buttons are displayed in the system message window; for example

?	
559 Delete event buffer? OK Yes / ESC No	ESC

Serious and non-serious system messages

System messages are catagorized into serious and non–serious messages. A serious system message relates to an error which can be eliminated only by a cold or warm restart of the Touch Panel. All other errors generate non–serious system messages – for example, a configured limit value is not maintained on entry or the current password level is too low for the operator input required. If a non–serious system message is not hidden automatically after a short period of time, hide it by touching the message window. Display can be terminated automatically after a configurable display time expires.

A list of system messages, with explanations, is provided in Appendix C of this manual.





6.2 Displaying Messages

Message archive

All message events are written in the message archive in chronological order. Message events are the arrival, clearing and acknowledgment of a message. A maximum of 512 message events can be stored in the Touch Panel message archive. Every message event is stored with the following information:

- message number
- event identifier (*A* for arrived, *D* for cleared, *K* for acknowledged),
- time of the event with date and time of day
- acknowledgment group (alarm messages)
- message text
- values of tags at the time of arrival or clearing.

If a message contains process values, the values stored in the message archive are those which were available when the message event arrived or has been cleared. The *Touch Panel* does not record any current process values for the Acknowledged message status. The value is replaced by ### characters. Figure 6-2 shows the structure of the message archive.

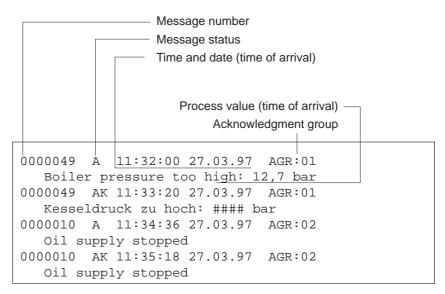


Figure 6-2 Storing message events in the message archive



Display

The message events in the message archive can be filtered according to various criteria and displayed on the Touch Panel (figure 6-3).

- All waiting event messages are displayed on the event message page.
- All message events for event messages are displayed in the event message buffer. The events related to message events are Arrived and Cleared.
- All waiting alarm messages are displayed on the alarm message screen.
- All message events for alarm messages are displayed in the alarm message buffer. These message events are Arrived, Cleared and Acknowledged.

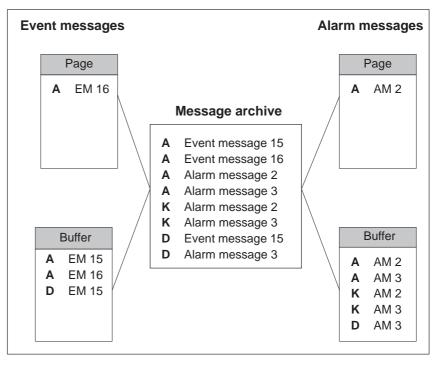


Figure 6-3 Displaying message events on the Touch Panel

Priority

Within the alarm and event messages, it is possible to configure message priorities according to their importance.

- 1 (low) to
- 16 (high).

If several messages having the same display priority are waiting, they are displayed according to their message priority – the highest first and the lowest last.



6.2.1 Opening a Message Page

Purpose	 An overview of the alarm and message events still pending on the Touch Panel is provided from the alarm message screen and the event message page. Open message pages are constantly updated.
Alarm message page	 In order to open an alarm message page, touch the message indicator or the OPEN ALARM MESSAGE SCREEN button on the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen
Event message page	To open the event message page, touch the OPEN EVENT MESSAGE PAGE button on the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen
Structure	The event message screen is sorted chronologicaly. The sorted order of the alarm message screen also depends on the <i>First/Last</i> parameters set on the <i>System Settings</i> standard page. Figure 6-4 depicts an example of an alarm message screen.
Displaying first/last message	Depending on the setting, either the oldest (<i>first</i>) or latest (<i>last</i>) message is displayed where several messages are pending. This setting can be modified online on the <i>Touch Panel</i> by means of the System Settings standard screen. To do this, touch the MESSAGE DISPLAY field and select either the FIRST or LAST parameter from the selection window.



Figure 6-4 Alarm message screen (example TP37)

Meanings of buttons

Button	Function	Purpose
	Scroll	Scroll backwards/forwards one line at a time.
	Jump	Scroll backwards/forwards one screen at a time (TP37 only).
HELP	Display Help text	Call help text for the marked message, if configured.
.	Toggle	Toggle back and forth between alarm message screen and alarm message buffer.
ESC	Cancel (Escape)	Close message page.

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6.2.2 Opening a Message Buffer

Purpose	 An overview of the message events which have arrived on the Touch Panel is provided concerning the alarm message buffer event message buffer. Open message buffers are constantly updated.
Alarm message buffer	 In order to open the alarm message buffer, touch the message indicator on the alarm message screen or the OPEN ALARM MESSAGE BUFFER button on the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen
Event message buffer	To open the event message buffer, touch the OPEN EVENT MESSAGE BUFFER button on the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen
Structure	The message buffers in the Touch Panel list all the message events which have occurred in chronological order. The basic structure and the significance of the buttons do not differ from those illustrated in the example alarm message screen in figure 6-4.



6.3 Deleting Messages

Purpose	All message events from event and alarm messages are stored automatically in the message archive. The message archive can contain as many as 512 message events. Message events are deleted
	• automatically in the case of buffer overflow
	• by means of the <i>Edit Message</i> standard screen.
Overflow warning	On reaching the configured remaining buffer size, (default setting 10%), an overflow warning is issued by default. Issue of the the warning can be enabled or disabled via the Touch Panel using the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen. To do so, touch the BUFFER OVERFLOW WARNING field and select one of the two parameters, OFF or ON, from the selection window.
Deleting on buffer overflow	If the message archive is no longer capable of recording more message events, message events are automatically deleted until the capacity configured for the remaining buffer size is reached. Deletion occurs in the following sequence:
	• The oldest messages which have already been cleared.
	The message events Arrived and Cleared for an event message which has cleared are deleted. The message events Arrived, Cleared and Acknowl- edged for an alarm message which has cleared are deleted.
	• Messages still waiting.
	If capacity is still not sufficient for new messages, the oldest waiting mes- sages are deleted. This triggers the issue of a system message.
Automatic printout	In the case of a buffer overflow, a printout of all the alarm and event messages deleted is automatically triggered if
	• "Printout on overflow" is configured,
	• message logging is deactivated on the Touch Panel, and
	• a printer, ready to operate, is connected.

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Deleting via standard screen

The following messages can be deleted from the message archive via standard screen *Edit Message*:

- all (not individual) acknowledged and cleared alarm messages
- all (not individual) arrived and cleared event messages.

Delete alarm messages by pressing the DELETE ALARM MESSAGE BUFFER button.

Delete event messages by pressing the DELETE EVENTS BUFFER button.

×	Ĩ

The message events for messages which have not been cleared remain in the message archive.



6.4 Printing Messages

How to print	Alarm and event mes	sages can be printed out	
·		owing buffer overflow (see c	hapter 6.3),
	• automatically as d	lirect message logging,	
	• manually (see cha	pter 6.5.2).	
	Set the printer parameters of the screen is described in	eters in the <i>Printer Settings</i> s chapter 7.	tandard screen. The standard
	Note		
	to overflow, it is poss	an 20 messages arrive simulta sible that the messages will not e printout instead of message	ot be printed. If this happens
Direct message logging	(alarm messages also	sages can be printed out direc on acknowledgement) when n. System messages are not l	this has been defined in the
Enabling/Disabling direct message logging	Message logging can be enabled/disabled online via the Touch Panel using the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen. To do so, touch the MESSAGE LOGGING field and select either of the parameters OFF or ON from the selection window. The table shows the relationships between the settings on the Touch Panel and the settings configured in ProTool.		
	Setting in ProTool	Setting on 7	Fouch Panel
		Message Logging ON	Message Logging OFF
	Messages	Messages are logged	Messages are not logged

Note

Off

Overflow

If Asian character sets are used for messages, the messages are printed in graphics mode.

Messages are logged

Messages are logged

Buffer overflow is printed

No effect



Manual printout of buffer content

The buffer contents can be printed out in the following ways:

- The *Edit Message* standard screen (see chapter 6.6.1) has buttons to print out alarm and event messages.
- The *Output Messages* standard screen (see chapter 6.6.2) has buttons to print out alarm and event messages. In addition, it is possible to enter filter criteria concerning the messages to be printed.



6.5 ALARM_S Messages

The STEP 7 option packages S7–PDIAG and S7–GRAPH only issue ALARM_S messages. For that reason, the message number procedure ALARM_S must be used for configuring process diagnosis in ProTool as well.

ALARM_S messages are not configured in ProTool but in STEP 7.

Incorporating ALARM_S Messages When configuring messages in STEP 7 the message text and attributes entered are stored in the database shared with ProTool. During the process of compiling the project, ProTool automatically imports the necessary data and subsequently downloads it to the operating unit.

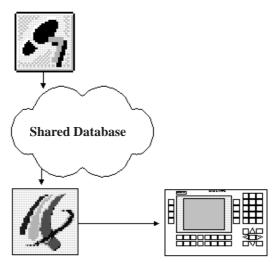


Figure 6-5 Configuring and Downloading ALARM_S Messages

It is therefore important that the shared database is always up to date during the compilation process and that data synchronization is active.

Use of Resources ALARM_S messages are configured in STEP 7. The data is then stored in a shared database, imported during the process of compiling the ProTool project and finally downloaded to the operating unit.

That means that ALARM_S messages use up resources on the operating unit. The shorter the messages are, the less storage space they will require.

A maximum of 2000 event messages and 2000 alarm messages can be created. It is of no consequence in this regard which message procedure is used.

Note

In STEP 7 there are restrictions regarding the number and size of tags that can be used within a message. For more precise details, please consult your STEP 7 documentation.



6.5.1 Communication Sequence

Logging On For ALARM_S More than one station (e.g. more than one OP, PU, etc.) on a network can log on for ALARM_S messages. Each station that wants to display ALARM_S messages logs on to the CPU for ALARM_S.

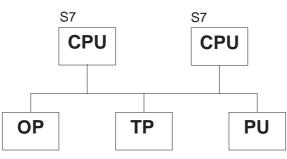


Figure 6-6 MPI Network

When A Message Event Occurs	When a message-triggering event occurs, the CPU actively sends telegrams to that effect to all stations that have logged on. The message number identifies the corresponding message text that has previously been downloaded to the operating unit.
	This means that the CPU does not have to be actively scanned for messages by regular polling as was the case with the message bit procedure. The operating unit, CPU and network are completely relieved of that burden on the system.
Time Stamp	With the ALARM_S procedure, the time stamp is not issued by the operating unit but by the CPU. The messages are stored in chronological order on the basis of their time stamp in the message buffer on the operating unit – even if they originate from different CPUs.
Information Stored	The CPU stores not only the time of the message but also the status (arrived, departed, acknowledged) and any process parameters. That information is re- tained until a message has been completely processed, i.e. until it has arrived, departed and been acknowledged. On the operating unit, the information in the message buffer is kept even longer.



6.5.2 Message Acknowledgement

ALARM_S Messages Requiring Acknowledgement	When a message is acknowledged by a station on the network, the CPU is im- mediately notified. The CPU then distributes the acknowledgement to all con- nected stations. It is only to this message that the operating unit responds, i.e. only at this point does it enter the acknowledgement in the message buffer.	
	Note	
	The CPU issues a time stamp for the acknowledgement event but does not store it. It is therefore not possible in the event of a subsequent update to determine whether or when a message has been acknowledged.	
ALARM_S Messages Not Requiring Acknowledgement	In the case of those ALARM_S messages that although they are configured as alarm messages do not require explicit acknowledgement by the user, the CPU acknowledges the message automatically when it arrives. The acknowledged event is then immediately entered in the message buffer along with the arrived event.	
6.5.3 Printing N	lessages	
	You specify which messages are to be printed in the usual way in ProTool by choosing the menu option $System \rightarrow Messages \rightarrow Settings$.	
Message Logging	If you do not specify any device–specific message settings in STEP 7, all mes- sage events are automatically logged directly to the connected printer.	
	If you configure device–specific messages, you can specify separately for each message whether it is to be logged or not.	
	If there are several CPUs in a network, this means that messages may not al- ways be received in chronological order by the operating unit. Messages are always printed in the order in which they are sent by the CPUs. This is also the case with every synchronisation.	
Printing Messages In the Event of a Buffer Overflow	Printing of the message buffer contents in the event of a buffer overflow is car- ried out in the same way as with the familiar message bit procedure. All mes- sages are printed before being deleted.	



6.5.4 Message Overload

It can happen that a large number of ALARM_S messages are issued within a short space of time. This can result in the build–up of processing backlogs.

CommunicationIf the time gap between the first occurrence of a message and a subsequent
occurrence is very short, it may be that the first message has not yet even been
sent. In that case, the CPU reports the current status, i.e. the most recent occur-
rence of the message. Every station, i.e. including the operating unit, is in-
formed at the same time, however, that at least one signal change that could not
be sent has occurred.

The message number appears on the operating unit in inverted type (light letters on dark background) if multiple arrivals and departures of the message have not been able to be recorded.

*1234567 A KGQ HH:MM:SS DD.MM.YYYY GRU00 Boiler 13: temperature 190 degrees Inform shift supervisor Tel. 007

Figure 6-7 Multiple Arrivals and Departures Could Not Be Recorded

CPU Memory Overload If there are more messages pending than the CPU can process, any new messages are discarded. Only when a message has been fully processed can a new message be processed.

The date and time of a message appear on the operating unit in inverted type (light letters on dark background) if it is the last message that could be accepted by the CPU message buffer.

*1234567 A KGQ HH:MM:SS DD.MM.YYYYGRU00 Boiler 13: temperature 190 degrees Inform shift supervisor Tel. 007

Figure 6-8 Last Message Accepted by the CPU

Operating Unit Overload An operating unit can process a maximum of approx. 200 simultaneously pending messages (total number of event and alarm messages). If the operating unit then receives more messages from the CPUs on the network, they can no longer be displayed. A system message to that effect is then displayed on the operating unit.

The maximum number of messages that could theoretically be simultaneously pending on an operating unit is calculated from the sum of the maximum numbers possible on the connected CPUs.



Example:

A CPU 315 can process a maximum of 50 simultaneously pending messages. Accordingly, an operating unit can handle a maximum of four CPU 315s sending ALARM_S messages without overflow problems occurring.

6.5.5 Updating

Since the CPU stores the message information when a fault occurs, individual network stations (e.g. an OP) can log on at a later date and obtain an update.

However, the CPU only stores information about pending messages. Once all events (arrival, departure, acknowledgement) have occurred, the message is deleted from the CPU.

When obtaining an update, therefore, the operating unit processes any missing events automatically if a message is not known to the PLC but the arrival and acknowledgement events are not entered on the operating unit.

The events are not entered in the message buffer in that case, however.

Events processed in this way are identified on the operating unit by displaying the message status symbols in inverse type thus:

*1234567 A KGO HH:MM:SS DD.MM.YYYYGRU00 Boiler 13: temperature 190 degrees Inform shift supervisor Tel. 007

Figure 6-9 Automatically Processed Events

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6.5.6 Buffer Overflow

Message Archive	All message events for event and alarm messages are automatically stored in a message archive. The message archive can hold up to 512 message events.
Overflow Warning	When the remaining buffer capacity specified in ProTool (default setting 10%) is reached, an overflow warning is automatically issued.
Deleting Message Events In the Event of a Buffer	If the message archive has insufficient space to accept any more message events, message events are automatically deleted until the specified remaining buffer capacity is reached.
Overflow	Deletion is carried out in the following order:
	1. The oldest departed messages.
	For departed event messages, the message events <i>arrival</i> and <i>departure</i> are deleted. For departed alarm messages, the message events <i>arrival</i> , <i>departure</i> and <i>acknowledged</i> are deleted.
	2. Pending messages.
	The oldest pending messages are deleted to make space for the newly re- ceived events.
Printout	If <i>Buffer Overflow Message Logging</i> has been specified and a printer is connected and switched on, all deleted alarm and event messages are printed out in the event of a buffer overflow.



6.6 Standard Screens for Messages

Overview

The two standard standard screens below are significant for messages:

- Edit Message
- Output messages
- System Settings

6.6.1 "Edit Message" Standard Screen

PurposeFunctions are configured in the *Edit Message* standard screen which are necessary to view, delete and print messages (figure 6-10).

Open the *Edit Message* standard screen from the main screen by pressing the button



Structure

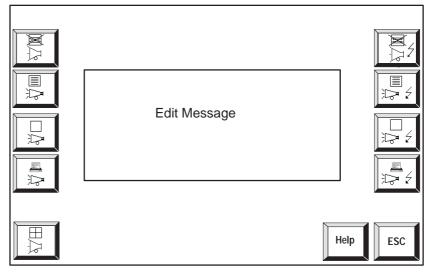


Figure 6-10 Standard screen Edit Message



Meanings of buttons



Open event message window



Open event message page



∎ ₽ Open event message buffer

- Delete event message buffer
 - Print event message buffer



Open alarm message screen



Open alarm message buffer

Delete alarm message buffer



Print alarm message buffer



Call Help text on standard screen



Exit from standard screen

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6.6.2 "Output Messages" Standard Screen

Condition	In order to select and print messages via criteria, the <i>Output Messages</i> standard so uration.	
Purpose	The <i>Output Messages</i> standard screen er messages according to various, user-def	
Structure	Output Mess	ages
	Output medium:	
	Message event:	
	Priority:	
	Date:	
	Text:	
	Acknowledgment group:	
		Esc Esc

Figure 6-11 Standard screen Output Messages





Meaning of operating elements	Output medium	PRINTER The factory setting for output from units TP27 and TP37, is to a printer.
	Message event	ALL All the alarm messages or event message buffer contents are printed out. This includes all message events which have Arrived, Cleared or been Acknowledged.
		ARRIVED ONLY Only the Arrived message events stored in the buffer are printed.
		CLEARED ONLY Only the Cleared message events stored in the buffer are printed.
		ACKNOWLEDGED ONLY Only the Acknowledged message events stored in the buffer are printed.
		ARRIVED AND CLEARED Only the Arrived and Cleared message events stored in the buffer are printed.
		ARRIVED AND ACKNOWLEDGED Only the Arrived and Acknowledged message events stored in the buffer are printed.
		CLEARED AND ACKNOWLEDGED Only the Cleared and Acknowledged message events stored in the buffer are printed.
	Priority	0 to 16 Only those message events are printed which have at least the specified priority.
	Date	Only those message events with the specified date are printed.
	Text	Only those message events are printed which contain the specified character string. Upper/lower case is not considered.
	Acknowledgment group	0 to 16 Only those message events are printed which belong to the specified acknowledgement group.



6.6.3 "System Settings" Standard Screen

PurposeDifferent settings can be defined for messages using the symbolic
input fields in the System Settings standard screen. Open the
System Settings standard screen from the main screen by pressing
the adjacent button

©____+

StructureTP27 and TP37 have different System Settings standard screens. Figure 6-12
illustrates an example of the System Settings standard screen for the TP27-10.
Fields relevant for messages are shown grey.

System Settings	
Operating mode:	
Display message :	
Message logging:	
Buffer overflow warning:	
Date: Time:	ESC

Figure 6-12 System Settings standard screen for TP27-10

Meaning of
operating elementsOnly the operating elements of interest as regards messages are listed below.
See chapter 11 for a description of the other fields and buttons.

Message display	FIRST The oldest alarm message is displayed first.
	LAST The most recent alarm message is displayed first.
Message logging	ON Alarm messages and event messages are printed in addition to being displayed.
	OFF Alarm messages and event messages are printed only on buffer overflow.

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Overflow warning	ON A system message is issued when the remaining buffer size is reached.
	OFF No message is issued when the remaining buffer size is reached.
Help	Call Help text on standard screen
ESC	Exit from standard screen







Printing

Connecting a printer	A monochrome printer or color printer can be connected to the Touch Panels. Configuration of the connection is described in section 12.2.4. Descriptions of the interfaces is provided in Appendix B.
Print functions	The following print functions are provided on the Touch Panel:
	• Print Messages (see section 6.4). All the message events which occur (Arrived, Departed, Acknowledged) are printed on the printer. Screen prints and screens can be printed during message logging.
	• Print Buffer The entire event message or alarm message buffer contents are printed on the printer. Filter criteria can be defined for the printout (see Chapter 6.5.2).
	• Print Screen If you wish to use this function on the Touch Panel, you have to assign the PRINT SCREEN function to a button when configuring. Touching the button prints the displayed screen. Windows currently shown on the screen – for example, the message window – are not printed together with the screen. You can abort the Print Screen function by touching the button again. A system message indicates that the Print Screen function has been aborted.
	• Print Screen List To use this function on the touch screen, the PRINT SCREEN LIST function must be assigned to a button during configuration. This function can be used to print up to twenty screens in succession at one page per screen. If there are output fields on a screen for process values, the values current at the time of printing are read out from the PLC.
	ASCII is the default printing mode; in other words, graphic elements such as graphics, trends and bar graphs are not printed. Print Screen is not pos- sible while printing is in progress. If the <i>Graphics mode for screen list</i> <i>printing</i> is configured for individual screens, these screen lists are printed complete with all elements, i.e. including graphics, trends, bar graphics, etc.
	In order to print all the screens selected using the <i>Print screen list</i> function in Graphics mode, it must be defined in the configuration using the global function <i>Automatic graphics printing</i> .



Standard screen The settings configured for printer type and printer parameters can be modified online via the symbolic input fields

- with the TP27-6 in standard screens *Printer Settings General*, *Print Screen* and *Assign Color* (figure 7-1),
- with the TP37 and TP27-10 in standard screen *Printer Settings* (figure 7-2).

Make sure that the parameters on the Touch Panel match those on the printer.

	Printer Settings General:
Printer: Interface: Baud rate: Data bits: Stop bits: Timeout (se Parity: Type:	ec):
	Help ESC
Print Screen	Assign Color
Printout: Color: Bold: Density: Needles:	OP < - > Printer $OP < -> Printer$ (0) Black: (4) Red: (1) Blue: (5) Magenta: (2) Green: (6) Yellow: (3) Cyan: (-1) White: (Value -1 = "No color") ESC

Figure 7-1 Standard screens for printer settings (example TP27-6)



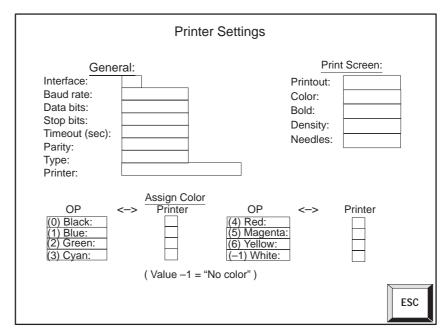


Figure 7-2 Standard screen Printer Settings (example TP37 and TP27-10)

Meaning of operating elements	Interface	Set printer interf IF2 LPT	face: (serial) (parallel, TP37 only)
	Transfer Parameters	Standard setting	(serial):
		BAUD RATE:	9600
		DATA BITS:	8
		STOP BITS:	1
		PARITY:	None
		TIMEOUT (S):	60
		Do not change the parameters unless they do not match the transfer parameters of your printer.	
	Printer	Select a printer f printerss.	from the list of configured



Print Screen	ASCII (default setting): Only ASCII characters are printed in a screen printout (no graphics or character graphics). An ASCII screen print is appreciably quicker than a graphic screen print. A screen which contains text characters be- longing to an Asiatic character set is always printed in graphics mode, irrespective of the ASCII default setting. GRAPHIC: All elements on the screen are printed in a screen print, including graphics, trends and bar graphs.
Assign Color	Disable individual colors (-1) or modify color assignment. Example: You wish to use black (0) as the color instead of blue (1).
	Switch to the <i>Hardcopy</i> standard screen (TP27-6 only).
\$	Switch to the Assign Color standard screen (TP27-6 only).
HELP	Call Help text
ESC	Exit from standard screen

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Recipes

8

PurposeRecipes consist of combinations of tags for a specific application. The purpose
of recipes is to transfer several items of data collectively to the PLC. This
transfer requires synchronization between the touch screen and the PLC.

Data records The data structure is defined with the data record in the configuration. Data is assigned to the structure on the Touch Panel. This data structure (recipe) can be used more than once and different data can be assigned to it. We refer to data records to which data has been assigned as "data records". Data records are stored on the Touch Panel. This saves memory space on the PLC.

Example of a recipe

The same bottling machine of a fruit juice filling system is to be used to produce orange nectar, an orange drink and orange juice. The mixing ratios are different for each drink, though the ingredients are always the same. The production details are configured in this example as the "Mixture" recipe.

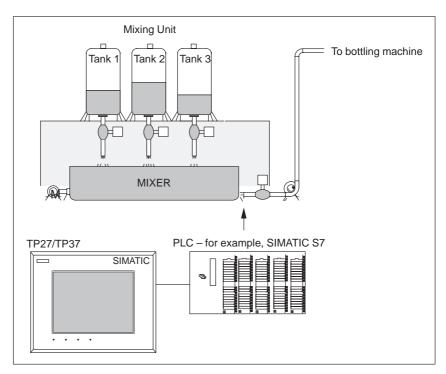


Figure 8-1 Example: Fruit juice system

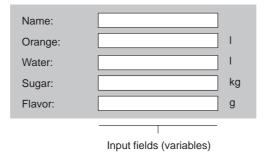
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Ingredients of a recipe

A recipe consists of a series of recipe entries. Each entry contains no more than one input field (tag).

The Mixture recipe might contain the following entries:



Data records on the Touch Panel

Values are assigned to the input field variables on the Touch Panel and stored. Together, these values form one data record of the recipe.

Several data records can be created for one recipe. This enables the fruit juice system, for example, to produce drinks of different kinds. It uses a different data record for each drink:

Name:	Beverage	Nectar	Juice
Orange:	90	70	95 I
Water:	10	30 I	51
Sugar:	1.5 kg	1.5 kg	0.5 kg
Flavor:	200 g	400 g	100 g
"Mixture" recipe entries	Data record 1	Data record 2	Data record 3

All data records are stored in the Touch Panel. Only the currently active data record is stored on the PLC. This saves memory space on the PLC.

Identifying recipes

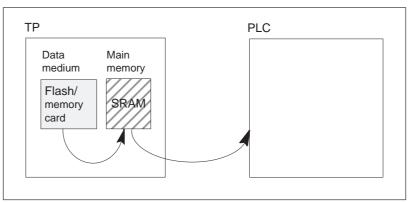
A recipe is created under a symbolic name in the configuration. The recipe is then selected using this symbolic name on the Touch Panel.





8.1 Standard Screens for Recipes

Condition	In order to create, save and download data records using the Touch Panel, the standard screen <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> must be integrated in the configuration. The <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> standard screen need only be integrated in the configuration when current data has to be exchanged between the Touch Panel and PLC.
Purpose	Data records are created, modified and deleted using the standard screen <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> . It is also possible to use the standard screen to transfer data records from data media (flash or memory card) to the PLC or vice versa. The standard screen <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> is only required when data records need to be transferred between specific Touch Panels, data media or PLCs. A detailed description of handling standard screens is provided in Section 8.1.1.
Standard screen Edit Data Records	 Use the standard screen <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> (figure 8-2) to create and edit data records on the Touch Panel and save these records on a data medium, transfer the records from data media to the main memory of the Touch Panel and from there to the PLC,



- delete data records on the data medium
- edit data records on the Touch Panel.

The structure of a recipe cannot be modified on the Touch Panel.



Data Record Processing and	Transmission
Recipe: Data record name: Comment: Sort order: Data medium:	
	Help

Figure 8-2 Input fields and buttons in standard screen *Data Record Processing and Transmission* (exampleTP37)

Meaning of operating elements



Copy current values from the PLC to the main memory of the Touch Panel and save them as a data record on the data medium *flash* or *module* (memory card).



Load selected data records from data medium to the main memory of the Touch Panel and transfer from there to the PLC.



Delete selected data record on the data medium.



Create and modify selected data record on the data medium.



Select data record from recipe data.



Call Help text on standard screen.



Exit from standard screen





	Recipe	Select a recipe from the list of configured recipes.
	Data record name	Enter the name of the new data record or the data record to be edited.
	Comment	Enter a comment in respect of the data record to be edited. The comment entered is only accepted when the data record is stored on the data medium. It is not accepted if the data record is saved a second time. In this case, the comment must be entered in the Edit window (refer to figure 8-4 on Page 8-10).
	Sort order	Define the sort criteria for the list of data records. Select from the following sort criteria:
		• unsorted,
		• alphabetic,
		 alphabetic reversed, abropological
		chronological,chronological reversed.
	Data madium	
	Data medium	Select one of the data media <i>flash</i> or <i>module</i> (memory card) here.
		Format the data medium using the <i>Format</i> list box.
Standard screen Transfer Data Record	versa, without hat phase of a process	an be downloaded from the Touch Panel to the PLC and vice aving to store them on a data medium. This makes the startup as easier, for example. Similarly, transfer between the Touch medium is also possible.
	Using the standar possible to	rd screen Selective Data Record Transmission (figure 8-3) it is
	• transfer the c Panel,	urrent values from the PLC to the main memory of the Touch
	• transfer the c PLC,	urrent values from the main memory of the Touch Panel to the
	 load data reco Panel, 	ords from data medium into the main memory of the Touch
	• transfer data medium.	records from the main memory of the Touch Panel to data



Selective Data Record	Transmission
Recipe:	
Data record name:	
Comment:	
Sort order:	
Data medium:	
	Help

Figure 8-3 Input fields and buttons in standard screen *Selective Data Record Transmission* (example TP37)

Meaning of operating elements

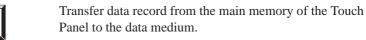


Transfer current values from the PLC to the main memory of the Touch Panel (update values in the Touch Panel)

Transfer the current values from the main memory of the Touch Panel to the PLC.



Transfer data record from the data medium to the main memory of the Touch Panel.



1



Help

ESC

Call Help text on standard screen.

Exit from standard screen

Select data record.





Recipe	Select a recipe from the list of configured recipes.
Data record name	Enter the name of the data record you wish to transfer.
Comment	Enter a comment in respect of the data record to be edited.
Sort order	 Define the sort criteria for the data records to be transferred. Select from the following sort criteria: unsorted, alphabetic, alphabetic reversed, chronological, chronological reversed.
Data medium	Select one of the data media <i>flash</i> or <i>module</i> (memory card) here.



8.1.1 Creating, Editing and Saving Data Records

In this sectionThe data structure is defined with the recipe during configuration. Initially,
there are no data records. They are created, edited and stored on data media
directly on the Touch Panel using the standard screen Data Record Processing
and Transmission.How to operate the standard screen Data Record Processing and Transmission
is the subject of this section.Formatting data
mediaBefore a data record can be stored, the data medium must be formatted. To do
this, use the formatting function in the input field beneath the data medium
selection.

Note

Any data records on the data medium are deleted by the formatting operation. Formatting of a data medium cannot be undone.

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Format</i> field of standard screen <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> .
2	Select the formatting function from the selection window by touching
3	Confirm the prompts in the following two system message windows by touching OK or cancel the action by touching ESC



Creating a new data record

Editing record

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field of the standard screen <i>Data Record</i> <i>Processing and Transmission</i> .
	Select the recipe for the new data record in the selection window.
2	Touch the <i>Data Medium</i> field. Select from the selection window the data medium on which you want to save the new data record.
3	Touch the <i>Data Record Name</i> field. Enter the name of a data record, which does not yet exist, in the input window . To save the data record on a disk, the name may only consist of alpha characters and digits from the normal level of the alphanumeric keyboard. The length is limited to 11 characters.
4	Edit the data record and then download it to the data medium.

a data	Step	Action
	1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in the standard screen <i>Data Record</i> <i>Processing and Transmission</i> .
		Select the recipe for the data record to be edited from the selection window.
	2	Touch the Data Medium field.
		Select the data medium from the selection window on which the edited data record should be saved .
	3	Select the name of the data record which you which to edit. There are two ways of doing this:
		• Touch the button
		and select the data record from the selection window or
		• Touch the <i>Data Record Name</i> field and enter the name of the data record in the input window.
	4	Touch the button
	5	Edit the data record in the edit window (figure 8-4).
	6	Confirm the change by touching
		or discard the change by touching



Edit window The entries of the selected data record are listed in the Edit window (figure 8-4). Each line contains the configured name on the left and the editable value of the entry on the right.

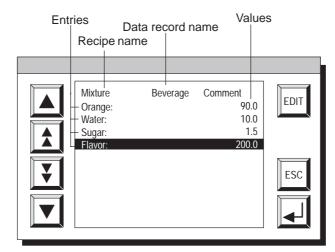


Figure 8-4 Edit window for data records

Meanings of	
buttons	

Button	Function	Purpose
	Scroll (cursor)	Scroll up and down one line at a time through the list of entries.
	Jump	Browse forwards and backwards in the entry list screen by screen.
EDIT	Edit	Edit selected entry.
ESC	Cancel (Escape)	Discard input and close window.
	Enter	Confirm input and close window.



Saving data records

Current values can be copied from the PLC to the Touch Panel main memory and saved on a data medium. The time at which the data record was saved is also stored.

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> .
	Select the recipe for the data record to be saved from the selection window.
2	Touch the Data Medium field.
	Select the data medium on which the data record is to be saved from the selection window .
3	Select the name of the data record to be saved (see <i>Editing a data record</i> , Step 3, Page 8-9).
4	Touch the button
	If a data record with this name does not exist, it is created. If a data record with this name already exists, the system asked whether the existing data record should be overwritten.
5	Confirm by touching
	or cancel the action by touching
6	Repeat steps 1 to 5 for each data record to be saved on the data medium.

Loadig data records

Proceed as follows to load data records from data media in the main memory of the Touch Panel and download them to the PLC:

Step	Action	
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Data Record Processing</i> and <i>Transmission</i> .	
	Select a recipe for the data record to be loaded from the selection window.	
2	Select the name of the data record to be loaded (see <i>Editing a data record</i> , Step 3, Page 8-9).	
3	Touch the <i>Data Medium</i> field. Select the data medium from which the data record is to be loaded from the selection window .	
4	Touch the button	



Deleting data records

The following section describes the sequence for deleting individual data records fro the selected data medium. If all the data records on the data medium are to be deleted, it is more practical to use the Format function (see Page 8-8).

If the data record to be deleted from the data medium is active on the PLC, it remains active on the PLC even after it has been deleted.

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Data Record Processing</i> and <i>Transmission</i> .
	Select the recipe for the data record to be delete from the selection window.
2	Touch the Data Medium field.
	Select the data medium containing the data record to be deleted from the selection window .
3	Select the name of the data record to be deleted (see <i>Editing a data record</i> , Step 3, Page 8-9).
4	Touch the button
5	Confirm the prompt which follows by OK OK
	or cancel the action by touching ESC

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8.1.2 Transferring Data Records

In this section The following section describes how to operate the *Selective Data Record Transmission* standard screen. This standard screen contains special functions configured for transferring data records between the Touch Panel and PLC and between Touch Panels and data medium. As opposed to transfer using standard screen *Data Record Processing and Transmission*, intermediate steps are provided here for the transfer process. This means that it is possible to load a data record from the PLC in the main memory of the Touch Panel, edit the data record and then transfer the record back to the PLC with modified values.

PLC \rightarrow Proceed as follows to update the values in the data record in the Touch PanelTouch Panelmain memory with values from the PLC:

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in the standard screen <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> .
	Select the recipe for the data record you wish to update from the selection window.
2	Touch the button

Touch Panel → PLC	Proceed as follows to transfer the current values in the main memory of the Touch Panel to the PLC:

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> .
	Select a recipe for the data record to be transferred from the selection window.
2	Touch the button



Data medium → Touch Panel

Proceed as follows to load a data record from a data medium in the Touch Panel main memory:

Step	Action	
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> .	
	Select a recipe for the data record to be loaded from the selection window.	
2	Touch the <i>Data Medium</i> field. Select the data medium from which to load the data record from the selection window .	
3	Select the name of the data record to be loaded into the main memory of the Touch Panel (see <i>Editing a data record</i> , Step 3, Page 8-9).	
4	Touch the button	

Touch Panel → Data Medium

Proceed as follows to save a data record in the main memory of the Touch Panel on a data medium:

Step	Action
1	Touch the <i>Recipe</i> field in standard screen <i>Selective Data Record Transmission</i> .
	Select the recipe for the data record to be saved from the selection window.
2	Touch the <i>Data Medium</i> field. Select the data medium on which the data record is to be saved
	from the selection window.
3	Select the name of the data record to be save (see <i>Editing a data record</i> , Step 3, Page 8-9).
4	Touch the button



8.2 Record Sets

Definition	A record set combines one data record from several different recipes under a common name.
	In its data records, a record set contains all the values required to set up a ma- chine or system. This means, for example, that the basic settings for machines which operate simultaneously can be loaded to produce different products.
Example	In order to simplify the general overview, the ORANGE fruit juice system used in this chapter is extended by the production lines GRAPEFRUIT and LEMON. To do this, the recipes GRAPEFRUIT and LEMON are set up. Each of these recipes has a data record called "Drink". These three data records form the record set called "Drink".
	The data record "Drink" for all three recipes can be downloaded simulta- neously to the PLC in a single transfer action, thus starting production of the "Drink".
Editing	A record set is edited in the <i>Data Record Processing and Transmission</i> standard screen the same as a data record.
	The editing options are:
	• Select
	• Save (Create)
	• Load
	• Delete
Selecting	Select the recipe name <i>RecordSet</i> from the selection window. If "Record set" has been chosen as the recipe, all the data records of all recipes are displayed following selection of the data record. Record sets (data records which are present in several recipes) are identified by * in front of their name.



Save (Create) A Record Set can be created in standard screen *Data Record Processing and Transmission* in two different ways, i.e. saved on a data medium:

1. Save a data record for each recipe

Step	Action
1	Select <i>RecordSet</i> as the recipe.
2	Define the data record name and the data medium.
3	Save the record set as with a data record. A data record is created for each recipe.
4	Delete any data records not required.

2. Save a data record individually for selected recipes

Step	Action
1	Select the recipe name, e.g. ORANGE.
2	Define the data record name (e.g. $Drink$) and data medium. Each data record name must be created with the same name (= $Drink$).
3	Edit the data record and save it.
4	Repeat steps 1 and 3 for each data record.

Load

During the loading procedure all the data records with the selected name located on the data medium are loaded on the Touch Panel and transferred on to the PLC. The sequence of steps corresponds to the procedure described on Page 8-11 under *Loading data records*.

Note

- It may take a relatively long time to upload a record set from the data medium to the PLC, depending on the size of the recipes. A record set should, therefore, only contain essential recipes.
- During the following downloading procedure, **all** current values of **all** recipe tags are transferred, and not just the data records with the same name:
 - PLC \rightarrow TP
 - PLC \rightarrow × Data medium
 - $\text{TP} \rightarrow \times \text{PLC}$



Delete	Complete record set:
	The sequence of steps corresponds to the procedure described on Page 8-12 under <i>Deleting data records</i> .
	Partial record set:
	Delete the data records with the corresponding name individually from the selected data records. The sequence of steps corresponds to the procedure described on Page 8-12 under <i>Deleting data records</i> .
Modify	Record sets cannot be modified. Only the individual data records in the record set can be modified. The sequence of steps corresponds to the procedure described on page 8-9 under <i>Editing data records</i> .







9

Storing and Loading Data

In this chapter	This chapter explains
	• how to transfer data to different data media,
	• which settings have to be performed,
	• what must be taken into consideration.
Purpose	Depending on the type and quantity, data is loaded onto data media to
	• back up data,
	• restore data,
	• load or store recipe data records,
	• load data from the configuration computer to a different Touch Panel,
	 download Touch Donal firmawara

• download Touch Panel firmware.

9.1 Data Types, Data Media and Storage Principle

Data types	Data is divided into the following categories:configuration datafirmware data andrecipe data.
Data media	Touch Panels are equipped with the data media <i>internal flash</i> and <i>memory card</i> .
Internal flash memory	The internal flash memory is a standard storage medium in the Touch Panel. The storage capacity is 1 Mbyte in the TP27–6 and 2 Mbytes in the TP27–10 and TP37. All data types can be stored in the flash memory. Memory allocation depends on the size of the configuration, the firmware and the data area configured for data records.



Memory card The memory card is an external memory medium, comparable to a disk. Compared to the internal flash memory, the memory card features the following advantages:

- The memory card is a portable storage medium. This means that, for example, recipe data can be transported from one TP to another. In this way, changes to configurations or firmware updates can be performed on systems on which no configuration computer is immediately available for transferring such data.
- Configurations can be loaded directly from the memory card because a Touch Panel detects a card when inserted. In this case, the units access the memory card first and then the internal flash memory.
- Its storage capacity of up to 16 MB provides space for large configurations or a large number of recipe data records.



Caution

Memory cards containing stored configurations must be used only in Touch Panels of the same type. If not, you might provoke a system crash.

Storage principle

Data can only be saved in the following combinations for practical purposes:

- firmware, configuration and recipe data records, or
- firmware and configuration.¹⁾ or
- recipe data.

1) This function is not contained on the standard screen and has to be configured.



9.2 Delete Storage Medium

Delete flash / memory card	It is not normally necesary to delete the memory. Deletion produces a definied initial state on the memory media.
	Note
	If a memory card is inserted in the Touch Panel, this function deletes the con- tents of the memory card.
	If no memory card is inserted in the Touch Panel, this function deletes the contents of the internal flash.
	During the deletion process, all data is cleared from the data medium.
Procedure for deleting	 In order that the configuration on the TP is not deleted inadvertently, several separate touches are necessary simultaneously on the screen. Proceed as follows to delete the memory: 1. Touch the top left corner of the screen as the Touch Panel is starting up. The menu illustrated in figure 9-1 appears with the first confirmation request.
	SIMATIC TP37, V x.xxx Copyright (c) SIEMENS AG 1997
	ALL DATA ON FLASH/MODULE WILL BE ERASED ! ARE YOU SURE ?
	OK CANCEL SERIAL DOWNLOAD BOOT CONFIGURATION

Figure 9-1 Settings in the startup phase (example: clear flash memory)

- 2. Touch the lower left corner area of the screen. When using the TP27–10, it is also necessary to touch the OK button. Touching any other area of the screen subsequently stops the deletion procedure.
- 3. Confirm the second confirmation request using the *OK* button.



Reserved memory area for recipe data

A memory area, with the following default settings, is reserved for recipe data in the flash memory and on the memory card:

- 64 kB (flash memory)
- 128 kB (memory card).

If the default values are not sufficient, reset them in ProTool. Remember, however, that less space will be available for the configuration if the reserved area is enlarged.

Note

Remember that, in addition to the reserved area for recipe data records, 64 kB are required on the internal flash memory and 128 kB on the memory card for management data.



9.3 Backup/Restore

Application The memory card offers the possibility of loading data stored in a Touch Panel directly onto a machine or system. This means that a configuration or recipe data records can be updated or modified irrespective of the location at which the system is being used.

> A separate standard screen is provided for backup/restore with which the functions can be implemented.

Standard screen The standard screen Backup/Restore (figure 9-2) is opened from the System Settings standard screen on the Touch Panel by pressing the button

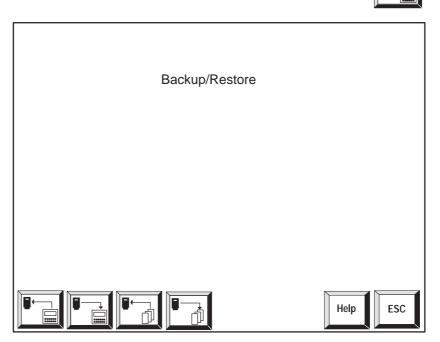


Figure 9-2 Standard screen Backup/Restore

Meanings of buttons



Backup: Firmware + configuration + data records



Restore:



Firmware + configuration + data records Backup:



Data records



Restore: Data records

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Call Help text on standard screen

ESC	1

Exit from standard screen

Insert memory card

Use Slot B to plug the memory card into the TP37 and TP27-10. Only one slot is available in the TP27-6. The slot is described for TP37 in chapter 16.3, for TP27-10 in chapter 15.3 and for TP27-6 in chapter 14.3.

Backup flash \rightarrow module A backup flash \rightarrow module process can be carried out in normal operation of the Touch Panel:

Step	Action
1	Insert the memory card in Slot B of the Touch Panel.
2	Delete the memory card contents before initiating the backup (see chapter 9.2).
3	Start the backup function by touching the corresponding button on the <i>Backup/Restore</i> standard screen. After successful transfer, a message is appears on the Touch Panel.
4	Remove the memory card from the Touch Panel.

Restore module \rightarrow flash

If a memory card only contains recipe data records, they can be restored to the Touch Panel in normal operating mode:

Step	Action
1	Insert the memory card in Slot B of the Touch Panel.
2	Start the restore function by touching the corresponding button on the <i>Backup/Restore</i> standard screen. The recipe data records in the internal flash memory are overwritten by the data records read in from the memory card.
3	Remove the memory card from the Touch Panel.

Note

Recipe data records, stored on the memory card using Backup, must first be transferred to the internal flash using the Touch Panel with the Restore function before they can be edited.

Recipe data records, saved directly on the memory card (e.g. using standard screen Data Record Processing and Transmission), cannot be transferred back into the internal flash using Restore.



Restore firmware/ configuration

Proceed as follows to restore a firmware/configuration backup on the Touch Panel:

Step	Action
1	Insert the memory card with the firmware/configuration in Slot B of the Touch Panel.
2	Restart the TP37. The Touch Panel starts up wih the firmware/configuration contained on the memory card.
3	Start the restore function by touching the corresponding button on the <i>Backup/Restore</i> standard screen. The memory contents of the internal flash memory are overwritten by the firmware/configuration contained on the memory card.

Load configuration in another unit

In order to load the configuration on another unit which is not locally available, proceed as follows:

Step	Action
1	Firstly, download the configuration in the internal flash of the available unit.
2	Then transfer the configuration to the memory card (refer to procedure Backup flash \rightarrow module).
3	Following that, load the file in the other unit according to the procedure Restore firmware/configuration.

Note

It is advised against downloading the configuration directly onto the memory card because the memory location organization differentiates between memory card and (target) flash which may lead to problems.

Automatic restore firmware/ configuration

If the *Backup/Restore* function is added to "initialization" entry point in the configuration, the function is called in each time the Touch Panel is started upaufgerufen. The system then asks whether the internal flash memory should be overwritten by the data stored on the memory card.

Step	Action
1	Insert the memory card containing the backup into Slot B of the system.
2	Start up the Touch Panel.
3	Confirm that the restore function should be started by answering "OK" at the prompt.
4	Remove the memory card from the TP37.







10

Status/Force Variable Using the TP

Purpose	The Touch Panels provide two functions, namely <i>Status Variable</i> and <i>Force Variable</i> , which enable operand values from the connected PLC to be displayed in a standard screen and modified in a second screen.
	This means that PLC operands can be edited directly on the TP in online mode without having to connect a programming unit to the PLC to do it.
Status Variable	Status Variable enables the status of SIMATIC S5/S7 operands to be displayed.
Force Variable	<i>Force Variable</i> enables SIMATIC S5/S7 operands to be controlled through modifying their values and transferring them back to the PLC.



10.1 Status Variable

Standard screen Status Variable The standard screen *Status Variable* is selected from the main screen using a soft key.

Status Variable				
MPI	Operand		Format	Value
12	DB, DBB	100 10	BIN = 000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
1	??????	0	?????????	0
123		Status: Running		Help

Figure 10-1 Status Variable standard screen (example: TP37 with SIMATIC S7)

Significance of the operating elements



Start/Stop update



Call in help text concerning on the current screen



Exit from current screen

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Operands for SIMATIC S5

Figure 10-2 illustrates the structure of a line for the SIMATIC S5 in the form of an example:

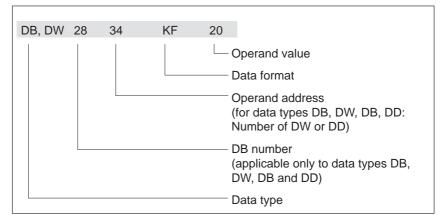


Figure 10-2 Display of PLC operands for the SIMATIC S5

Operands for SIMATIC S7

Figure 10-3 illustrates the structure of a line for the SIMATIC S7 in the form of an example:

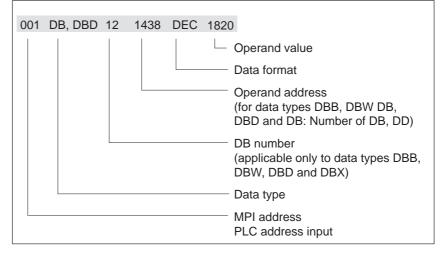


Figure 10-3 Display of PLC operands for the SIMATIC S7



Control sequence

Carry out the following steps to view operand values on the PLC:

Step	Action					
1	Enter operands					
	Once the screen has been selected, status processing is at <i>Status Stop</i> . Proceed as follows:					
	1. Call in the relevant screen for entering values by clicking on the first line.					
	2. Enter the data type for the first operands.					
	3. Enter the operand address for the first operands.					
	4. Enter the dataformat for the first operands.					
	5. Exit from the screen for entering values by clicking on button ESC.					
	6. Repeat the entries for operands 2 to x.					
	Note					
	A system message is issued if input is incorrect (e.g. the data					
	format does not match the type entered). By default, the first					
	entry in the pop-up window is then applied to the field.					
2	START updating					
	Press the function key assigned to the icon depicted on the right,					
	and set status processing to <i>Status Running</i> . The TP then displays the values of the operands in the final column of the stan-					
	dard screen. The display is updated cyclically.					
3	STOP updating					
	Press the function key again to stop updating and revert status processing to <i>Status Stop</i> .					



10.2 Force Variable

 Function
 In addition to the function provided by Status Variable, operand values can be modified using the Force Variable screen (^=force).

Standard screen: *Force Variable*

The *Force Variable* screen is not integrated in the ProTool standard screens and, therefore, must be assigned to a button in the configuration.

Force Variable					
MPI	Operand			Format	Value
12	DB, DBB	100	10	BIN = 00	00000000100000
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
1	??????		0	??????????	0
123	123		Status: Force Ir	iput	Help

Figure 10-4 Force Variable standard screen (example: TP37 with SIMATIC S7)

Significance of the operating elements



Start/Stop update





Force input/start

Call in help text concerning on the current screen



Exit from current screen



Control sequence

Carry out the following steps to comntrol operand values:

Step	Action	
1	START updating Press the function key assigned to the icon depicted on the right and set status processing to <i>Status Running</i> .	123
2	Force INPUT Switch status processing to the <i>Force Input</i> state using: Status processing is stopped and input is possible.	123
3	 Enter/modify operand value Proceed as follows: Select the line in which values need to be entered, thus calling in the corresponding screen for entering values. Enter the required values. Exit from the screen for entering values by clicking on the ESC button. 	
4	 Force START Press the function key assigned to the icon on the right a second time: all values of the operands assigned a change mark are transferred to the PLC the change marks are reset, and the system reverts automatically to status processing (Status: Status Running). or 	
	Cancel input Press the system key shown on the right. Modified values are no longer transferred to the PLC after exiting from the <i>Force Tag</i> standard screen or switching to the <i>Updating in Progress</i> status.	ESC 123



11

System Settings

Standard Screen

The standard screen *System Settings* is used to configure functions which influence general Touch Panel settings. The following settings are possible:

- Blank screen
- Select language
- Initiate backup/restore,
- Adjust volume,
- Adjust contrast (TP27 only),
- Calibtate touch screen (TP37 and TP27-10 only)
- Deactivate touch screen (clean screen)
- Set TP mode
- Set parameters for messages
- Set date/time

Figures 11-1, 11-2 and 11-3 depict the standard *System Settings* screen for TP27-6, TP27-10 and TP37. Open the standard screen from the main screen by touching the button shown here.



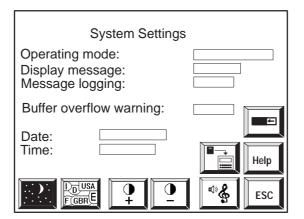


Figure 11-1 System Settings standard screen for TP27-6



System Settings	
Operating mode:	
Display message:	
Message logging:	
Buffer overflow warning:	
Date: Time:	ESC

Figure 11-2 System Settings standard screen for TP27-10

System Settings	
Operating mode:	
Display message:	
Message logging:	
Buffer overflow warning:	
Date: Time:	
	Help

Figure 11-3 System Settings standard screen for TP37 and TP27-10

Purpose of operating elements	Operating mode	Set one of the following operating modes for the Touch Panel:
		Online
		Offline
		Transfer (Serial MPI)
	Display message	For a description, refer to chapter 6
	Message logging	For a description, refer to chapter 6

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Buffer overflow warning	For a description, refer to chapter 6
Date and time	Set current date and time of day
	Blank screen
	Switch language
	Call Backup/Restore function (for a description, refer to section 9.3)
₩	Adjust volume
	TP27: Adjust contrast
	TP37 and TP27-10:
	Calibrate touch screen
	Deactivate touch screen to clean the screen (time limit)
Help	Call Help text on standard screen



Exit from standard screen



11.1 Setting an Operating Mode

Operating modes	 The following TP operating modes can be adjusted: Online Offline Download Serial MPI (S7)
Online	This is the standard operating mode for unrestricted process operation and pro- cess visualization. In Online mode, a logical connection is established between the Touch Panel and PLC or the Touch Panel attempts to establish a connec- tion.
Offline	In Offline mode, no logical connection is established between theTouch Panel and PLC. The Touch Panel does not attempt to establish a connection. You can use the Touch Panel. Process control and process visualization are not possible.
Download	In Download mode, data can be downloaded from the configuration computer to the Touch Panel (refer to chapter 13.2). In this mode there is no logical con- nection between the PLC and the Touch Panel. You cannot operate the Touch Panel in Download mode.
Changing the operating mode	• In routine operation On the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen, touch the <i>Operating Mode</i> field and select the operating mode required from the selection window. The Touch Panel saves the current operating mode in the non–volatile memory. The next time it powers up, the Touch Panel automatically reactivates the
	 operating mode last set. During the startup phase of the Touch Panel The procedure for setting the Touch Panel to Download mode during the startup phase is described in section 13.2.



11.2 Blanking the Screen

Purpose	The brightness of the LCD back–lighting is reduced during the course of time due to technological reasons. To extend its useful life:
	• reduce the brightness of the back–lighting on the TP27,
	• switch off the back–lighting on the TP37.
Action	• Trigger using the standard screen
	Touch the button depicted on the right of the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen. This blanks the screen.
	As soon as you touch any part of the screen of the TP27, the back–lighting returns to full brightness; if you are using TP37 touching the screen switches on the back–lighting.
	Automatic triggering
	If you do not touch the Touch Panel's screen within a configured period of time, the screen is blanked automatically. As soon as you touch any part of the screen of the TP27, the back–lighting returns to full brightness; if you are using a TP37 touching the screen switches on the back–lighting.

The screen of the Touch Panel is only blanked automatically if this function has been configured in ProTool.



11.3 Deactivate Touch Screen

Purpose	Soiling the touch screen cannot be avoided during normal operation. There- fore, it should be cleaned at regular intervals. In order to prevent functions be ing activated inadvertently while cleaning the screen, it can be deactivated vi the <i>System Settings</i> screen for a limited period of time.	
Procedure	Touch the button depicted on the right in the <i>System Settings</i> screen. The screen is blanked and a bar graph appears. The touch panel is then deactivated for 30 seconds. It can be cleaned without any functions being triggered. The way to clean	
	the touch panel is described in section 18.1.	
	The bar graph on the screen constantly indicates the remaining time until the touch panel is reactivated. The standard screen reappears automatically after 30 seconds.	
	If this function is used in a customized configuration, the time period of deactivation can be changed.	



11.4 Calibrating the Touch Screen (TP37 and TP27-10 only)

Purpose

Action

Depending on the installation position and viewing angle, it is possible that when operating the TP37 and TP27-10 one or more parallel axes appear, some more some less strongly highlighted. To prevent any operating errors occuring as a result of this, the TP37 and TP27-10 screens can be calibrated using the *System Settings* standard screen. The *Touch Calibration* function is protected by a password.

Step	Action
1	On the System Settings standard screen, touch the button
2	Enter the supervisor password in the password window.
3	Three calibration boxes appear one after the other on the screen in the sequence given in the figure below. Follow the prompt and touch the calibration box currently visible.
	Please touch the box Image: Second secon
4	 The Touch Panel checks whether two of the positions touched are in line. When this condition is satisfied, the screen is calibrated and the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen reappears.
	• If the condition is not satisfied, an error message is issued and the user is prompted to repeat Step 3.
	With the TP37and TP27-10, calibration is saved even in the event of a power failure.

Tip

If calibration is not correctly performed, TP37 und TP27-10 may not be operable in the case of extreme adjustments. In this case, restart the TP and repeat the touch calibration. Any extreme calibration error is corrected by default values which are restored on restarting.

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11.5 Other Settings

Date/Time	The current date and time can be set on the Touch Panel in order, for example, to make adjustments for summer and winter time. Any change affects all the fields which display a date and time variable. The display format for date and time is set in the configuration and cannot be changed later on the Touch Panel.
	Procedure : Touch the <i>Date</i> or <i>Time</i> field in the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen. Enter the current values in the correct format in the edit window. Enter the periods as well.
	The Touch Panel saves the current date and time in the non-volatile memory.
Language	The configuration can be loaded onto the Touch Panel in up to three languages. It is possible to switch to any of the languages at any time in Online mode. After switching to another language, all passages of language–dependent text are displayed in the new language.
	Procedure : Touch the button depicted on the right on the <i>System Settings</i> stan- dard screen. The languages are scrolled, one by one, each time the button is pressed.
	The Touch Panel saves the current language setting in non–volatile memory. The next time the Touch Panel is switched on all the language–dependent text passages are displayed in the last language you set.
Adjusting volume	The Touch Panel acknowledges contact with a touch element by issuing an acoustic signal. This signal takes the form of a tone audible while contact is made. The procedure for adjusting the volume of this audible tone online is as follows:
	• TP27: "high", "low" or "off",
	• TP37: "ON" or "OFF".
	Procedure, TP27: The default setting is "high" volume. Each time the button on the right is touched in the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen, the volume is adjusted, cyclically, to the next setting: High -> Off -> Low -> High.

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Procedure, TP37:

The default setting is signal tone ON. Touch the button shown here in the *System Settings* standard screen to switch off the signal tone. Toggle between signal tone ON and OFF by repeatedly touching the button.

The volume can also be adjusted by means of the potentiometer on the underside of the housing (see section 13.2).

Note

The signal tone is independent of communication with the PLC. It does not indicate that the required action has actually been executed.

Contrast

The TP27 has two buttons with which to adjust the contrast of the screen display in Online mode.

Increase contrast :

Touch the button depicted on the right on the *System Settings* standard screen. Each time the button is pressed, the contrast is increased by one level.

Reduce contrast :

Touch the button depicted on the right on the *System Settings* standard screen. Each time the button is pressed, the contrast is reduced by one level.

Apat from using these two buttons, the contrast can also be adjusted via the Boot window (refer to chapter 13.2).

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INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING

Part III

- 12 Installation
- 13 Commissioning







Installation

Installation location and conditions	The Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 are designed for vertical installation in the front panels of switching cabinets. Cut a mounting slot in the front panel in preparation for installation of the Touch Panel. The thickness of the front panel must not exceed 6 mm. No other holes need to be drilled for mounting.
	Details regarding the mounting depth and mounting slot are provided in chap- ter 14.
Degree of protection	The IP65 degree of protection for the front panel can only be ensured when the seal on the front plate of the Touch Panel is fitted correctly.
	Caution
	• The TP must be brought to room temperature before it is commissioned. If condensation forms, do not switch on the TP until it absolutely dry.

- To prevent the Touch Panel from overheating during operation,
 - the angle of inclination specified in the technical data must not be exceeded,
 - do not expose the TP to direct sunlight
 - ensure that the ventilation slits in the housing remain free after installation.
- When the cabinet is opened, certain parts of the system that may conduct hazardous voltage are exposed.
- The TP was function-tested before shipping. If a fault occurs nevertheless, please enclose a full account of the fault when returning the TP.

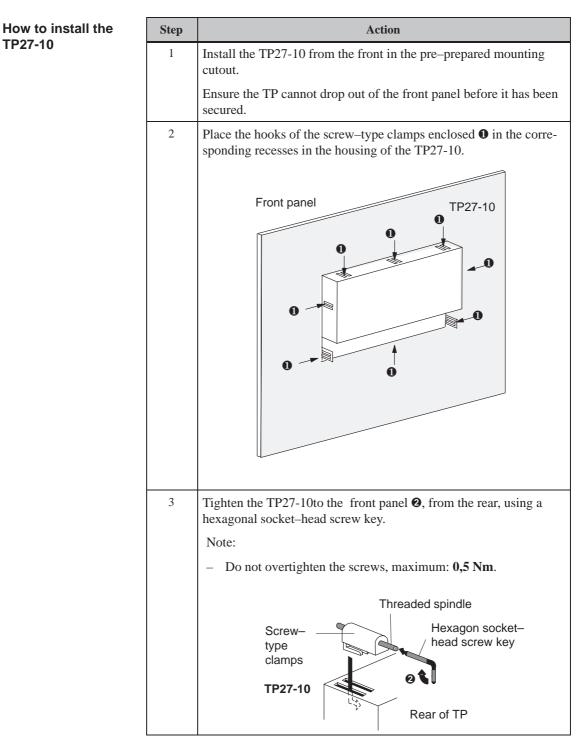


12.1 Mechanical Installation

How to install the	Step	Action
TP27-6	1	Slide the enclosed seal from the rear over the housing and, work- ing from the front, install the TP27-6 in the mounting cutout pre- pared. Make sure the TP cannot drop out of the front panel before it has
		been secured.
	2	Place the hooks of the five screw–type clamps enclosed ① in the coresponding recesses in the housing of the TP27-6.
		Front panel
	3	Use a screwdriver to tighten the TP27-6 from the rear in the front panel 2. Note: - Make sure the seal is seated correctly against the front panel. - Do not overtighten the screws to avoid damage. Front panel TP27-6

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For mounting into a front panel, the TP27-10 must be fixed using screw-type clamps. Too high torques when tightening the threaded spindle may distort the equipment housing and, as a result, cause breaking of the Touch Screen.

TP27-10



Maximum torque	It must be ensured that the threaded spindles of the screw-type clamps are tightened with the recommended torque of 0,5 Nm .
Seal	After correct fixing of the equipment, the seal remains visible owing to construction reasons.
\triangle	Caution Do not try to upset the seal until the TP27-10 and the front panel lie on each other at the same level.

Any damages caused by too high torques when tightening the screw-type clamps of the TP27-10 are not covered by the warranty.





Step	Action
1	Working from the front, position the TP37 in the slot cut in the cabinet.
	Make sure the TP cannot drop out of the front panel before it has been secured.
2	Locate the hooks of the six screw–type clamps enclosed with the TP in the corresponding recesses in the housing of the TP37 .
	One large screw-type clamp ① is required on the left and another on the right, two small screw-type clamps ② for the top and two for the bottom.
3	Working from behind, tighten the grub screws 3 against the front panel, as illustrated.
	Grub screw 🕲 Screw-type clamps Rear of TP
	Hexagon socket–head screw key
	Note:
	• Make sure the seal is seated correctly against the front panel.

How to install the

TP37



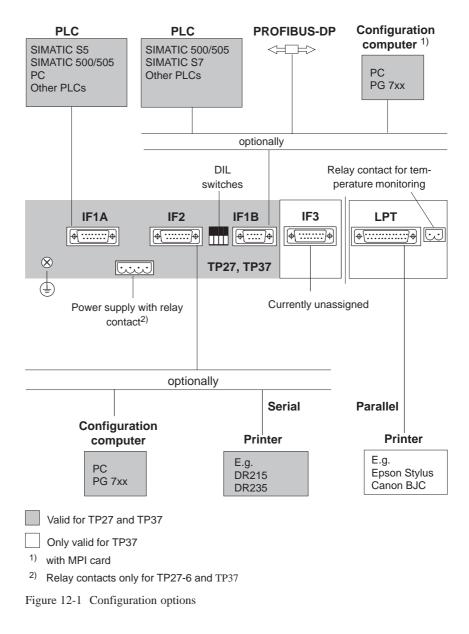
12.2 Electrical Installation

Electrical	The Touch Panel requires electrical connections
connections	• to the power supply,
	• to the configuration computer (PU or PC),
	• to the PLC.
	The electrical connection to the PU or PC is required purely for downloading the firmware and configuration. Following the configuration and test phases, a serial printer can be connected to the Touch Panel instead of the configuration computer.
EMC compatible design	A precondition for error-free operation is an EMC compatible hardware design of the PLC and the use of interference-proof cables. The guidelines on interference-free design of the PLCs apply equally to installation of the Touch Panel.
\wedge	Caution
\angle !	• Only shielded cables are allowed for all signal connections.
	• Screw or lock all plug connections.
	• Do not install signal lines in the same cable ducts as power cables.
	• Siemens AG refuses to accept liability for malfunctions and damage aris- ing from use of self-made cables or cables from other manufacturers.
Reverse battery protection	The operating units have reverse battery protection. This has no effect if a connection already exists to another unit via RS 232. Therefore, proceed as follows when commissioning the operating unit:
	1. Connect the power supply.
	2. Switch on the operating unit. If the operating unit does not power up, swap the connections because the poles are reversed.
	3. When the operating unit has been powered up, connect the configuration computer or periphery equipment.



Configuration options

Figure 12-1 illustrates a number of configuration options for Touch Panels, PLCs and periphery equipment.



Detailed information on connection options is provided in the sections below. The connection plug pin assignment for the interfaces are provided in Appendix B of this manual.



Relay contacts

(TP27-6 and

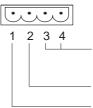
TP37) only

12.2.1 Power Supply and Relay Contacts

Power supply The power supply for the Touch Panel is connected at the 4–pin plug connector on the underside of the unit . Use the 4–pin terminal block supplied with the TP for this purpose. The terminal block is designed for cables with a cross–section not larger than 2.5 mm². Please refer to the technical data in Appendix A of information on the power supply requirements.

When configured accordingly, messages on the Touch Panel can trigger visual and acoustic signals (lights, flashing lights, buzzer, sirens etc.) by tripping an internal relay. The relay contacts are also carried to the 4–pin plug connector.

The figure below illustrates assignment of the 4–pin plug connector for the power supply and relay contacts.



Relay contacts (NO contacts) Rating 24 V DC; 0.4 A (no inductive load) GND

+ 24 V DC



Caution

- With a 24 V supply, make sure that the extra-low voltage is isolated safely. Use only power supply units complying with IEC 364-4-41 or HD 384.04.41 (VDE 0100, Part 410).
- The supply voltage must be within the specified voltage range. Voltages outside this range can cause malfunctions.

Temperature monitoring (TP37 only) A sensor monitors the temperature on the inside of the **TP37**. The contacts of the internal relay close if the temperature exceeds the permissible limit value. The relay contacts are carried to a 2–pin plug connector. This connector can be used to drive an external fan, for instance.

The figure below illustrates the assignment of the 2-pin plug connector.



Relay contacts (NO contacts) Rating 24 V DC; 0.4 A (no inductive load)

Ground connection

Connect the ground connection (=) of the unit to the cabinet ground. To do so, use the grounding screwdriver supplied.

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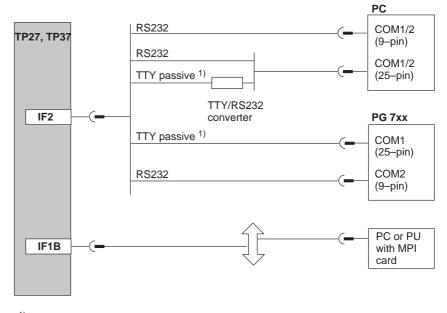
12.2.2 Connecting the Configuration Computer

Connection configuration

In order to download the configuration, a connection between the configuration computer (PU or PC) and TP must be established. There are two connection options available for this:

- the serial connection of a configuration computer to the TP interface IF2 (serial downloading),
- the connection of a configuration computer to the TP interface IF1B (MPI downloading). In this case, the configuration computer and TP are connected to the MPI network. A condition for this is that a configuration already exists on the TP.

Both connections serve for downloading the firmware and configuration data (chapter 13.2). Standard cables are available for the connections shown (refer to the ST80.1 catalog).



 Do not use the Siemens converter cable for connection by TTY/passive, because the Touch Panel does not supply 5 V.

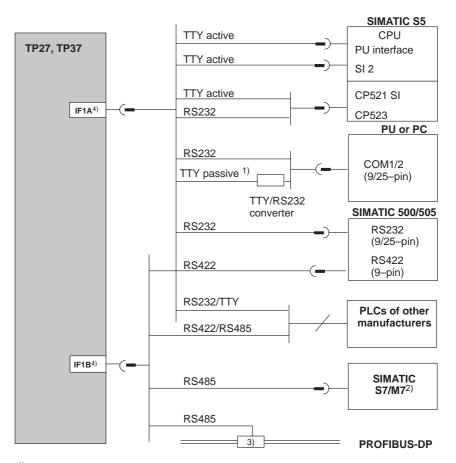
Figure 12-2 Connection configuration diagram for configuration computer



12.2.3 Connecting the PLC

Connection configuration

Figure 12-3 illustrates the basic connection possibilities between the TP27, TP37 and PLC. Standard cables are available for the connections shown (see the ST80.1 catalog).



- Do not use the Siemens converter cable for connection by TTY/passive, because the Touch Panel does not supply 5 V.
- $^{2)}$ $\,$ Use only the approved cables for connection to SIMATIC S7/M7.
- 3) Any PROFIBUS-DP bus terminal (except FSK)
- ⁴⁾ For operation via the serial interface, connect either IF1A (RS232/TTY) or IF1B (RS422/485), but not both. The IF1B interface is configured by means of DIL switches.

Figure 12-3 Connection configuration diagram for PLCs

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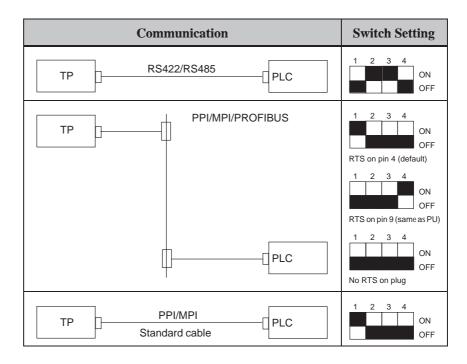


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Configure interface IF1B

The IF1B interface can be configured by using the DIL switches, located beside the 9–pin Sub-D connector. This interchanges the RS422 receive data and the RTS signal. By default, the RTS signal is not required by the communication peer.

The table shows the permissible DIL switch settings.





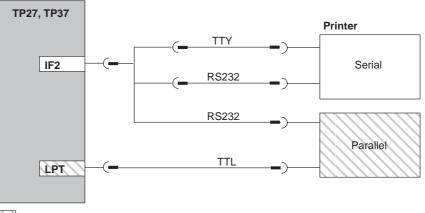
12.2.4 Connecting a Printer

Connection configuration

Figure 12-4 illustrates the connection of a printer to the serial and parallel printer interfaces of the Touch Panel:

- Serial connection: IF2
- Parallel connection: LPT (TP37 only)

Cables with integral connectors are available for connecting Siemens printers (refer to the ST80.1 catalog). When connecting printers from other manufacturers, use the cables supplied or specially made cables.



■ ТР37

Figure 12-4 Connection configuration diagram for printers

Note

Use only a cable with braided metal shield grounded at each end for connecting the Touch Panel and the printer.

Printer settings

The printer type and transmission parameters are defined on the Touch Panel via standard screen *Printer Settings* (refer to chapter 7).

Some printers may require defining the ASCII character set used in the configuration on the printer as well.



13

Commissioning

Flowchart

The guide to commissioning, depicted below, describes the individual steps required for commissioning Touch Panels TP27 and TP37. Figure 13-1 illus-trates the most important steps for the initial startup, recommissioning and normal operation of the Touch Panels.

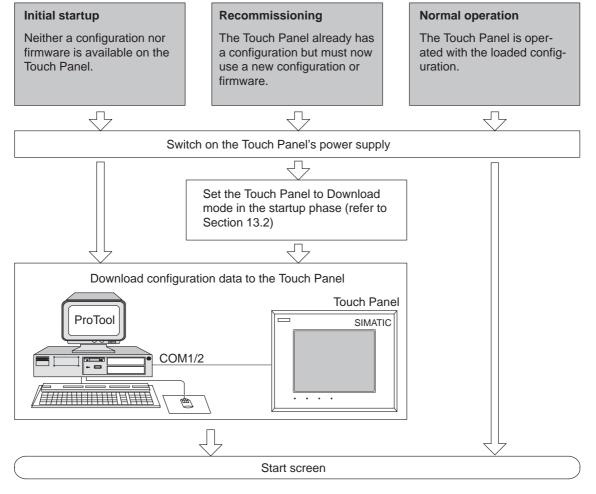


Figure 13-1 Commissioning flowchart



Before commissioning



Before commissioning the Touch Panel please observe the following:

Caution

• With the SIMATIC S5, compression of the internal program memory on the PLC (PU "Compress" function, integrated FB COMPR) is not allowed when a Touch Panel is connected. Compression modifies the absolute addresses of the blocks in the program memory. As the Touch Panel reads the address list only during startup, it does not detect any address modifications and accesses the wrong memory areas.

If compression is inevitable during routine operation, switch off the Touch Panel prior to compression.

• In hazardous areas, always de-energize the Touch Panel before unplugging connectors.

Note regarding TP start–up

Do not touch the screen of the Touch Panel until after the initialization phase when the menu illustrated in figure 13-2 or figure 13-3 appears.

The signal tone is not active during startup.



13.1 Initial Startup

Procedure

The firmware and configuration must be downloaded to the Touch Panel when it is started up for the first time.

All the units in the SIMATIC HMI family are equipped with reverse battery backup. The reverse battery backup is not effective if a connection to the configuration computer already exists to download the generated project.

For this reason, the following procedure is absolutely essential for downloading and commissioning the unit:

Step	Action
1	Switch on the Touch Panel's power supply. Since a configuration has yet to be loaded at this stage (and no PCMCIA card has been inserted in another unit, refer to chapter 9.3, <i>Load configuration in</i> <i>another unit</i>), the Touch Panel automatically enters Download mode, displaying the message
	"READY FOR SERIAL TRANSFER"
	and waits for data to be downloaded from the PU or PC (see figure 13-3).
	The Touch Panel cannot be operated in Download mode.
2	Connect the IF2 interface (RS232/TTY) on the Touch Panel to the PU or PC by means of a suitable standard cable.
3	Start the download operation on the PC or PU to the TP27, TP37. The Touch Panel checks the connection to the PC or PU. If the con- nection is not available, or if it is not functioning correctly, the Touch Panel issues the corresponding error message.
	If the connection is in order, downloading of the configuration commences. The Touch Panel's firmware is downloaded automati- cally.
	Following successful downloading, the Touch Panel restarts and displays the start screen of the configuration that has just been loaded.

Note

Please refer to the ProTool for information on which settings are required for the downloading operation in *User's Guide ProTool Configuring Graphic Displays*.



13.2 Recommissioning

Types of downloading	 When recommissioning, the configuration/firmware already loaded in the Touch Panel is replaced by another. Downloading can be performed by means of serial download or MPI download (for SIMATIC S7).
Serial download	In the case of a serial downloading operation, the configuration/firmware is transferred from the PC/PG to the Touch Panel via an RS232/TTY connection. Begin by connecting the IF2 interface (RS232/TTY) on the Touch Panel to the PU or PC using a suitable standard cable.
	There are two ways of setting the Touch Panel to Download mode:
	• In routine operation The method of changing the <i>operating mode</i> of the Touch Panel online is described in Section 11.1.
	• In the startup phase of the Touch Panel In the startup phase of the Touch Panel, the menu illustrated in figure 13-2 or figure 13-3, as appropriate, appears briefly in the initialization phase. Touch the <i>SERIAL DOWNLOAD</i> button to set the Touch Panel to Down- load mode before power up.
	Providing the download operation to the Touch Panel has not started, you can exit the Download mode by touching the <i>BOOT CONFIGURATION</i> button to continue the boot operation.
	Following a successful download operation, the Touch Panel powers up with the new configuration and/or firmware and displays the start screen of the configuration that has just been loaded.





TP27, Boot V x.xxx Copyright (c) SIEMENS AG 1997		
READY FOR SERIAL TRANSFER		
OK		
SERIAL DOWNLOAD BOOT CONFIGURATION		
— contrast +		

Figure 13-2 TP27 in Serial Download

Before downloading to a TP27, the display contrast can be adjusted in the Boot window by pressing the CONTRAST – and CONTRAST + fields.

SIMATIC TP37, V x.xxx Copyright (c) SIEMENS AG 1997			
READY FOR SE	ERIAL TRANSFER		
		ОК	CANCEL
SERIAL D	DOWNLOAD	BOOT CO	NFIGURATION

Figure 13-3 TP37 in Serial Download



MPI download If a configuration is already loaded for the SIMATIC S7 on the Touch Panel, other S7 configurations can be downloaded to the Touch Panel via an MPI connection.

Step	Action
1	Switch on the Touch Panel's power supply.
2	Connect the IF1B interface on the Touch Panel to the PC or PU using a standard cable. If the Touch Panel and PC or PU have been incorporated on the MPI bus, the cables need not be switched for the download operation.
3	In the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen, touch the <i>Operating mode</i> field and select <i>MPI Download</i> from the selection window.
	The Touch Panel restarts, shows the menu illustrated in figure 13-4 and waits for data to be downloaded from the PU or PC.
4	Providing data is not being downloaded to the Touch Panel, it is possible to
	• exit from the MPI download operation by touching the <i>BOOT</i> <i>CONFIGURATION</i> button and performing the boot operation
	or
	• start the serial download operation by touching the <i>SERIAL DOWNLOAD</i> button.
5	Before data is downloaded, touch the <i>MPI baud rate</i> input field, if necessary, and select a baud rate between 9.6 kbaud and 1.5 Mbaud from the selection window.
6	Start the download operation on the PC or PU to the /Touch Panel. The procedure is described in the <i>User's Guide ProTool – Config-</i> <i>uring Graphics Displays</i> .
	The Touch Panel checks the connection to the PC or PU. If the con- nection is not available or if it is not functioning correctly, the Touch Panel issues a corresponding error message. If the connec- tion is in order, downloading of the configuration and or firmware commences.
	Following successful downloading, the Touch Panel restarts and displays the start screen of the configuration that has just been loaded.



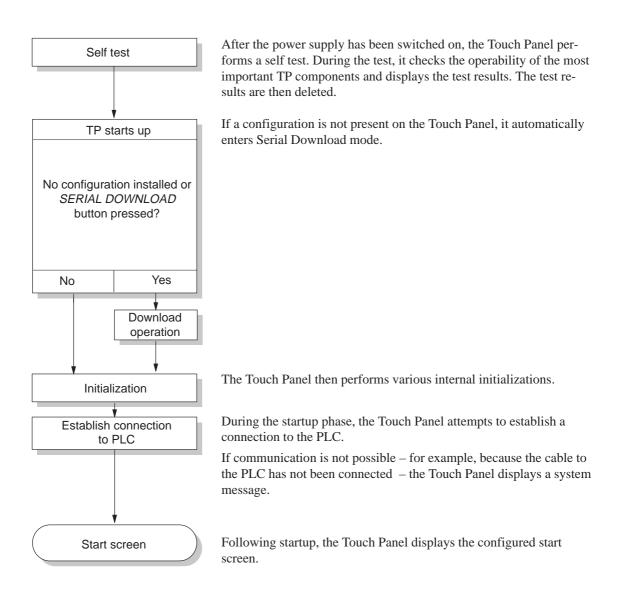
MPI DOWNLOAD	
MPI Baud Rate:187.5 kBaudMPI OP Station Address:2Tel.:FFDownload Address:FF	
SERIAL DOWNLOAD CONFIGURATIO	N

Figure 13-4 Touch Panel in MPI Download mode

Fault diagnosis	A fault occurring during commissioning or operation is normally displayed on the Touch Panel by means of a system message.
	Appendix C of this manual contains a list of some of the most important system messages and explanations on how to eliminate them.
Data backup	The operating data of the Touch Panel (tag values, message buffer) is stored in a buffered SRAM and retained even in the event of a power failure. Operating data is not lost if the power supply is turned off or fails.



13.3 Startup Behavior





13.4 Testing a Configuration in OFFLINE Mode

Purpose

In operating mode *OFFLINE*, individual functions and configurations downloaded from the PC/PG to the Touch Panel can be tested without being influenced by the PLC. PLC tags are not updated in OFFLINE mode.

Action

Step	Action	
1	Set the TP27, TP37 to <i>OFFLINE</i> mode using the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen.	
2	Check all the configured screens in respect of correct presentation.	
3	Check the screen hierarchy.	
4	Check the input fields.	
5	Test the buttons.	

End of test If faults occur when executing the individual steps, download the configuration again.



13.5 Testing the Configuration in Conjunction with the PLC

Test with PLC connected

If the tests have been successfully performed in Offline mode, test the TP27, TP37 in conjunction with the connected PLC. This checks that the correct data areas have been configured.

Step	Action	
1	Connect the TP27, TP37 to the PLC. A message on the TP27, TP37 indicates that it has been connected successfully.	
2	Acknowledge this message.	
3	Set the TP27, TP37 to <i>ONLINE</i> mode using the <i>System Settings</i> standard screen.	
	All the items contained in the configuration that are necessary for communication with the PLC can then be tested. Depending on th configuration, these might be:	
	• event and alarm messages	
	• buffers for event messages and alarm messages	
	• print functions	
	automatic message logging	
	• selecting screens etc.	



DEVICE DESCRIPTION AND Part IV MAINTENANCE

- 14 Device Description TP27–6
- 15 Device Description TP27–10
- 16 Device Description TP37
- 17 Options
- 18 Maintenance/Upkeep







14

Unit Description TP27-6

In this chapter

This chapter provides information on:

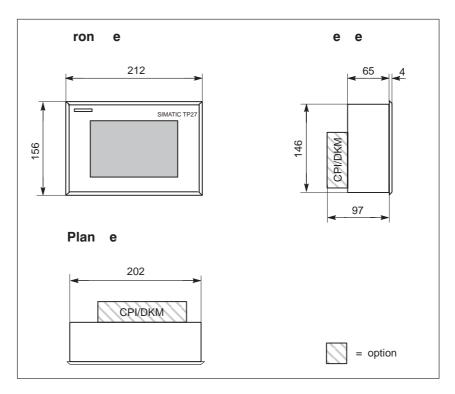
- dimensions
- operating and display elements
- connection elements and
- communication options

of Touch Panel TP27-6.

14.1 Dimensions

Unit dimensions

The following figure indicates the dimensions of the TP27-6 with the housing of the direct key module/control panel which is available on option.



Mounting cutout

The TP27-6 requires a mounting cutout (WxH) of 203⁺¹ mm x 147⁺¹ mm.

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14-1

14.2 Operating elements

Touch screen The TP27-6 touch screen is used to operate and monitor processes. Operation is effected by means of contact–sensitive buttons and input fields which are defined in the configuration for a specific application. No additional keyboard is necessary.

14.3 Connection elements

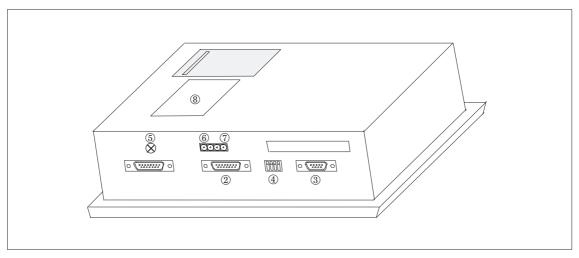


Figure 14-1Arrangement of connections

No.	Name/Purpose	Description		
	Serial interfaces ¹⁾ :	Level	Usage	
1	• IF1A	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PLC	
2	• IF2	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PC, PU, printer	
3	• IF1B	RS422/RS485 (floating)	PLC	
4	DIL switch ²⁾	for configuring the IF1B interface.		
6	Grounding connection	_		
6	Power supply ³⁾	Voltage supply (+ 24 V DC).		
7	Relay output ³⁾	Relay contact for a buzzer or light, for example.		
8	DKM/CPI interface ⁴⁾ (covered)	For connecting a direct key module with 16 digital outputs or a control panel interface with max. 32 digital inputs/outputs.		
9	Battery compartment (covered)	-	-	
	PCMCIA Slot	For JEIDA/PCMCIA cards		
 Connection plug pin assignment, see Appendix B. For details of permissible switch settings, see Section 12.2.3 For details of pin assignments, see Section 12.2.1 For details of DKM connector pin assignments, see Section 17.1.2; and details of CPI connector pin assignments, see Section 17.2.2. 				



14.4 Communication options

Device	Connection	Interface
SIMATIC S5	– AS511 (TTY)	IF1A
	– FAP (TTY/RS232)	IF1A
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC S7/M7	– PPI	IF1B
	– MPI	IF1B
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC 500/505	- RS232	IF1A
	– RS422/RS485	IF1B
Other PLCs	– RS232/TTY	IF1A
	– RS422/RS485	IF1B
PC/PU	– (TTY/RS232)	IF2
Printer	– TTY/RS232	IF2







15

Unit Description TP27-10

In this chapter

This chapter provides information on:

- dimensions
- operating and display elements
- connection elements and
- communication options

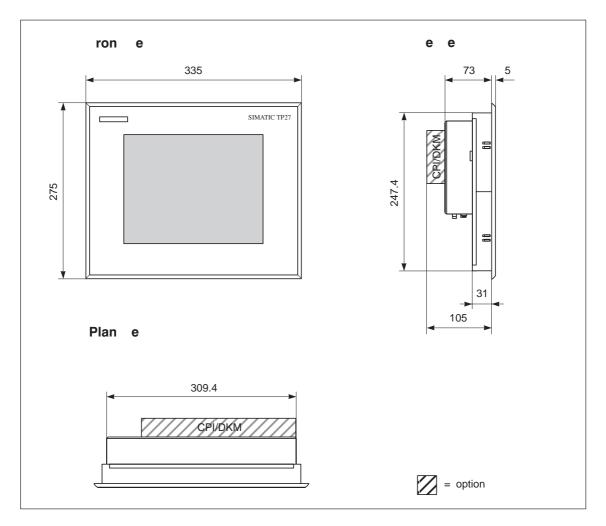
of Touch Panel TP27-10.



15.1 Dimensions

Unit dimensions

The following figure indicates the dimensions of the TP27-10 with the housing of the direct key module/control panel which is available on option.



Mounting cutout

The TP27-10 requires a mounting cutout (WxH) of 310^{+1} mm x 248^{+1} mm.



15.2 Operating elements

Touch ScreenThe TP27-10 touch screen is used to operate and monitor processes. The touch
screen is operated by means of touching contact-sensitive buttons and input
fields, located on the screen, which are defined in configurations for specific
applications. An additional keyboard is not required.

15.3 Connection Elements

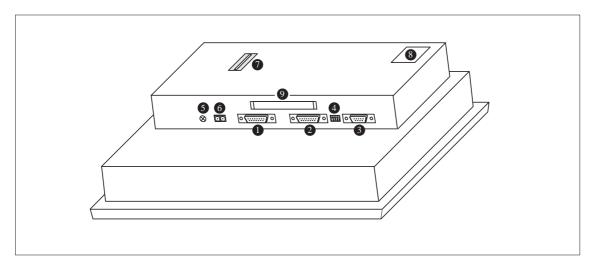


Figure 15-1 Arrangement of connections

No.	Name/Purpose	Description		
	Serial interfaces ¹):	Level	Usage	
0	• IF1A	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PLC	
0	• IF2	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PC, PU, printer	
3	• IF1B	RS422/RS485 (floating)	PLC	
4	DIL switch ²⁾	For configuring the IF1B interface.		
6	Grounding connection	-		
6	Power supply ³⁾	Voltage supply (+ 24 V DC).		
0	DKM/CPI interface ⁴⁾ (covered)	For connecting a direct key module with 16 digital outputs or a control panel interface with max. 32 digital inputs/outputs.		
8	Battery compartment (covered)	_		
9	PCMCIA Slot A and Slot B	For JEIDA/PCMCIA cards (can only be used for Slot B).		
 F F F 	 2) For details of permissible switch settings, see Section 12.2.3 3) For details of pin assignments, see Section 12.2.1 			



15.4 Communication options

Device	Connection	Interface
SIMATIC S5	– AS511 (TTY)	IF1A
	– FAP (TTY/RS232)	IF1A
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC S7/M7	– PPI	IF1B
	– MPI	IF1B
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC 500/505	– RS232	IF1A
	– RS422/RS485	IF1B
Other PLCs	– RS232/TTY	IF1A
	– RS422/RS485	IF1B
PC/PU	– (TTY/RS232)	IF2
Printer	– TTY/RS232	IF2



16

Unit Description TP37

In this chapter

This chapter provides information on:

- dimensions
- operating and display elements
- connection elements and
- communication options

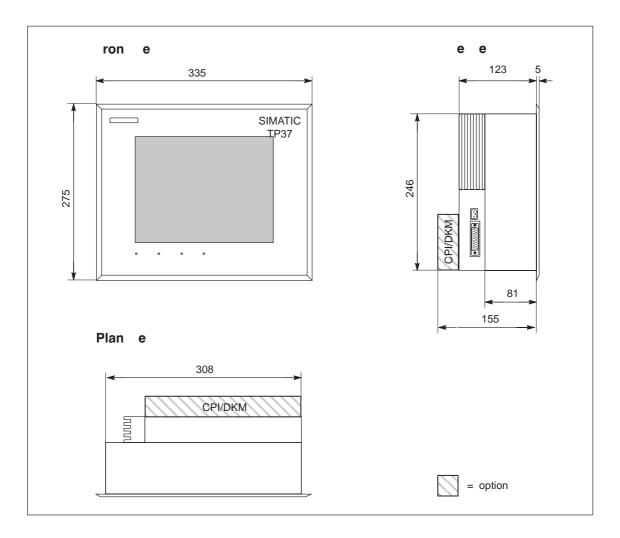
of Touch Panel TP37.



16.1 Dimensions

Unit dimensions

The figure below indicates the dimensions of the TP37 with the housing of the direct key module/control panel which is available on option.

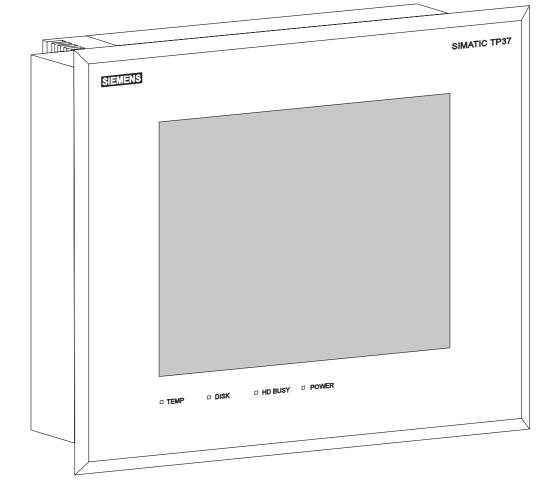


Mounting cutout The TP37 requires a mounting cutout (WxH) of 310^{+1} mm x 248^{+1} mm.



16.2 Operating and Display Elements

Touch screen The TP37 touch screen is used to operate and monitor processes. The touch screen is operated by means of touching contact-sensitive buttons and input fields, located on the screen, which are defined in configurations for specific applications. An additional keyboard is not required. LEDs The LEDs located beneath the display indicate the following operating statuses of the TP37: TEMP • The temperature inside the TP37 has exceeded the permissible limit value; the monitoring relay has tripped (see Section 12.2.1). • DISK Write/read access to memory card. • HD BUSY No function currently assigned. POWER The TP37 in operation.





16-3

Volume control On the underside of the unit, below the power supply/relay connection, is a potentiometer to adjust the volume of acoustic signals. The potentiometer is inside the device and can be adjusted by inserting a screwdriver though the ventilation slits.

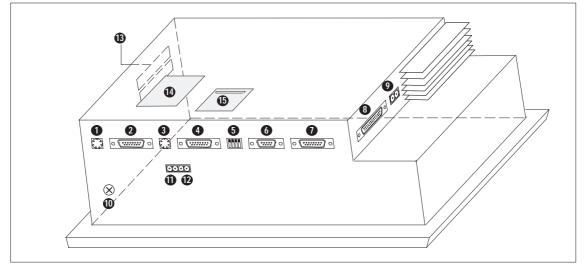
View from underside	
Image: Contract of the second secon	
O Potentiometer for volume control	



Warning

Use an insulated electrician's screwdriver to adjust the potentiometer. Insert the screwdriver only at the position indicated and use it only to adjust the potentiometer inside the device.





16.3 Connection Elements

Figure 16-1 Arrangement of connections

No.	Name/Purpose	Descr	ription
0	Currently unassigned	_	
3	Currently unassigned	_	
5	DIL switch ¹⁾	For configuring the IF1B interface.	
	Serial interfaces ²⁾ :	Level	Usage
2	• IF1A	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PLC
4	• IF2	RS232/TTY (active/passive)	PC, PU, printer
6	• IF1B	RS422/RS485 (floating)	PLC
1	• IF3	TTY (passive)/RS422/RS485	Not used at present
8	Parallel interface LPT ²⁾	For connecting a parallel printer	
9	Relay output ³⁾	Relay contact for temperature monitoring and driving for example, a light or an external fan. The relay is tripped when the outside temperature reaches 45 °C.	
0	Grounding connection	_	
0	Relay output ³⁾	Relay contact for a horn or light, for example.	
12	Power supply ³⁾	Voltage supply (+ 24 V DC).	
B	PCMCIA slot A and slot B	For JEIDA/PCMCIA cards (only slot B can be used, upper slot in Figure 16-1).	
4	DKM/CPI interface ⁴⁾ (covered)	For connecting a direct key module with 16 digital outputs or a control panel interface with max. 32 digital inputs/outputs.	
6	Battery compartment (covered)		_
 For details of permissible switch settings, see Section 12.2.3 For connector plug pin assignment, see Appendix B. For details of pin assignments, see Section 12.2.1 For details of DKM connector pin assignments, see Section ; and details of CPI connector pin assignments, see Sections 17.1.2, 17.2.2 			



16.4 Communication options

Device	Connection	Interface
SIMATIC S5	– AS511 (TTY)	IF1A
	– FAP (TTY/RS232)	IF1A
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC S7/M7	– PPI	IF1B
	– MPI	IF1B
	– PROFIBUS-DP	IF1B
SIMATIC 500/505	– RS232	IF1A
	- RS422/RS485	IF1B
Other PLCs	– RS232/TTY	IF1A
	– RS422/RS485	IF1B
PC/PU	– (TTY/RS232)	IF2
Printer	- TTY/RS232	IF2
	– TTL	LPT



17

Options

Overview

This chapter contains desriptions of the follwng units which can be optionally connected:

- Direct Key Module (DKM)
- Control Panel Interface (CPI)

17.1 Direct Key Module

A Direct Key Module (DKM) is available as an option for connection to the Touch Panel. The following variants are available:

Operator panel	Direct key module with	
	8 outputs	16 outputs
TP27		_
TP37	_	

The variants vary according to the units. The DKM for the

- TP27-6 consists of a module board (DKM A) and a small housing,
- TP27-10 and TP37 consists of two module boards (DKM A + DKM B) and a large housing (see figure 17-4).

The housing is secured to the rear of the Touch Panel. It can be retrofitted at any time.

Function of the
direct key moduleThe Direct Key Module (DKM) must be implemented where fast keyboard
operation is required without any communication-related delays. Example:
Direct key control for jog operation.Direct keys can be operated via the software using buttons and messages, if
configured in ProTool.
The direct key module provides eight digital outputs per board.External power
supplyThe digital outputs are galvanically isolated from the Touch Panel by means of
optocouplers. Consequently, the boards require a dedicated voltage supply.



17.1.1 Installing the Direct Key Module

A Touch Panel can accommodate either a direct key module or a control panel interface (see section 17.2). The procedure for installing a direct key module is as follows:

1. Place the front panel of the Touch Panel on a workbench.



Caution

- Make sure that the Touch Panel is disconnected from the voltage supply.
- Always follow the ESD guidelines in the Appendix when working on open devices.
- 2. Release the two pop rivets **①** and then the cover **②** indicated in figure 17-1, in an example of the TP37, from the rear panel of the Touch Panel.

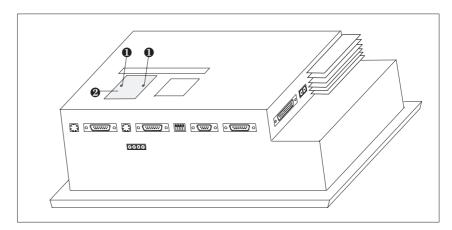


Figure 17-1 Removing the cover (example TP37)



3. Connect the plug of the DKM ribbon cable to the Touch Panel pin array so that the colored side of the ribbon cable faces in towards the inside of the unit (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-2).

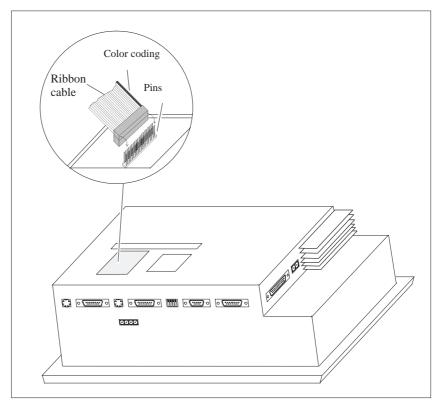


Figure 17-2 Connecting the direct key module (example: TP37)

4. Secure the direct key module to the Touch Panel using the four screws ③ enclosed (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-3).

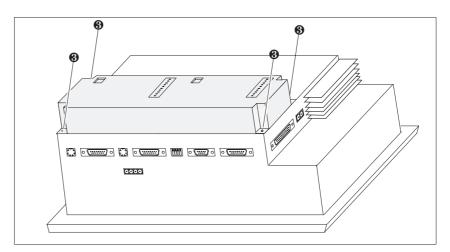


Figure 17-3 Securing the direct key module (example: TP37)

Removal is carried out in the reverse of the installation procedure.



17.1.2 Connectors and Adjusters

Each DKM board has

- a 10-pin array for connecting the outputs and external voltage supply, and
- a DIL switch for configuring the outputs so that they can be set by the software.

When installed, the pin array and DIL switch are on the rear side of the Touch Panel (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-4).

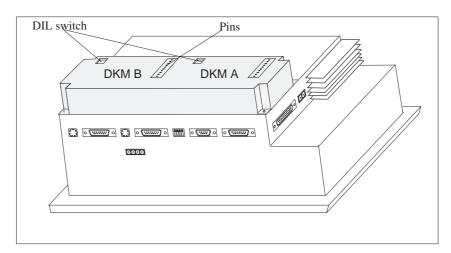
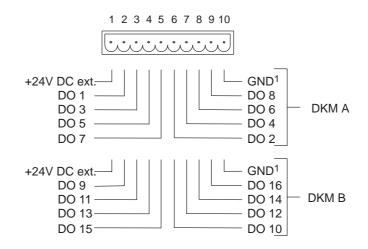


Figure 17-4 Location of the connection and adjustment elements (example TP37)



Pin arrays

The pin arrays of the module boards DKM A and DKM B have the following pin assgnment:



1) floating

The components to be triggered (e.g. relays, signaling indicators, etc.) are connected by means of the five-pin connectors supplied:

- Connect the wires (conductor cross-sections 0.5 ... 2.5 mm2)
- Plug the terminal blocks onto the pins of the DKM

DIL switch The DIL switches on the direct key modules DKMA and DKMB must be set as follows:



- S1 must always be ON;
- S2 selects the module board (DKM A = ON, DKM B = OFF);
- S3 and S4 must be ON to drive the outputs.



17.2 Control Panel Interface

A Control Panel Interface (CPI) is available as an option for Touch Panels connected to SIMATIC S7 PLCs. The following variants are available:

Operator	Control Panel Interface with		with
panel	16 inputs/outputs	16 inputs/outputs	32 inputs/outputs
TP27		_	_
TP37	_		

The variants vary according to the units. The DKM for the

- TP27-6 consists of a module board (CPI) and a small housing,
- TP27-10 and TP37 consist of a module board (CPI) or two module boards (CPI1 + CPI2) and a large housing (see figure 17-8).

The housing is secured to the rear of the Touch Panel. It can be retrofitted at any time.

Function of the
control panel
interfaceThe Control Panel Interface must be implemented where fast key operation is
required without any communication-related delays (jog operation < 100 ms).
It communicates via the PROFIBUS-DP bus and can only be used in conjunc-
tion with the SIMATIC S7 PLC.Each module board provides 16 digital inputs/outputs. An external keypad with
controls and light indicators can be connected for each module board. The as-
signment of the digital inputs/outputs to the control and light indicators of the
external keypads is configured in the PLC (also refer to the *Communication
User's Guide*).

External powerThe Control Panel Interface requires its own power supply. Note, however, thatsupplythe digital inputs/outputs are not isolated from the Touch Panel.



17.2.1 Installing the Control Panel Interface

A Touch Panel can accommodate either a control panel interface or a direct key module (see section 17.1.1). Use the following procedure to install a control panel interface:



Caution

- Make sure that the Touch Panel is disconnected from the voltage supply.
- Always follow the ESD guidelines in the Appendix when working on open devices.
- 1. Place the front panel of the Touch Panel on a workbench.
- 2. Release the two pop rivets **①** and then the cover **②** indicated in figure 17-5 in an example of the TP37, from the rear panel of the Touch Panel.

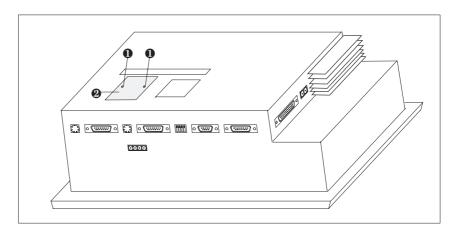
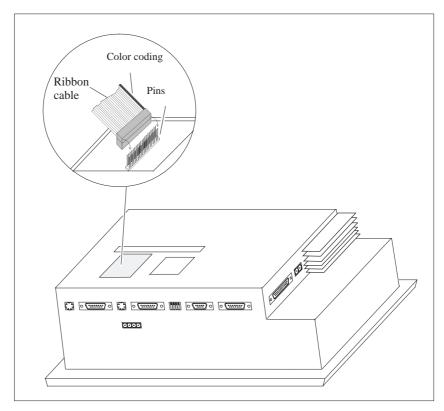


Figure 17-5 Removing the cover (example TP37)





3. Connect the plug of the CPI ribbon cable to the Touch Panel pin array so that the colored side of the ribbon cable faces in towards the inside of the unit (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-6).

Figure 17-6 Connecting the control panel interface (example: TP37)

4. Secure the control panel interface to the Touch Panel with the four screws enclosed **③** (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-7).

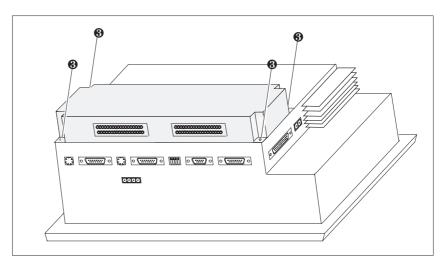


Figure 17-7 Securing the control panel interface (example: TP37)

Removal is carried out in the reverse of the installation procedure.



17.2.2 Connectors

Each of the two module boards has a 36–pin adapter for connecting the inputs/ outputs and the external voltage supply.

When the module is installed, the connectors are located on the rear side of the Touch Panel (illustrated in an example of the TP37 in figure 17-8)

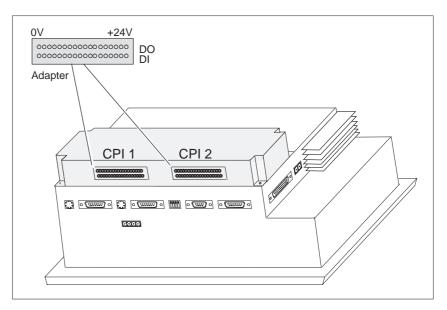
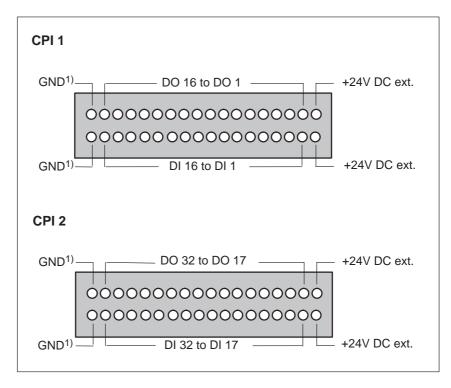


Figure 17-8 Location of the conection elements (example TP37)



Connectors The connectors of module boards CPI 1 und CPI 2 have the following pin assignment when installed (see figure 17-8):



1) not isolated

The controls and light indicators to be used are connected by means of the nine-pin connectors supplied.

- Connect the wires (conductor cross-sections 0.5 ... 2.5 mm2)
- Plug in the terminal blocks on the adapters of the CPI module boards.



18

Maintenance/Upkeep

Scope

The Touch Panels TP27 and TP37 are designed for low maintenance operation. Maintenance of the TP is limited to

- regular cleaning of the screen
- changing the backup battery and
- replacing the LCD back–lighting (TP37 only).

18.1 Cleaning the Screen

Preparation	Clean the Touch Panel screen at regular intervals using a damp cloth. Do not clean the TP while it is turned on. Either switch the unit off or deactivate the Touch Screen. The way to deactivate the Touch Screen is described in Section 11.3. This ensures that functions are not triggered by inadvertently coming into contact with the touch screen.
Cleaning agents	Use only water or a screen cleaning foam to dampen the cloth. Do not spray cleaning agents directly onto the screen, but onto the cloth. Never use aggressive solvents or scouring powder.
Protective foil	The protective foil for the TP prevents the screen being scratched or soiled. It is available as an option at your local Siemens branch.



18.2 Replacing the Backup Battery

Function	 The backup battery ensures that, in the event of a power failure the operating data (trend data, passwords, messages) in the SRAM of the Touch Panel is retained, and
	• the hardware clock does not stop.
Service life	Under normal operating conditions, the service life is approximately 4 years. A dead battery is indicated in routine operation by a system message on the Touch Panel. Replace the backup battery as quickly as possible after the message is received.
Source of supply	The battery can be ordered via the Siemens spare parts service. It is shipped ready for installation with a lead and connector. See our catalog ST80.1 for the order number.
Before changing the battery	Observe the following before changing the battery:
	Caution
	• Change the battery with the power supply switched on, in order to prevent loss of data; passwords, for example.
	• The battery must be changed by a properly qualified person.
	• Before replacing the battery, note the ESD guidelines in Appendix E of this manual.



Action

Step	Action
1	If a direct key module or control panel interface is connected to the TP37, remove it (see section 17.1 or 17.2) in order to gain access to the cover of the battery compartment.
	Switch off the voltage supply before removing the DKM or CPI. After removing the direct key module or the control panel inter- face, switch on the voltage supply before removing the battery.
2	Remove the grey, plastic cover of the battery compartment at the rear of the Touch Panel.
3	Remove the battery lead connector from the two–pin plug connector on the TP.
4	Remove the dead battery from the holder and insert the new one. The snap–in plastic holder secures the battery in the battery compartment.
5	Insert the battery lead connector back into the plug connector. The connector is coded and thus protected against polarity reversal.
6	Stow the lead in the battery compartment and close the battery compartment.

General notes

Please observe the followinf safety notes to ensure correct handling and disposal of lithium batteries:



Warning

- If the lithium battery is not handled properly, there is risk of explosion.
- Batteries
 - should never be charged
 - should not be opened
 - should not be short-circuited
 - should be safeguarded against polarity reversal
 - should not be exposed to temperatures in excess of 100 °C
 - should be protected against direct sunlight.
- Do not allow condensation to form on batteries.
- Should shipping become necessary, ensure compliance with the Dangerous Chemicals Ordinance for the carrier concerned (coding obligation).
- Treat used lithium batteries as special waste. Pack them in separate leakproof plastic bags to dispose of them.



18.3 Replacing the Back–Lighting (TP37 only)

Note on TP27	The back–lighting of the TP27 cannot be replaced by the user. Please contact your Siemens representative if the back–lighting is defective.
Service life	The brightness of the LCD back–lighting decreases during the course of time for technological reasons. The difference in brightness between a new fluores- cent tube and an old one is clearly noticeable on the screen. Therefore, replace both tubes simultaneously if one fails. This saves having to open up the TP a second time when the second tube fails.
	The way to increase the service life of the two fluorescent tubes by blanking the screen is described in Section 11.2.
Before replacing	The unit must be opened up in order to replace the back–lighting. Observe the following notes on safety with reagrd to opening the TP:
\wedge	Warning
	• Repairs to the TP must be performed by suitably qualified, authorized technical personnel.
	• The user may be exposed to exteme risk as a result of unauthorized open- ing of the TP and inexpert repairs.
	• The display back–lighting operates at voltages > 1000 V. Ensure that the TP37 is disconnected from the power supply before the TP is opened.
	• Crystal liquid may leak from a damaged display.
	Do not allow liquid to come incontact with the skin; do not inhale vapors. If crystal liquid does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected area skin immediately with alcohol.
	Consult a doctor without delay.
	• Before working on a open unit, observe the ESD guidelines in the

Before working on a open unit, observe the ESD guidelines in Appendix E of this manual.



Procedure

E.

Step	Action
1	Slacken the two knurled screws at the rear of the TP and loosen the two screws ⁽²⁾ at the top and underside.
2	Carefully tilt the hinged rear panel backwards until the plug con- nections for the ribbon cable and 8–pin socket housing can be re- moved. Then tilt the rear panel backwards as far as the stop.
3	Undo two screws per fluorescent tube ③ (figure 18-1) and remove the covers ④.
4	Remove the two connectors ⑤.
5	Replace the fluorescent tubes.
6	Reassemble in the reverse sequence of the disassembly procedure.

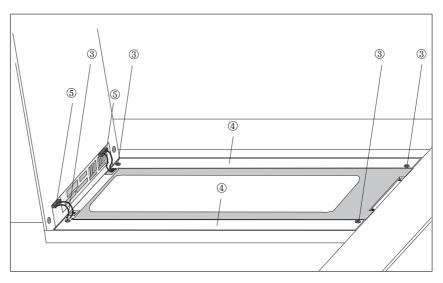


Figure 18-1 Replacing the back–lighting







Part V

APPENDICES

- A Technical Data
- **B** Interface Assignments
- C System Messages
- D SIMATIC HMI Documentation
- E ESD Guidelines









Technical Data

Housing	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
External dimensions W x H x T (mm) without option	212 x 156 x 69	335 x 275 x 78	335 x 275 x 128
Mounting cutout W x H (mm)	203 ⁺¹ x 147 ⁺¹	310+1	x 248 ⁺¹
Mounting depth (mm) without option	65	73	123
Degree of protection			
• Front panel		IP65	
Rear panel		IP20	
Weight approx. (kg) without option	1.5	5	7

Processor	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Туре	80486		Pentium
Clock frequency (MHz)	33		100

Memory	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Flash (MB)		1	2
DRAM (MB)		2	8
SRAM, battery-backed (KB)	128		128
Memory card			
• Slot A		_	Not used
• Slot B	For memory	card →MB	For memory card -+MB



Display	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Туре	STN	LCD	TFT LCD
Resolution (horizontal x vertical)	320 x 240	640	x 480
Active screen area (mm x mm)	106 x 79	215 x 165	211 x 158
Back–lighting Service life ¹⁾ approx. (h) with	1 CCFL tube	2 CCFL tubes	2 CCFL tubes
Monochrome displaycolor display	50,000 50,000	- 50,000	25,000
 The back-lighting tube for the display is a wear part and is therefore not covered by the warranty. TP37: In unfavorable operating conditions we recommend replacing the tube after the period has elapsed. The tube is available as a spare part. 			

Power supply	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Rated voltage (VDC)	+24		
Permissible range (VDC)		+18 to +30	
Maximum permissible transients	35 V (500 msec)		
Time between two transients	50 sec minimum		
Typical power consumption at 24 V	Approx. 0.4 A Approx. 0.7 A Approx. 1.3 A		Approx. 1.3 A
Switch-on current I ² t	0.45 A ² s 0.55 A ² s		0.55 A ² s
Fuse, internal	Electronic fuse		

Backup battery	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Туре	lithium battery		
Voltage/capacity ²	3.6 V/approx. 1.5 Ah		
Service life	> 4 years		
 Technical details subject to change without notice. 			

Relay contact with current supply (message relay)	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Switching power	24 V DC, 0.4 A (no inductive load)	-	24 V DC, 0.4 A (no inductive load)

Relay contact for temperature monitoring	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Switching power	-	-	24 V DC, 0.4 A (No inductive load)



A-2

Ambient conditions	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
LocationMaximum permissible angle of inclination	vertical ±35°		
Ambient temperature			
• Operation in vertical position	0 50° C	5 to 45° C	4 to 45° C
• Operation at 35° angle of inclination from the perpendicular	0 35° C	4 to 4	45° C
Shipping, storage	-20 to 60° C	-20 to	o 60° C
Relative humidity			
• Operation	\leq 95%, no condensation		
• Shipping, storage		≤ 95%	
Shock loading			
Operation		15 g/11 msec	
• Shipping, storage		25 g/6 msec	
Vibration			
Operation	0.075 mm		5 mm
-	(10 Hz to 58 Hz)	``	to 58 Hz)
	1 g (58 Hz to 500 Hz)		o 500 Hz)
• Shipping, storage	3.5 mm		mm
	(5 Hz to 10 Hz)	(5 Hz to	o 8.5 Hz)
	1 g	1	g
	(10 Hz to 500 Hz)	(8.5 Hz t	o 500 Hz)
Barometric pressure			
• Operation	706 to1030 hPa		
• Shipping, storage	581 to 1030 hPa		



Compliance of the named products with the regulations of Directive 89/336 EEC is verified by conformance with the following standards:

Noise immunity EN 50082-1	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
Static discharge (contact discharge)	EN 61000-4-2 Class 3		
RF irradiation	EN 61000-4-3 Class 3		
Pulse modulation	ENV 50204 (900 MHz ± 5 MHz)		
RF conduction	ENV 50141 Class 3		
Burst interference	ENV 61000-4-4 Class 3		

Radio interference	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
RFI suppression		EN 55022 Class A	

Certifications	TP27-6	TP27-10	TP37
UL certification	UL Recognition Mark Underwriters Laboratories (UL) in compliance with Standard UL 508, File E 120869		
CSA certification	CSA Certification Mark Canadian Standard Association (CSA) in compliance with Standard C 22.2 No. 142, File LR 89077-19		
FM certification	3611 Hazardo Warnin Persona hazardo during t In haza	FM Certification ory Mutual Approval S us (classified) Location sion 2, Group A, B, C, I ng al injury and material da al injury and material da bus areas if plug connec the routine operation of rdous areas, always de- plugging connectors.	amage may occur. amage may occur in tions are disconnected a TP.
	CIRCU	ng ING – DO NOT DISC JIT IS LIVE UNLESS VN TO BE NONHAZA	LOCATION IS



A.1 Direct Key Module and Control Panel Interface

Direct key module (DKM)				
Voltage supply for outputs, load voltage supply and internal logic circuitry				
Voltage supply				
• rated value	+ 24 V DC			
• permissible range	+18.0 to +30.0 V			
• value at $t < 0.5$ sec	35 V			
Power consumption of logic circuitry	50 mA			
Short-circuit protection upon polarity rever- sal of load voltage	✓			
Outputs ³⁾				
No. of outputs	8 per module			
Output voltage				
• with signal "0"	Max. 2 V (idling)			
• with signal "1"	Min. (voltage supply -3 V)			
Output current				
• with signal "0"	Max. 1 mA			
• with signal "1"	Max. 300 mA per output			
Switch rate at				
resistive load	Max. 100 Hz			
• inductive load	Max. 0.5 Hz			
• lamp load	Max. 8 Hz			
Short-circuit current	Max. 500 mA per output			
Note: With inductive loads, an external free-wheeling of	liode must be used directly on the load.			

³⁾ Outputs are isolated by means of optocouplers.



Control Panel Interface				
Voltage supply for outputs, load voltage supply and internal logic circuitry				
 Voltage supply rated value permissible range value at t < 0.5 sec 	OP37 24 V DC +18.0 to +30.0 V 35 V			
Power consumption of logic circuitry	40 mA			
Short-circuit protection upon polarity rever- sal of load voltage	✓			
Connection of	Lamps (inductive load not permitted)			
Outputs				
 No. of outputs in groups of output DO1 to DO4 output DO5 to DO8 output DO9 to DO12 output DO13 to DO16 	16 4 Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4			
Optical isolation	_			
Output voltage • with signal "0" • with signal "1" Output current • with signal "0" • with signal "1"	Max. 2 V (idling) Min. (voltage supply –3 V) Max. 1 mA Max. 500 mA per group 1 output of 200 mA, the remainder 100 mA			
Switch rate at resistive load lamp load 	Max. 100 Hz Max. 8 Hz			
Load current per groupaggregate currenton short-circuit	500 mA Complete group deenergized			
Cable length	Max. 1 m			
Voltage supply for inputs				
Voltage supply rated value permissible range value at t < 0.5 sec 	+ 24 V DC +18.0 to +30.0 V 35 V			
Connection of	Pushbuttons, switches (inductive load not permitted)			



Control Panel Interface	
Inputs	
No. of inputs	16
Optical isolation from internal logic circuitry	_
Input voltage	
• rated value	24 V DC
• with signal "0"	0 to 5 V
• with signal "1"	15 to 30 V
Input current with signal "1"	Typically 5 mA at 24 V
Input delay	0.3 msec
Connection of mechanical switches	Possible
Bounce time	$\leq \times 10$ msec
Cable length of sensors, unshielded	1 m



A.2 Chemical Resistance of the Touch Panel

Chemical resistance of TP27-6

The surface of the TP27-6 complies to DIN 42 115 Teil 2 and shows no visible signs of change when exposed to the chemicals listed in Table A-1 for a period of over 24 hours.

Ethanol	Acetaldehyd	Fluorocarbons
Cyclohexanol	Aliphatics	Perchlorethylene
Glycol	Benzine	1.1.1 Trichlorethylene
Isopropanol	Toluol	Trichlorethylene
Glycerin	Xylene	Ethylacetate
Methanol	Benzole	Diethylether
Acetone	Formic acid < 50%	Chlomatron < 20%
Methyl ethyl Ketone	ethanoic acis < 95%	Hydrogen peroxide< 25%
Dioxan	Phosphoric acid < 30%	Potash soap
Dimethylformamide	Hydrochloric acid < 10%	Cleaning solution
Benzyl alcohol	Nitric acid < 10%	(Tenside)
		Softener
Ammoniac < 2%	drilling emulsion	
Sodium hydroxide $< 2\%$	Diesel oil	
Alcali carbonate	Varnish	
Bichromate	Paraffin oil	
Potassium ferricyanide	Ricinusöl	
	Silicon oil	
	Terpentin oil substitute	

Table A-1 Resistof the surface of the TP27 6"



Caution

• The surface of the TP27-6 is not resistant to the following chemicals:

Concentrated mineral acids	Methylene chloride
Concentrated alcaline solutions	
High pressure steam exceeding $100^{\circ}C$	



Chemical Resistance of the TP37 and TP27-10

The surfaces of the TP37 and TP27-10 complies to DIN 42 115 Teil 2 and shows no visible signs of change when exposed to the chemicals listed in Table A-2 for a period exceeding 24 hours.

Table A-2	Resistance of the surfaces of the TP37 and TP27-10)
$10010 I I^{-2}$	Resistance of the surfaces of the 1157 and 1127-10	′

Acetone	Hexane	Toluol
Butyl cellosolve	Isopropyl alcohol	Xylene
Cyclohexanol	Methyl ethyl ketone	NaOH < 40%
Ethyl acetate	Methylene chloride	
Mineral spirits		
Terpentine		
Vinegar		
Glass cleaner on ammo- niac basis		
Household cleaners		







B

Interface Assignments

IF1A and IF2

 \oplus

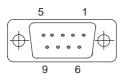
Pin assignment of the 15-pin Sub-D socket:

8 1	Pin	General	RS232	TTY
	1	Housing		
15 9	2			RxD-
	3		RxD	
	4		TxD	
	5		CTS	
	6			TxD+
	7			TxD–
	8	Housing		
	9			RxD+
	10		RTS	
	11			+20 mA ¹⁾
	12	GND		
	13			+20 mA ¹⁾
	14	+5 V		
	15	GND		
	15	GND		

1) Not IF2



IF1B



Pin	General	PROFIBUS-DP MPI	RS422	RS485
1				
2				
3		Data B	TxD (B)	Data B
4			RxD (B)	
5	GND (floating)			
6	+5 V (floating)			
7				
8	Housing	Data A	TxD (A)	Data A
9			RxD (A)	

IF3 (TP37 only)

Pin assignment of the 15-pin Sub-D socket:

Pin assignment of the 9-pin Sub-D socket

(Configuration via DIL switch, see Chapter 12.2.3):



Pin	General	TTY	RS42	RS485
1	Housing			
2		RxD–		
3			RxD (B)	
4			TxD (B)	Data B
5			RxD (A)	
6		TxD+		
7		TxD-		
8	Housing			
9		RxD+		
10			TxD (A)	Data A
11	+24 V			
12	GND (5 V)			
13				
14	+5 V			
15	GND (24 V)			



	Pin assignment of the 25-pin Sub-D socket.		
13 1	Pin	TTL (Centronics)	
$\left(\bigoplus \cdots \cdots$	1	– Strobe	
25 14	2	+ Data Bit 0	
	3	+ Data Bit 1	
	4	+ Data Bit 2	
	5	+ Data Bit 3	
	6	+ Data Bit 4	
	7	+ Data Bit 5	
	8	+ Data Bit 6	
	9	+ Data Bit 7	
	10	- Acknowledge	
	11	+ Busy	
	12	+ Paper End	
	13	+ Select	
	14	- Auto Feed	
	15	– Error	
	16	– Init Printer	
	17	– Select Input	
	1825	Ground	

LPT (TP37 only)

Pin assignment of the 25-pin Sub-D socket:







С

System Messages

Message number

OP system messages can be subdivided into various categories.

The information as to which category a system message belongs to is contained in the message number as indicated below.

Message number

□□□ Message text

- 0 Driver error
- 1 Startup message
- 2 Warning
- 3 Information message
- 4 Operator error
- 5 Other message
- 6 Configuration error
- 7 Internal error

The message category enables you to identify the general area in which the cause of the fault is to be found.

Below you will find a selection of system messages listed together with details of under what circumstances they occur and, where applicable, how the cause of the fault can be eliminated.

Self-explanatory system messages are not included.

Note

System messages are displayed in the language selected in the configuration. If the OP does not have access to any configuration data, the messages are displayed in English.



Message	Cause	Remedy
Please wait	Mode change in progress or recipe function started.	
Ready for trans- fer	Waiting for data from PU/PC	
Data transfer	Data transfer between PU/PC and OP in prog- ress	
Firmware not compatible	The firmware can not be used for the current configuration	
EPROM memory failure	Memory module defective or internal hard- ware fault	Send unit for repair quoting details of error message
RAM memory failure		
Flash memory failure	Memory module defective or transmission er- ror	Retransfer configuration or send OP for repair



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
026029	Storage medium not ready, contains errors or status unde- finable.	Reset hardware, remove then refit Flash memory module or carry out hardware test.	
030	Storage medium not intialized.	Switch to download mode.	
032	Error accessing module, Flash may not be supported or initialized by incorrect OP.	Check whether module is properly inserted and compatible.	
		If restoring: repeat backup with correct OP.	
033	Internal Flash memory initialized; configuration data deleted, some recipe data preserved.	Retransfer configuration.	
034	Inserted module initialized, all stored data deleted.	Retransfer configuration.	
035	Size of selected recipe memory has been reduced.	The reduced-size recipe memory can not be used and all data records must be de- leted. The recipe memory is only initialized when requested.	
040	Driver error If FAP is set, the character delay time setting may be too short.	Check physical connection with PLC. Modify character delay time.	
041	Fault in connection with PLC.		
	 Possible causes: Fault on the transmission link, e.g. connecting cable defective Incorrect interface parameters set on OP or on communication peer. 		
043	Data transfer error. A variable indicating the cause of the fault is transferred with this message.	Repeat the data transfer. Before doing so, check the physical connection/configured	
	Variable:0Timeout error1Framing error (receiving)2Overrun error3Parity error4No connection established5Checksum error (receiving)6Unexpected characters received711Internal error12Receive data block too large13Memory area not available on PLC	interface parameters if necessary.	
044	Fault in connection with PLC.		
	 Possible causes: Fault on the transmission link, e.g. connecting cable defective Incorrect interface parameters set on OP or on communication peer. 		
114	PLC has been restarted.		
115	Establishment of logical link with PLC in progress.		
117	Connection with PLC is OK again following a fault.		
119	Automatic restart.		
136	PLC not responding.	Check program sequence on PLC. Check physical connection.	
138	Data block not available on PLC	Set up relevant memory area.	



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
200	Battery power no longer sufficient for internal data buffer	Replace battery.	
	on OP.	Note:	
	Battery on memory is discharged, data may no longer be readable.	Replace the battery while the unit is switched on in order to prevent loss of data.	
210	Internal error	Press restart button.	
	OP co-ordination area not receivable during startup.		
212	Internal error	Restart OP.	
	Bit for changing operating mode has been inverted erro- neously.		
213	Offline mode not possible at present.	Try change of operating mode again later.	
214	The job number sent by the PLC or configured in a func- tion field is too large.	Check PLC program and configured screen.	
217, 218	Overlapping specified/actual values.	Check configuration of actual/specified values in the process link.	
230	The minimum value is greater than the maximum value for variable limits.		
231	The minimum value is equal to the maximum value for variable scales.	Correct the scale on the OP.	
250	You can not switch to the desired operating mode.	Check parameters of PLC job.	
251	Error transferring data record to PLC.	Check recipe configuration.	
252	Function can not be executed as a function of the same group has not yet been completed (e.g.: setpoint entry is active, password list can not be opened).	Wait until preceding function has been completed (or terminate function) and then invoke desired function again.	
253	Access to data medium is not possible.	1. Floppy drive not present,	
		2. Floppy is read only,	
		3. Disk is not formatted.	
254	The disk must be formatted before a data record can be saved for the first time.	First format the disk.	
255	Not enough space on disk for this data record.	Delete data records that are no longer re- quired.	
256	Not enough system memory available to execute the de- sired function.	Try activating function again. Check con- figuration.	
		1. Move function to a different screen	
		2. Simplify screen structure	
		3. Do not use trends on screen in conjunc- tion with this function	
257	Data record has been stored with a different version stamp than defined in the current configuration.	If the data records are to continue to be used, the old version number must be en- tered in the recipe configuration.	
		Caution:	
		The structure of the recipe determines the assignment of data to a data record.	
258	A parameter record has been selected as a recipe. Param- eter records can not be edited directly. Only individual data records of a record can be edited.		



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
259	Transfer of a data record to the PLC is taking too long.	Check PLC program. In the case of large	
	Example:	data records no modifications are necessary as the function is being processed correctly.	
	PLC is not acknowledging data record or very large data records are being transferred.		
260	Operating mode of PLC does not match the configura- tion.	Change operating mode of PLC.	
261	The data in this data record is no longer consistent and it can therefore no longer be used.	Edit data record and check that all entries are correct.	
262	Password or query window already in use by another function.	Complete first function then execute de- sired function again.	
263	Specified remaining buffer space for messages has been reached!	Configure smaller remaining buffer, delete event/alarm message buffers.	
264	Message buffer overflow.	The overflow messages are printed out if so specified in the configuration.	
265	The number of passwords issued has already reached 50. You can not enter any more passwords.	If you wish to issue additional passwords, you must first delete some of the existing ones.	
266	The field configured in the PLC job does not exist.	Change the parameters of the PLC job and retransfer the configuration.	
303	Fault in connection with PLC.	Check PLC status.	
	S5 : this error may occur when transferring large data records. In such cases the watchdog is activated.	S5 : set value in data word 98 to at least 2000.	
305	Data block number missing.	Set up data block or change configuration.	
306	Incorrect CPU specified under "PLC -> Parameters".	Change configuration and retransfer.	
307 311	Variable not present on PLC	Check configuration of process link.	
316	Active password level insufficient for menu item	Enter password with higher password level.	
339	Startup completed.	Communication with PLC has been re- sumed.	
340	Status processing in progress on PU/PC. The OP can not be used while this is going on.		
341	Internal error		
	With non-Siemens connections: data block error		
342	Network node has illegal address. Max. addresses: S7-MPI: 32 PROFIBUS-DP: 128		
343	You are attempting to edit a variable of a type that can not be edited in a recipe: currently applies to ARRAY variables only.	120	
350	PLC is performing initialization. You can not enter any setpoints during initialization. Scrolling of screens is possible.	This operating mode may be set by the PLC programmer.	
351	PLC has completed initialization. You can resume enter- ing setpoints once this message has appeared.		



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
352	You are attempting to select a screen that does not exist or has been disabled by the function Hide.		
353	The minimum value is greater than the maximum value for variable scales.	Minimum and maximum values are being confused by OP. To prevent this, enter cor- rect minimum and maximum values.	
354	You are attempting to enter a value in an input field when the current password level is insufficient for input.	Log on with a higher password level.	
355	Entry of this variable has not been configured for the current PLC mode.		
356	A print function has been initiated on the OP. When at- tempting to print it has been ascertained that the printer is offline.	Switch the printer online. Check the connection between the OP and the printer. Has the printer been connected to the cor- rect interface?	
357	You are attempting to enter a setpoint that contains an illegal character.	Enter the value correctly.	
358	The OP is currently executing a function which does not permit use of the OP while it is in progress.	Wait until the function has been completed. This message may appear in the case of recipe functions, for example.	
365	Incorrect index.	A multiplex index is outside the defined range.	
370	Hard copy print-out has been cancelled manually.		
371	Print function disabled at present.		
372	The function started has been cancelled.		
383	For information: transfer of data records completed.		
384	Data record required is not on data medium. Data record required is not on data medium. (recipe, data record name, data mediuse the Select function to select the record.		
385	Information message: transfer of data records from OP to data medium or vice versa has been initiated.	One possible reason is that operation is no longer possible: The PLC has not reset the corresponding control and acknowledgment bit, which deactivates the recipe mailbox lock, in the interface area.	
386	Information message: transfer of data records from OP to PLC or vice versa has been initiated.		
387	Data record not found. There is no data record relating to the lected recipe on the data medium.		
388	Activating selected function.		
389	De-activating selected function.		
391	No Help text configured.	Check configuration.	



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
442	Data block error x DB no. y This message indicates a data block error. The variables x and y identify the cause of the fault (X)) and the number of the receive block concerned (Y)). Variable x: 0 incorrect block length entered in receive block No. y. 1 incorrect block number entered in receive block No. y.	Correct the block length/block number as necessary or send the correct data block.	
450	When entering a value, you have attempted to press a key that is not compatible with the defined input field.		
451	You have entered a setpoint that is below the configured lower limit.	Enter a value that is greater than or equal to the limit.	
452	You have entered a setpoint that is above the configured upper limit.	Enter a value that is less than or equal to the limit.	
453	Time not entered correctly.	Enter time correctly	
454	Interface parameters incorrectly set, e.g. when specifying parameters for printer interface	 Enter valid value for interface parameters. The following values are valid: Baud rate: 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 Data bits: 5,6,7,8 Stop bits: 1,2 Timeout: 1600 	
455	You have set graphics printing on the OP but the corre- sponding ESC sequence has not been configured. Select a different printer or ch configuration in ProTool.		
456	You have entered an incorrect value, e.g. a variable with a user function that blocks certain input values.	Enter permissible value.	
458	You have entered a value that is too great or too small for the variable type concerned, e.g. a value greater than 32767 for a variable of the type Integer.	Enter a value that is within the permissible range.	
459	You are attempting to enter an illegal character (e.g. letter in a numerical value) The input is rejected and the exist- ing entry retained.	Enter permissible value.	
500503	Scheduler, counter, date or time data can not be sent.	This error can occur if the PLC is tempo-	
504	Free ASCII Protocol: operator input value could not be sent.	rarily overloaded or if the function block is not invoked for more than 1.5 s.	
505	The data record can not be sent as the recipe disable bit on the PLC is set or because transfer of a recipe is still in progress.	Try sending again later when the PLC has released the recipe mailbox.	
506	Overload: too many message blocks with the same block number in transit.	This error occurs if the PLC sends too many jobs using 'collect message area' within a certain period of time.	
507	Transfer of the data record was not acknowledged by the PLC within a certain period.		
509	Firmware version is different from standard FB version. Please contact the SIMATIC Hotline		



Message	Cause	Remedy:
510	Data record not present.	A process link with a non-existent data block has been configured in a recipe or the recipe data contains errors.
512	Configured data block length is too short.	Change configuration and retransfer.
	The variable transferred with the message identifies the number of the data block.	
541 550	Specified variable not available on PLC	Change configuration and retransfer.
551	An MPI/PPI connection to the PLC cannot be established using the specified station address.	Check MPI station addresses and wiring.
552	Query: safety check as to whether the selected data re- cord is to be deleted. The data record is only deleted if 0 is entered. If not the function is cancelled.	This query is also used when backing up or restoring configurations. In that case, it re- lates to deletion of all data records in the system memory.
553	Information message: selected data record has been de- leted.	
554	Query: 1st safety check as to whether the data medium for storing data records is to be formatted. Any data re- cords already on the disk will be deleted when the func- tion is executed! The function is only executed if 0 is entered.	
555	Query: 2nd safety check as to whether the data medium for storing data records is to be formatted. Any data re- cords already on the disk will be deleted when the func- tion is executed! The function is only executed if 0 is entered.	
556	Information message: disk has been formatted.	
557	Query: if 0 is entered the data record will be adopted with the new values. If anything else is entered, you may continue editing.	
558	Query: if 0 is entered the edited data record is rejected. The data remains as it was before editing. If anything else is entered, you may continue editing.	
559	Query as to whether the event message buffer should be cleared.	
560	Query as to whether the alarm message buffer should be cleared.	
561	A global data record (rel. 3.0 or higher) is being edited and does not have all the entries defined in the current recipe. The data record can only be saved if marked entries are edited. If no entri marked, only the version number ha changed.	
562	Information as to which mode was set using the function "First/Last Message".	
563	Information as to which mode was set using the function "First/Last Message".	
564	Query: if 0 is entered the data record is created. If any- thing else is entered, the function is cancelled.	



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
565	On transferring a global data record, it is established that not all entries are present. You have the following options: 1: read the missing entries from the PLC 2: edit the missing entries 3: cancel the Download operation.	Only returned in the case of data records that are transferable from one recipe to another. rel. 3.0 or higher, plastic func- tions.)	
566	Data record contains array that does not fit the current recipe structure. The following question appeal Save yes/no ? If you elect to save, the array 0.		
567, 568	If the message buffer has to be cleared, pending event/ alarm messages also have to be deleted in order to make space for new message events.	Check configuration. Too many messages are pending.	
569	Fault on CPI module.	 CPI no.: defective CPI module Error: Voltage too low Current too high Temperature too high Module not present (failed during operation) 	
571	S7 system diagnosis/ALARM_S returns error if OP logs CPU operating system out of da on/off.		
572	Query: data record already exists on data medium. If 0 is entered the data record w written with the new values.		
604	Message does not exist.	Configure message.	
605	Process link is only configured symbolically.	Change configuration and retransfer.	
606	Too many message variables configured.		
607	Data type configured does not exist.	_	
613	Data block not available or too short.	Create data block of required length on the PLC.	
622	Configured recipe does not fit in recipe mailbox on PLC (> 512 data words).	Reduce configured size of recipe and re- transfer configuration.	
623	Internal error	If the fault is not corrected by performing a	
	Screen object for "Send Recipe" is not a recipe type (fixed by COM TEXT).	restart, please contact the SIMATIC Hot- line.	
624	No recipe entries found.	Set up area pointers and retransfer configu- ration.	
625	Recipe number does not exist. Reconfigure recipe.		
626	No setpoints have been configured.		
627	Internal error	Correct the block number.	
	Configured keyboard block number too high.		
628	Recipe does not fit in mailboxes. Increase configured size of recipe n or succeeding recipe mailbox.		



Message	Cause	Remedy:	
636	Event message is not configured	Configure event message (-> message number) fully.	
640	Alarm message is not configured	Configure alarm message (-> message number).	
645	Internal error	Press key to restart.	
	PLC co-ordination area not receivable during startup.	If the fault is not corrected by performing a restart, please contact the SIMATIC Hot- line.	
649	<i>Internal error</i> Driver number configured can not be interpreted.	If the fault is not corrected by performing a restart, please contact the SIMATIC Hot- line.	
650	Missing area pointer.	Configure an area pointer.	
653	The configured user version number does not match the version number stored on the PLC.	Change configuration and retransfer.	
655	PLC acknowledgement area does not physically follow on from the alarm messages area (-> no startup).		
657	Configured PLC protocol is not possible.	Use current firmware version or configure different protocol.	
667	Configuration error:Variable x:1Data type is not DB2DB number is greater than 153DB length is greater than 10244DW is in data block header5Actual value not in send block6Setpoint not in receive block7Setpoint/actual value not in receive block8Initial value not in send block9Data type is not DB10DB number is greater than 1511DB length is greater than 102412DW is in data block header13Area is in wrong DB14Sum of data blocks too great	 x = 18: Change the configuration of the process link and retransfer. x = 913: Change configuration of area pointer and retransfer x = 14: Restrict configuration and retransfer. 	
668	 Incorrect configuration. Meaning of variables: 1: Incompatible PLC types configured 2: No PLC configured 3: Incorrect baud rate configured Too many actual values (> 512) have been configured for cyclic reading in a screen/variable. 	Change configuration and retransfer.	
670	Too many variables requested simultaneously.	Lengthen standard clock pulse or configure fewer variables on screen.	
671	Configuration of message variables incompatible. Differ- ences between configuration and PLC.	Check S7 programs, check message server configuration,	
672	Message not configured.	modify configuration and download again	
680	Selection of a recipe not defined in the project. Select a valid recipe.		



Message	Cause	Remedy:
681	Overload caused by too many variables (setpoints/actual values).	Check the interface parameters.
	Fault in connection between the OP and PLC.	
682	Incorrect interface parameters configured.	Configure fewer process links for the screen displayed.
683	Configuration error: upper limit = lower limit	Correct the limits and retransfer configura- tion.
684	Non-existent trend switch buffer requested.	Check PLC program/OP configuration.
		Only use trend request area 2 for trends with switch buffer.
701	Internal error	
	Incorrect assignment of "head -> res" when receiving variable.	
702	Job can not be executed.	Change interface or configure area pointer.
703	Flash memory full.	Restrict the configuration.
704	Incorrect CPU specified under "PLC -> Parameters".	Change configuration and retransfer.
706	Recipe request will not be processed as another request is already active.	
722	Internal error	
	Incorrect mailbox type received (OP15 -> OP5)	
723	Internal error	Change area pointer list.
	OP5: more than 500 messages are specified in the area pointer lists.	
724	Internal error	
	Mailbox type not implemented.	
771	Internal error	
	Error during communication (\rightarrow messages).	
779	Internal error	Reset and repeat MPI download.
	Internal error during MPI download; possibly due to buffer problems.	
780	Internal error	
	Undefined error from communication with PLC.	
781	An "Online Setter" function has been incorrectly defined in ProTool.	



Procedure for "internal errors"	In the case of all system messages that relate to "internal errors", please follow the procedure outlined below.
	a) Switch off the OP, set the PLC to STOP mode and then restart both units.
	b) During startup, set the OP to download mode, downlaad the configuration again and then restart the OP and PLC again.

c) If the fault recurs, please contact your nearest Siemens representative. When doing so, please quote the number of the error that has occurred and any variables referred to in the message.



D

SIMATIC HMI Documentation

Target groups

This manual is part of the SIMATIC HMI documentation. The documentation is aimed at the following target groups:

- Newcomers
- Users
- Configurers
- Programmers
- Commissioning engineers

How the documentation is organized

The SIMATIC HMI documentation consists of the following components:

- User's Guides / User's Manuals for:
 - Configuration software
 - Runtime software
 - Communication between PLCs and operating units
- Equipment Manuals for the following operating units:
 - MP (Multi Panel)
 - OP (Operator Panel)
 - TP (Touch Panel)
 - TD (Text Display)
 - PP (Push Button Panel)
- Online Help on the configuration software
- Start-up Guides
- First Steps

Overview of complete documentation

The following table provides an overview of the SIMATIC HMI documentation and shows you when you require the different documents.



Documentation	Target Group	Content
First Steps with ProTool Product Brief	Newcomers	 This documentation guides you step by step through the configuration of a screen with various objects changing from one screen to another a message. This documentation is available for: OP3, OP5, OP7, OP15, OP17 OP25, OP27, OP35, OP37, TP27, TP37 Windows-based systems
ProTool Configuring Windows-based Systems User's Guide	Configurers	 Provides information on working with the ProTool/Pro configuration software. It contains information on installation basic principles of configuration a detailed description of configurable objects and functions. This documentation is valid for Windows-based systems.
ProTool Configuring Graphics Displays User's Guide	Configurers	 Provides information on working with the ProTool configuration software. It contains information on installation basic principles of configuration a detailed description of configurable objects and functions. This documentation is valid for graphic display operating units.
ProTool Configuring Text-based Displays User's Guide	Configurers	 Provides information on working with the ProTool/Lite configuration software. It contains information on installation basic principles of configuration a detailed description of configurable objects and functions. This documentation is valid for text-based display operating units.
ProTool Online Help	Configurers	 Provides information on the configuration computer while working with ProTool. Online Help contains context-sensitive help detailed instructions and examples detailed information all the information from the user guide.
ProTool/Pro Runtime User's Guide	Commissioning en- gineers, Users	 Provides information on working with ProTool/Pro Runtime software. It contains installation of the ProTool/Pro Runtime visualization software commissioning and running the software on Windows-based systems.
Copy Protection Start–up Guide	Commissioning en- gineers, Users	The ProTool/Pro Runtime visualization software is a copy- right product. This manual contains information on the instal- lation, repair and uninstallation of authorizations.



Documentation	Target Group	Content
Application Example Start–up Guide	Newcomers	ProTool is supplied with example configurations and the corresponding PLC programs. This documentation describes how you
		• load the examplesonto the operating unit and PLC
		• run the examples and
		• upgrade the connection to the PLC to suit your own spe- cific application.
MP270 Equipment Manual	Commissioning en- gineers,	Describes the hardware and the general operation of Multi Panel MP270. It contains
	Users	• installation and commissioning instructions
		• a description of the equipment
		• operating instructions
		• instructions for connecting the PLC, printer and pro- gramming computer,
		• maintenanceinstructions.
OP37/Pro Equipment Manual	Commissioning en- gineers, Users	Describes the hardware, installation and inclusion of up- grades and options for the OP37/Pro.
TP27, TP37	Commissioning en-	Describes the hardware and general operation.
Equipment Manual	gineers,	It contains
OP27, OP37	Users	installation and commissioning instructions
Equipment Manual		• operating unit description
OP25, OP35, OP45		• connecting the PLC, printer and programming computer
Equipment Manual		• operating modes
OP7, OP17 Equipment Manual		• operation
OP5. OP15		• description of the standard screens supplied with the op-
Equipment Manual		erating unit and how to use them
TD17		• fitting options
Equipment Manual		• maintenance and fitting of spare parts.
OP3 Equipment Manual	Commissioning en- gineers, Users, Programmers	Describes the hardware of the OP3, its general operation and the connection to the SIMATIC S7.
PP7, PP17	Commissioning en-	Describes the hardware, installation and commissioning of
Equipment Manual	gineers, Users	push-button panels PP7 and PP17.
Communication	Programmers	Provides information on connecting text-based and graphics
User's Manual		displays to the following PLCs:
		• SIMATIC S5
		• SIMATIC S7
		• SIMATIC 500/505
		• drivers for other PLCs
		This documentation describes the
		• configuration and parameters required for connecting the devices to the PLC and the network
		• user data areas used for exchanging data between opera- tiong unit and PLC.



Documentation	Target Group	Content
Communication for Windows-based Systems	Programmers	Provides information on connecting Windows-based systems to the following PLCs:
User's Manual		SIMATIC S5
		SIMATIC S7
		• SIMATIC 505
		• Allen Bradley PLC 5/SLC 500
		This documentation describes the
		• configuration and parameters required for connecting devices to the PLC and the network
		• user data areas used for exchanging data between operat- ing unit and PLC.
Other PLCs	Programmers	Provides information on connecting devices to PLCs, such
Online Help		as:
		• Mitsubishi
		Allen Bradley
		• Telemecanique
		• Modicon
		• Omron
		SIMATIC WinLC
		When the drives are installed, the relevant Online Help is installed at the same time.
ProAgent for OP User's Manual	Configurers	Provides the following information about the ProAgent op- tional package (process diagnosis) for OPs
		• configuring system-specific process diagnosis
		• detecting, locating the cause of and eliminating process errors,
		• customizing standard diagnostic screens supplied with the software.



ESD Guidelines

What does ESD mean?

Virtually all present-day modules incorporate highly integrated MOS devices or components. For technological reasons, these electronic components are very sensitive to overvoltages and consequently therefore to electrostatic discharge:

These devices are referred to in German as Elektrostatisch Gefährdeten Bauelemente/ Baugruppen: "EGB"

The more frequent international name is:

"ESD" (Electrostatic Sensitive Device)

The following symbol on plates on cabinets, mounting racks or packages draws attention to the use of electrostatic sensitive devices and thus to the contact sensitivity of the assemblies concerned:



ESDs may be destroyed by voltages and energies well below the perception threshold of persons. Voltages of this kind occur as soon as a device or an assembly is touched by a person who is not electrostatically discharged. Devices exposed to such overvoltages cannot immediately be detected as defective in the majority of cases since faulty behavior may occur only after a long period of operation.

Precautions against electrostatic discharge Most plastics are capable of carrying high charges and it is therefore imperative that they be kept away from sensitive components.

When handling electrostatic sensitive devices, make sure that persons, workplaces and packages are properly grounded.



Handling ESD as- semblies	A general rule is that assemblies should be touched only when this cannot be avoided owing to the work that has to performed on them. Under no circum- stances should you handle printed-circuit boards by touching device pins or circuitry.			
	You should touch devices only if			
	• you are grounded by permanently wearing an ESD wrist strap or			
	• you are wearing ESD shoes or ESD shoe-grounding protection straps in conjunction with an ESD floor.			
	Before you touch an electronic assembly, your body must be discharged. The simplest way of doing this is to touch a conductive, grounded object immediately beforehand – for example, bare metal parts of a cabinet, water pipe etc.			
	Assemblies should not be brought into contact with charge-susceptible and highly insulating materials such as plastic films, insulating table tops and items of clothing etc. containing synthetic fibers.			
	Assemblies should be deposited only on conductive surfaces (tables with an ESD coating, conductive ESD cellular material, ESD bags, ESD shipping containers).			
	Do not place assemblies near visual display units, monitors or television sets (minimum distance to screen > 10 cm).			
Measuring and modifying ESD as- semblies	Perform measurements on ESD assemblies only when			
	• the measuring instrument is grounded – for example, by means of a protec- tive conductor – or			
	• the measuring head has been briefly discharged before measurements are made with a potential-free measuring instrument – for example, by touching a bare metal control cabinet.			
	When soldering, use only grounded soldering irons.			
Shipping ESD as- semblies	Always store and ship assemblies and devices in conductive packing – for example, metallized plastic boxes and tin cans.			
	If packing is not conductive, assemblies must be conductively wrapped before they are packed. You can use, for example, conductive foam rubber, ESD bags, domestic aluminum foil or paper (never use plastic bags or foils).			
	With assemblies containing fitted batteries, make sure that the conductive packing does not come into contact with or short-circuit battery connectors. If necessary, cover the connectors beforehand with insulating tape or insulating material.			



Glossary

Α

Alarm message	Calls attention to high-priority operating states and has therefore to be ac- knowledged.
Alarm time	Time between the arrival and departure of an alarm message.
Area pointer	Required for data exchange between the TP and the PLC. It contains informa- tion concerning the length and size of data areas on the PLC.
Arrival of a message	The point in time at which a message is issued by the PLC or TP.
Automation systems	PLCs of the SIMATIC S7 series – for example, SIMATIC S7-200/300/400)

В

Blanking	Automatic turn-off of display back lighting.
Boot	A load operation which transfers the operating system to working memory on the TP.
Button	Touch-sensitive area on the screen of a Touch Panel with configured function- ality. Buttons replace, among other things, system keys and function keys on the TP37.



Glossary-1

С

Configuration	Definition of system-specific basic settings, messages and screens using the ProTool configuration software.
Control Panel Interface	Option for Touch Panel with 16 (TP27–6) or 32 TP27–10/TP37) digital input/ outputs for fast key input without any communication–based delay. Can be used with SIMATIC S/ and PROFIBUS–DP.

D

Departure of a message	The point in time at which a message is withdrawn by the PLC.
Display function	Function causing the contents of the display to be modified – for example, Display Message Level, Display Alarm Buffer And Display Process Screen.
Download mode	Operating mode of the TP during which data are downloaded from the PU or PC to the TP.
Duration of display	The time between the arrival and departure of a message.

Ε

Event message	Draws attention to specific operating states on machines or systems connected
	to the PLC.

F

Field	Reserved area in configured and non-configurable text for the output and/or input of values.
Flash memory	Programmable memory which can quickly be deleted and then re-written.

н

Help text Additional, configurable information for messages, screens, screen entries and list boxes.

Glossary-2



L	
Loop-through mode	Operating mode of the TP. It covers normal operation and also handles com- munication between a PU or PC and the PLC via the TD. This operating mode is only possible when connection to the PLC is made via the AS511 protocol.
Μ	
Message log	Printout of alarm messages and event messages simultaneously with their out- put to the display.
Ν	
Normal mode	Operating mode of the TP during which messages can be displayed and screens can be controlled by the operator.
0	
Output field	Field for displaying a setpoint.
Р	
Password, Password level	To control a protected function, a password of a specific password level has to be entered. The password level determines the privileges of the operator. The requisite password level can be configured, 0 being the lowest level and 9 the highest.
PLC	Generic term for devices and systems with which the TP communicates – for example, SIMATIC S5/S7 or PCs).
PLC job	Function triggered by the PLC.
Printout	Output of the contents of the display to an attached printer.
Process screen	Representation of process values and process sequences in the form of screens, which may contain graphics, pieces of text and values.



Glossary-3

S	
Screen	Form of displaying logically associated process data which may be shown col- lectively on the TP and modified individually.
Selection field	Field for the value setting of a parameter (one value can be selected as the de- fault value).
Startup test	Checks the state of the CPU and memories every time the power supply volt- age is turned on.
System message	Calls attention to internal states on the TP and on the PLC.

Т

Touch Panel An Operator Panel without a keyboard. A Touch Panel is operated by means of its touch-sensitive screen.

Glossary-4



Index

Α

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